

Permit No.	Date	Document ID No.
55-04	November 4, 2008	6149

309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

Tel: (704) 358-7204
Fax: (704) 358-7205

October 8, 2008

RECEIVED

October 15, 2008

Solid Waste Section

Asheville Regional Office



Mr. Ming Chao, P.E.
NCDENR - Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Section - Permitting Branch
1646 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1646

135836

Subject: Revised Closure and Post-Closure Plan and updated Operations Plan for the BFI - Lake Norman Construction and Demolition Landfill Facility (Facility Permit No. 55-04)

Dear Mr. Chao:

On behalf of BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. an Allied Waste Industries, Inc. subsidiary, we are submitting a revised Closure and Post-Closure Plan for the Lake Norman Construction and Demolition (C&D) Landfill Facility (Facility Permit No. 55-04). This revised plan is a replacement of the Closure and Post-Closure Plan submitted on July 17, 2008. In addition, we are submitting an updated Operations Plan for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility for review by the Solid Waste Section. This updated Operations Plan was requested during a recent inspection of the landfill facility by Mooresville regional office field operations branch inspector. A duplicate of the updated Operations Plan is also being forwarded to Mr. Larry Frost in the Asheville Regional Office of the Solid Waste Section Permitting Branch.

If you have any questions, or need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact Mike Gurley with Allied Waste at (704) 782-2004 ext. 391 or myself at (704) 373-7127.

Sincerely,

BROWN AND CALDWELL

Albert Glenn, P.E.
Senior Engineer

Cc: Mr. Larry Frost, Asheville Regional Office of the Solid Waste Section.
Mr. Mike Gurley, Allied Waste Industries, Inc.

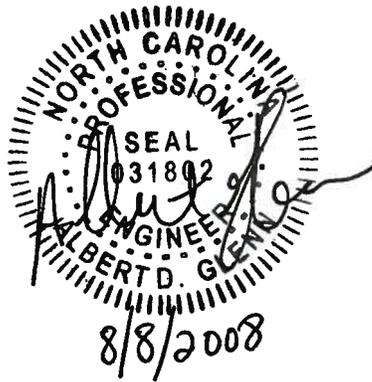
Enclosures: Revised Closure and Post-Closure Plan dated August 8, 2008.
Updated Operations Plan dated October 2008.

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN

Prepared for
BFI – Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.
Stanley, North Carolina
August 8, 2008

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
FOR THE
LAKE NORMAN CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION LANDFILL FACILITY

Prepared for
BFI – Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.
Stanley, North Carolina
August 8, 2008



BROWN AND CALDWELL

309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

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CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

1. CLOSURE PLAN

The requirements are contained in the North Carolina Solid Waste Management Regulations (15A NCAC 13B .0543) and in the Financial Assurance Rule of Solid Waste Management Facilities (15A NCAC 13B .0546) require that a closure and post-closure plan be submitted to the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) Division of Waste Management that details the activities that will be performed to satisfy the requirements of these regulations.

1.1 Closure Plan – 15 NCAC 13B .0543

All construction and demolition landfill facility (C&DLF) owners/operators shall prepare a closure plan that describes the steps necessary to close a C&DLF at any point during its active life as well as the steps necessary to facilitate final closure. In providing this information, the closure plan will assist the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility in achieving the goals of closure implementation, which are: prevent exposure of the disposed waste, minimize precipitation infiltration, and control the emission of landfill gas in order to protect human health and the environment. Specifically, this closure plan establishes: design criteria for the final cover system, a description of the landfill gas collection system, a closure sequence and construction schedule, construction costs, and other information relating to closure.

In accordance with 15 NCAC 13B .0542(n) the NCDENR Division of Waste Management approved closure plan shall be placed in the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility's operating record. The closure plan shall be reviewed and updated if any changes occur which require a deviation from the approved closure plan and submitted to the Division of Waste Management for approval.

1.2 Closure Schedule – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(d)(4)

The proposed closure schedule and estimated maximum area and inventory of waste is included as Table 1-1. In accordance with 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(5) the landfill facility may conduct partial closure of a portion of the C&DLF upon reaching final waste grades.

Table 1-1. Closure Schedule and Inventory of Waste

Maximum Landfill Area	Current Waste Inventory ⁽¹⁾	Remaining Disposal Airspace ⁽²⁾	Permitted Annual Waste Disposal Tonnage	Average Annual Waste Disposal Tonnage ⁽³⁾	Estimated Waste Density	Anticipated Landfill Closure Year ⁽⁴⁾ (Permitted Annual Tonnage)	Anticipated Landfill Closure Year ⁽⁴⁾ (Average Annual Tonnage)
31.77 acres	1,457,991 yd ³	1,137,572 yd ³	200,000 tons	110,520 tons	1,200 lbs/yd ³	2010	2013

Notes:

- (1) Waste inventory as of February 2008 based on aerial survey.
- (2) Volumes were calculated with a digital terrain model generated using Autodesk Civil 3D 2008 software.
- (3) Waste disposal rate is based on waste tonnage received for years 2007 & 2008.
- (4) Anticipated year of closure is an estimate only. Actual closure time frames will be determined as filling of the landfill progresses.

1.3 Closure Performance Standard – 15A NCAC 13B .0543(c)(1)

The landfill final cover system is designed to minimize infiltration of precipitation and erosion and the need for post-closure maintenance.

1.4 Landfill Closure – 15A NCAC 13B .0543

1.4.1 Plan Sheets

Closure Plan Engineering Drawings are provided in Appendix A showing cover layers and thickness, final slope topography, stormwater management, erosion and sediment controls, and associated details.

1.4.2 Closure Cap Description

The following provides a description of each layer of the landfill closure cap system. Details for the cap system are provided in the Engineering Drawings included in Appendix A. Technical specifications for the system are included in Appendix C.

- The cap system will consist of the following layers (listed from top to bottom):
 - An 18-inch Erosion Soil Layer consisting of soil capable of supporting native plant growth and designed to maintain vegetative growth over the landfill; and
 - An 18-inch Low-Permeability Soil Barrier Layer to minimize infiltration of precipitation through the closed landfill.

1.4.3 Intermediate/Operational Soil Cover

A 12-inch intermediate/operational soil cover layer will be placed over the in-place waste prior to placement of the cap system. The intermediate/operational soil cover layer will be placed in such a manner as to protect the integrity of the in-place waste and landfill closure cap system.

1.4.4 Soil Cap Construction

The closure cap system for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements within this plan and the Engineering Drawings and Technical Specifications included in Appendix A and Appendix C respectively.

1.4.5 Low-Permeability Soil Barrier Layer

The closure cap system low permeability soil barrier layer shall have a maximum permeability less than or equal to soils underlying the landfill or $1.0 * 10^{-5}$ cm/sec, whichever is less. According to soils testing information provided in the Construction Plan Application prepared by S&ME, Inc. dated February 20, 1998, the lowest permeability soils underlying the landfill had a hydraulic conductivity of $6.36 * 10^{-5}$ cm/sec. Therefore, the closure cap system for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill shall have a maximum permeability of $1.0 * 10^{-5}$ cm/sec.

1.4.6 Final Closure Slopes

The closure cover system will accommodate the differential settlement anticipated to occur during the post-closure period. The closure cover system will be placed on a slope of no less than 5 percent to promote

positive drainage and at a maximum slope of 33 percent. A closure system slope stability evaluation including calculations was completed for determining the static and seismic stability of the landfill final cover system and waste mass and is included in Appendix D. The stability evaluation concluded that the final cover system and waste mass met Federal EPA's guidance document 600/R-95/051 minimum factors of safety against slope failures of 1.5 for static loading and 1.0 for earthquake loading.

1.4.7 Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control

Proposed stormwater management and erosion and sediment control for the final closure conditions includes side-slope terrace benches, downchute inlets and piping, perimeter channels, sediment basins and sediment basin inlet and outlet structures, silt fencing and rip-rap aprons.

Applicable regulations and guidance used in the design of the erosion and sediment control system include the North Carolina Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual dated June 1, 2006. Plan and detail drawings for the stormwater management and erosion and sediment control systems are provided in Appendix A. Specific stormwater management and erosion and sedimentation control design information and calculations are provided in Appendix D.

1.4.8 Landfill Gas Management

In accordance with 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(2)(B) a passive gas venting system will be installed as part of the final closure cap system to minimize pressures exerted on the low-permeability soil barrier layer of the cap system. The approximate locations and details of the venting system are provided in the Engineering Drawings included in Appendix A.

1.4.9 Construction Quality Assurance

Procedures, observations, and tests required during construction of the landfill closure cap system are included in the Construction Quality Assurance Plan located in Appendix B.

1.5 Schedule for Landfill Closure – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(5)

The Lake Norman C&D Landfill will be developed in a single phase divided into multiple cells. Each cell has the waste disposal capacity for approximately one year of life. Final landfill closure procedures will begin when the filling operations have reached the proposed final waste grades. An estimate of landfill area that has reached final waste grade will be determined annually by a surveyor during the active life of the facility.

Upon reaching final waste grades, all areas will be covered with a minimum of 12 inches of intermediate/operational soil and then seeded. These areas will be inspected quarterly and after every major storm event for excessive erosion, and will be repaired accordingly. These areas will be maintained until the construction of the closure cap system.

The landfill facility is anticipated to be closed with a cap system as shown on the proposed closure schedule provided in Table 1-1. The cap system construction will be initiated when waste placement reaches final grades. The facility will perform an aerial survey each year and will determine areas that have reached final waste grade elevation.

Table 1-1 presents a schedule for completing all activities necessary to satisfy the closure criteria. The schedule presented in Table 1-1 is based upon the final waste grades presented in the Drawings included in the Lake Norman C&D Landfill's Operations Plan. This schedule does not reflect any variations to the filling rate or filling sequence which are likely to occur during the life of the facility.

When the landfill has reached final waste grades the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility shall initiate the closure process no later than 30 days after the final receipt of waste. However, if the area has not reached permitted final grades and there is reasonable likelihood that additional waste will be received, then closure activities must begin no later than one year after the most recent receipt of wastes. The Division of Waste Management may grant extensions beyond the one year deadline for beginning closure if Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility demonstrates the area has additional capacity and the facility has implemented measures to protect human health and the environment.

According to 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(6), Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility shall complete all closure activities of each C&DLF unit in accordance with the closure plan within 180 days following the beginning of closure activities. Extensions of the closure period may be granted by the Division of Waste Management if the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility demonstrates that closure will, of necessity, take longer than 180 days and the facility has taken and will continue to take all steps to prevent threats to human health and the environment from the unclosed C&DLF unit.

1.6 Security and Posting

The site security fencing around the perimeter of the landfill facility property will be maintained. All gates will remain locked to prevent unauthorized entry to the site. The site will be properly posted with signage to clearly delineate the limits of the landfill.

1.7 Closure Certification – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(7)

Upon closure of the C&DLF, Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility will provide a certification from a North Carolina registered professional engineer verifying that the closure activities have been completed in accordance with the regulatory approved closure plan. The certification will be submitted with the results of the construction quality assurance program.

1.8 Notification – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(8)

In accordance with 15 NCAC 13B .0543(c)(8), following closure of all C&DLF units, Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility shall record a notation on the deed to the landfill facility property, or some other instrument that is normally examined during title search, and notify the Division of Waste Management that the notation has been recorded and a copy has been placed in the facility's operating record. The notation on the deed shall, in perpetuity, notify any potential purchaser of the property that the land has been used as a landfill facility and that its future use is restricted to the planned post-closure property uses presented in the post-closure plan. Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility will also notify Lincoln County's Register of Deeds office as the local land recording authority.

1.9 Financial Assurance – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(d)(5)

A cost estimate for hiring a third party to close the entire 31.77 acre Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility has been prepared and included in Appendix E. Each year, the estimate will be adjusted according to the areas of the landfill that are operational and closed, for inflation and to reflect any changes to the closure plan.

The latest closure financial assurance cost estimate prepared on May 30, 2008 for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility is included in Appendix E. The May 30, 2008 closure financial assurance cost estimate was prepared for the area of the landfill that is operational which is approximately 18.4 acres.

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

2. POST-CLOSURE PLAN

15 NCAC 13B .0543 of the State of North Carolina Administrative Code and North Carolina Department of Natural Resources (NCDENR) Solid Waste Management (SWM) Regulations requires all construction and demolition landfill (C&DLF) owners/operators to prepare a post-closure plan detailing activities to be performed to satisfy the requirements of the code. The purpose of the plan is to provide the necessary information for preserving the integrity of the landfill facility during the post-closure period. This post-closure plan specifically addresses monitoring and maintenance activities for the final cover system, landfill gas venting and monitoring systems, groundwater and surface water monitoring locations and stormwater management system to be installed at the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility. This plan also addresses certification and financial assurance requirements.

Post-closure care will begin immediately following final or partial closure of the landfill and continue for a period of 30 years. The post-closure care period may be decreased from the minimum time period of 30 years specified in the regulations if the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility can demonstrate that the facility poses no threat to human health or the environment.

2.1 Maintenance & Monitoring Activities – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)

Following final closure of each C&DLF unit, Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility shall conduct post-closure care for a minimum of 30 years, except as provided 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)(2). At a minimum, post-closure care shall consist of the activities as detailed below.

2.2 Final Cover System – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)(1)(A)

Inspection of the final cover system will take place quarterly. The inspection will consist of a field survey of the entire final cover system. Items of concern to be noted by the inspector include, but are not limited to: settlement, subsidence and signs of erosion. Following each inspection, a summary report of the condition of the final cover and the items requiring repair or maintenance shall be recorded on an inspection form and filed in the post-closure log book for the facility. Areas that require further attention should be photographed and delineated on a map of the facility and attached to the inspection report. Since post-closure inspection personnel will most likely change during the post-closure period, the post-closure log book should be kept in a standardized format as part of the operating record of the facility so that new inspection personnel may easily review the results of past post-closure inspections of the site.

Action should be taken immediately to address any items of concern identified during the inspection. Obvious repair items should be performed under the supervision of the post-closure maintenance manager.

Maintenance required for the final cover is anticipated to be minimal. The vegetative cover shall be mowed as required.

2.3 Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)(1)(B)

A site-specific groundwater monitoring program will be maintained for the landfill throughout the post-closure care period in accordance with Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility's Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring Plan, as amended and 15 NCAC 13B .0544 and .0545. The program will monitor the groundwater and surface water at the landfill on a semi-annual basis and verify that the landfill is functioning as intended, as well as provide an early warning system in the unlikely event of a release. If contamination is found in the groundwater or surface water, the action required will be determined at that time, based on the extent and concentration of the release. Copies of all required monitoring tests and reports will be provided to the facility's operating record during the landfill's post-closure care period.

A list of groundwater monitoring parameters, sampling frequencies and reporting requirements are provided in the facilities Groundwater Monitoring Plan, as amended. The groundwater monitoring wells identified therein will require sampling during the post-closure care period.

Each time water levels are measured or a groundwater sample is collected, the integrity of the monitoring well will be inspected. A record of each inspection will be made and kept within the landfill facility's operating record. The following will be recorded during each inspection:

- Check well identification and make sure it is clearly marked;
- Check the protective casing for damage or corrosion;
- Check the concrete surface seals for cracks;
- Check the casing lock; and,
- View the well casing and check for damage.

If any damage is detected, the well will be repaired, or if repair is not possible, replaced before the next scheduled sample event.

2.4 Landfill Gas Monitoring – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)(1)(B)

A site-specific landfill gas monitoring program will be maintained for the landfill throughout the post-closure care period in accordance with Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility's Landfill Gas Monitoring Plan, as amended and 15 NCAC 13B .0544. The program will monitor the landfill gas at the landfill facility's property boundary to verify that the landfill gas concentrations do not exceed the lower explosive limit (LEL) for methane or other explosive gases. If methane concentrations are detected to exceed the LEL at the facility's property boundary, the facility will immediately take all steps necessary to ensure protection of human health and notify the Division. In addition, within seven days of detection, place in the operating record the methane or explosive gas levels detected and a description of the steps taken to protect human health; and within 60 days of detection, implement a remediation plan for the methane or explosive gas releases, place a copy of the plan in the operating record, and notify the Division of Waste Management that the plan has been implemented. The plan must describe the nature and extent of the problem and the proposed remedy.

2.5 Name of Individual Responsible for Post-Closure Care – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(f)(2)

Mr. Mike Gurley, Environmental Manager for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility will be responsible for operations and maintenance of the site during the post-closure period. Mr. Gurley can be reached at the following address and telephone number:

BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.
5105 Morehead Road
Concord, North Carolina 28027
Phone: 704-782-2004 Ext. 391

This plan will be updated to reflect changes in the responsible party.

2.6 Post-Closure Security

During the post-closure period the site security fencing will be maintained. All gates will remain locked to prevent unauthorized entry to the site.

2.7 Planned Use of Landfill after Closure – 15 NCAC 13B. 0543(f)(3)

Post-closure use of the property shall not disturb the integrity of the final cover system or any other components of the containment system, or the function of the monitoring systems. The Division of Waste Management may approve any disturbance of these systems if the owner or operator demonstrates that disturbance of the final cover system or other component of the containment system, including any removal of waste, will not increase the potential threat to human health or the environment.

There are no planned uses for the landfill site after closure. The property will continue to be owned and maintained by BFI – Lake Norman Landfill, Inc., with public access prohibited. If at some later date, BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. wishes to propose alternative end uses for the facility, this plan will be revised accordingly.

2.8 Notification – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(e)(3)

Following completion of the post-closure care period, BFI – Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. shall notify the Division of Waste Management that a certification, signed by a North Carolina registered professional engineer, verifying that post-closure care has been completed in accordance with the regulatory approved post-closure plan and has been placed in the landfill facility's operating record.

2.9 Financial Assurance – 15 NCAC 13B .0543(f)(4)

A cost estimate for hiring a third party to provide post-closure care and monitoring for the entire 31.77 acre Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility has been prepared and included in Appendix E. The cost estimate is based on 30 years of post-closure care for the entire facility. Each year, the estimate will be adjusted according to the areas of the landfill that are operational and closed, for inflation and to reflect any changes to the post-closure plan. Each year adjusted post-closure care financial assurance cost estimate will be placed in the landfill facility's operating record.

The latest post-closure care financial assurance cost estimate prepared on May 30, 2008 for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility is included in Appendix E. The May 30, 2008 post-closure financial assurance cost estimate was prepared for the area of the landfill that is operational which is approximately 18.4 acres.

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

3. LIMITATIONS

3.1 Report Limitations

This document was prepared solely for BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. / Allied Waste Services, Inc. in accordance with professional standards at the time the services were performed and in accordance with the contract between BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. / Allied Waste Services, Inc. and Brown and Caldwell dated July 11, 2008. This document is governed by the specific scope of work authorized by BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. / Allied Waste Services, Inc.; it is not intended to be relied upon by any other party except for regulatory authorities contemplated by the scope of work. We have relied on information or instructions provided by BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc. / Allied Waste Services, Inc. and other parties and, unless otherwise expressly indicated, have made no independent investigation as to the validity, completeness, or accuracy of such information.

APPENDIX A: ENGINEERING DRAWINGS

- Drawing No C1 Aerial Site Photograph**
- Drawing No C2 Existing Site Conditions**
- Drawing No C3 Current Waste Grades and Proposed Subgrade**
- Drawing No C4 Proposed Closure Grades**
- Drawing No C5 Proposed Closure Stormwater and Erosion & Sediment Control Plan**
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- Drawing No C12 Stormwater and Erosion & Sediment Control Details – Sheet 3**
- Drawing No C13 Stormwater and Erosion & Sediment Control Details – Sheet 4**

BROWN AND CALDWELL

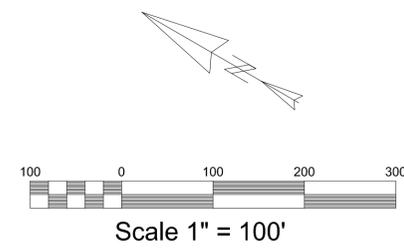
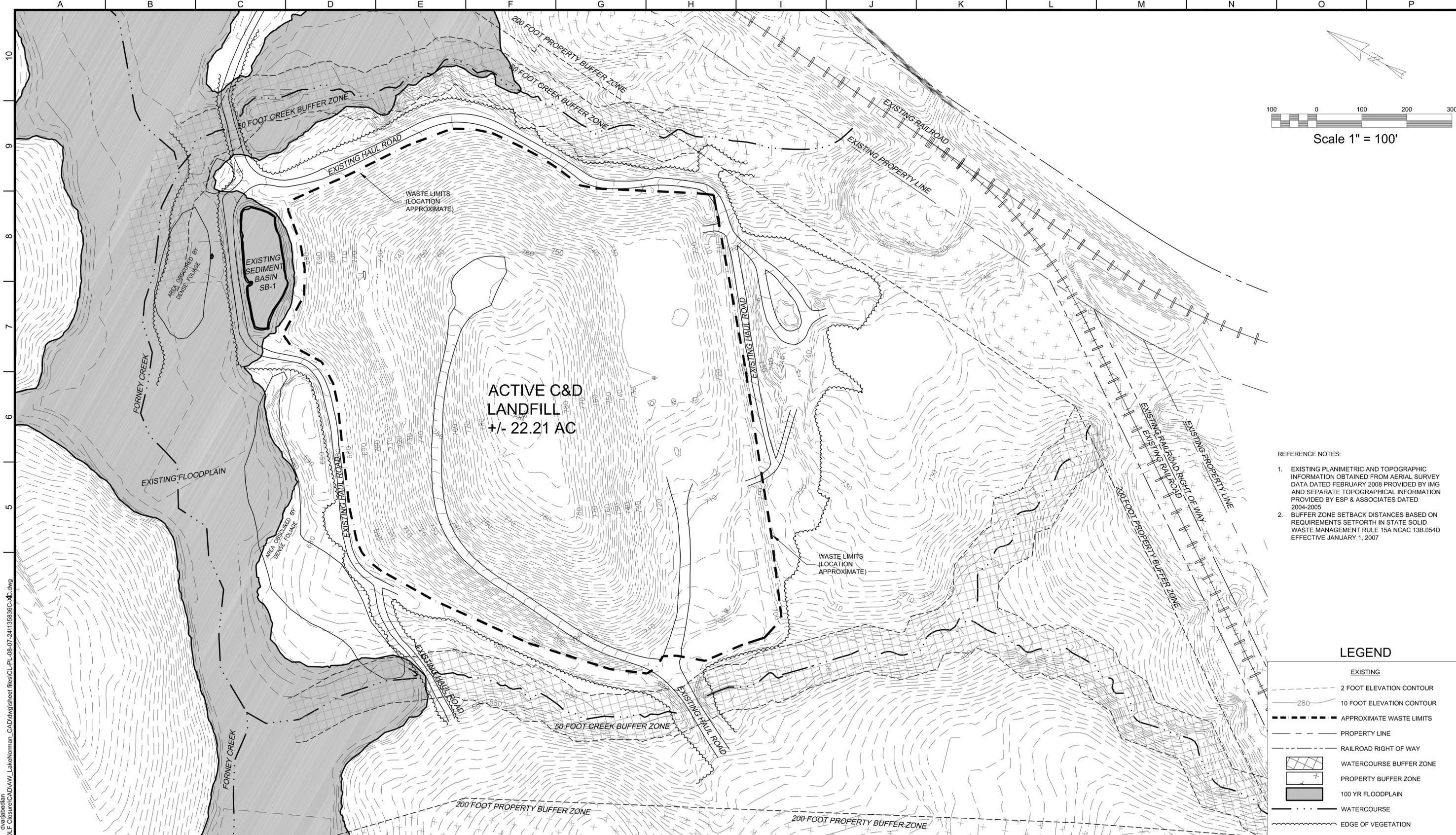
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- REFERENCE NOTES:
1. EXISTING PLANIMETRIC AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM AERIAL SURVEY DATA DATED FEBRUARY 2008 PROVIDED BY IMG AND SEPARATE TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ESP & ASSOCIATES DATED 2004-2005
 2. BUFFER ZONE SETBACK DISTANCES BASED ON REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULE 15A NCAC 13B.054D EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007

LEGEND

	EXISTING
	2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	APPROXIMATE WASTE LIMITS
	PROPERTY LINE
	RAILROAD RIGHT OF WAY
	WATERCOURSE BUFFER ZONE
	PROPERTY BUFFER ZONE
	100 YR FLOODPLAIN
	WATERCOURSE
	EDGE OF VEGETATION

BROWN AND CALDWELL
 Environmental Engineering and Consulting
 309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202 (704) 358-7204

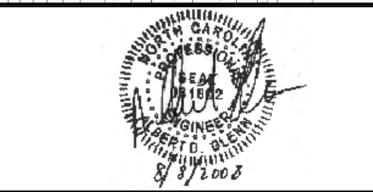
DESIGNED: CJM
 DRAWN: DCV
 CHECKED: ADG

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____
 BROWN AND CALDWELL

LINE IS 2 INCHES AT FULL SIZE (IF NOT 2" - SCALE ACCORDINGLY)

EXTERNAL REFERENCES

135836-BS-D.dwg
135836-V-ET.dwg



REVISIONS

ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	APP.

BFI - LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY
 7099 QUARRY LANE, STANLEY, NC

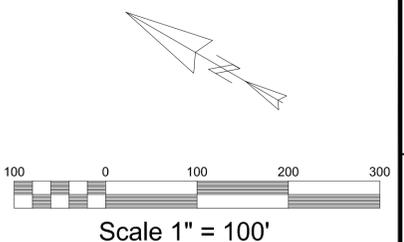
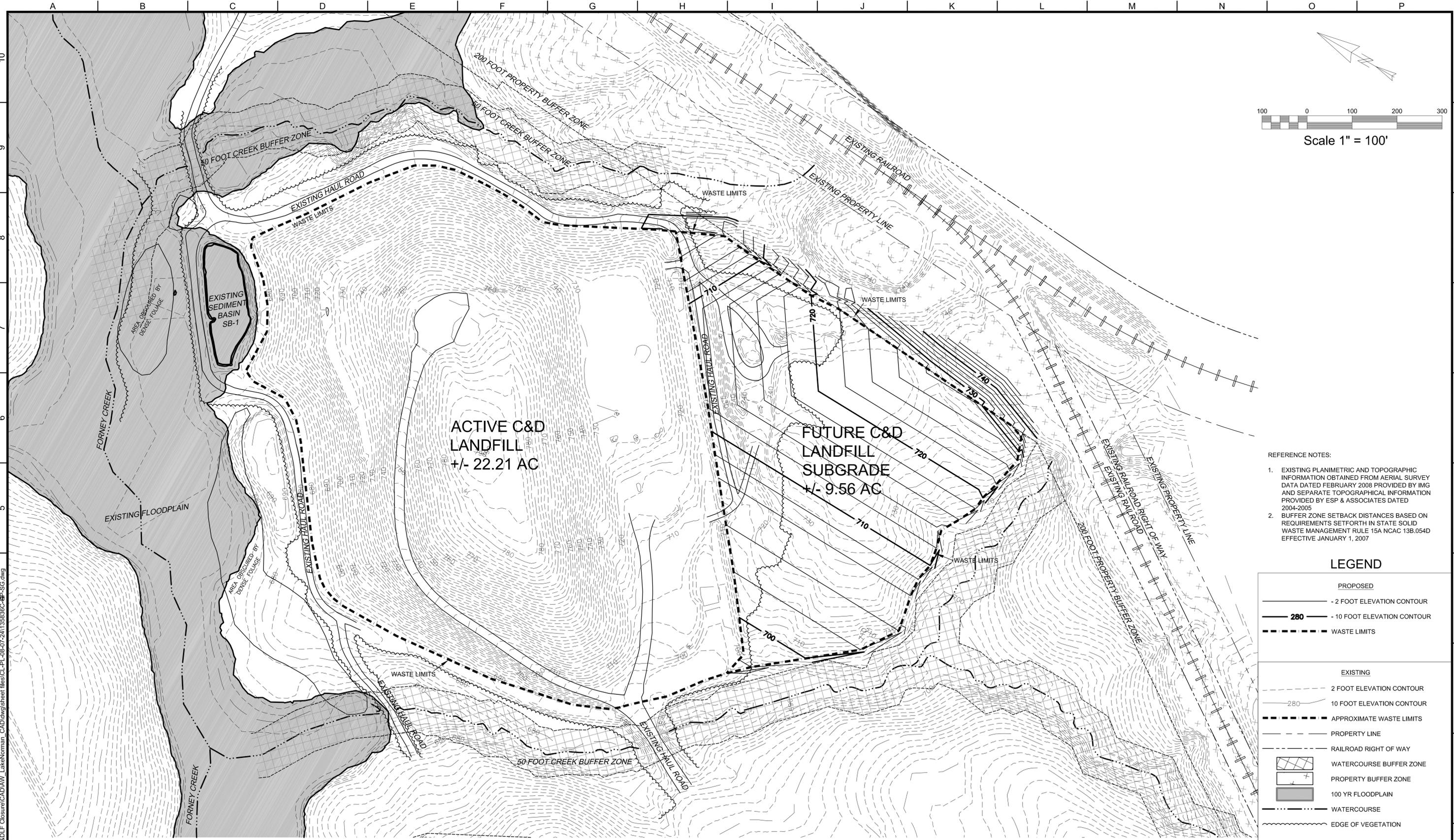
FACILITY PERMIT NUMBER 55-04

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
 EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

FILENAME	135836C-XC
BC PROJECT NUMBER	135836
SCALE	1"=100'
DRAWING NUMBER	C2
SHEET NUMBER	2 OF 13

135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&D Lagoon Closure CAD/AMW_LakeNorman_CAD.dwg (sheet files) CL-PL-09-07-241135836C.dwg
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- REFERENCE NOTES:
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 - BUFFER ZONE SETBACK DISTANCES BASED ON REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULE 15A NCAC 13B.054D EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007

LEGEND	
PROPOSED	
	- 2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- 10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- WASTE LIMITS
EXISTING	
	2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	APPROXIMATE WASTE LIMITS
	PROPERTY LINE
	RAILROAD RIGHT OF WAY
	WATERCOURSE BUFFER ZONE
	PROPERTY BUFFER ZONE
	100 YR FLOODPLAIN
	WATERCOURSE
	EDGE OF VEGETATION

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 DRAWN: DCV
 CHECKED: ADG

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____

EXTERNAL REFERENCES
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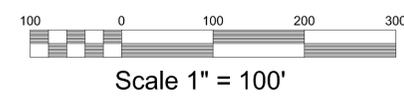
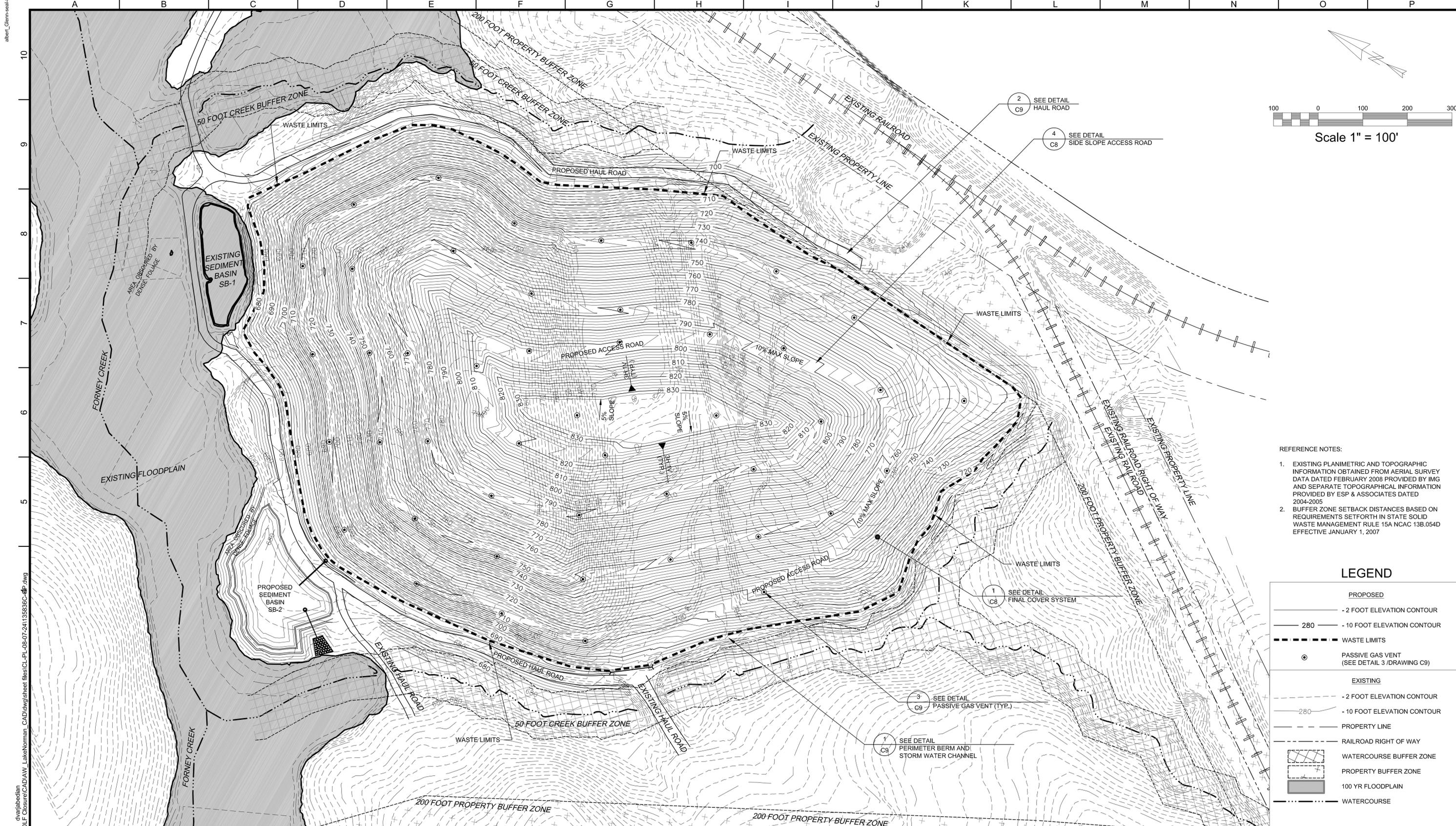
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ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	APP.

BFI - LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY
 7099 QUARRY LANE, STANLEY, NC

FACILITY PERMIT NUMBER 55-04

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
 CURRENT WASTE GRADES AND
 PROPOSED FUTURE SUBGRADE
 LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

FILENAME	135836C-GP-SG
BC PROJECT NUMBER	135836
SCALE	1"=100'
DRAWING NUMBER	C3
SHEET NUMBER	3 OF 13



- REFERENCE NOTES:
1. EXISTING PLANIMETRIC AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM AERIAL SURVEY DATA DATED FEBRUARY 2008 PROVIDED BY IMG AND SEPARATE TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ESP & ASSOCIATES DATED 2004-2005
 2. BUFFER ZONE SETBACK DISTANCES BASED ON REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULE 15A NCAC 13B.054D EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007

LEGEND

PROPOSED	
	- 2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- 10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	WASTE LIMITS
	PASSIVE GAS VENT (SEE DETAIL 3 /DRAWING C9)
EXISTING	
	- 2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- 10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	PROPERTY LINE
	RAILROAD RIGHT OF WAY
	WATERCOURSE BUFFER ZONE
	PROPERTY BUFFER ZONE
	100 YR FLOODPLAIN
	WATERCOURSE

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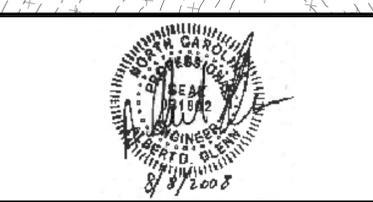
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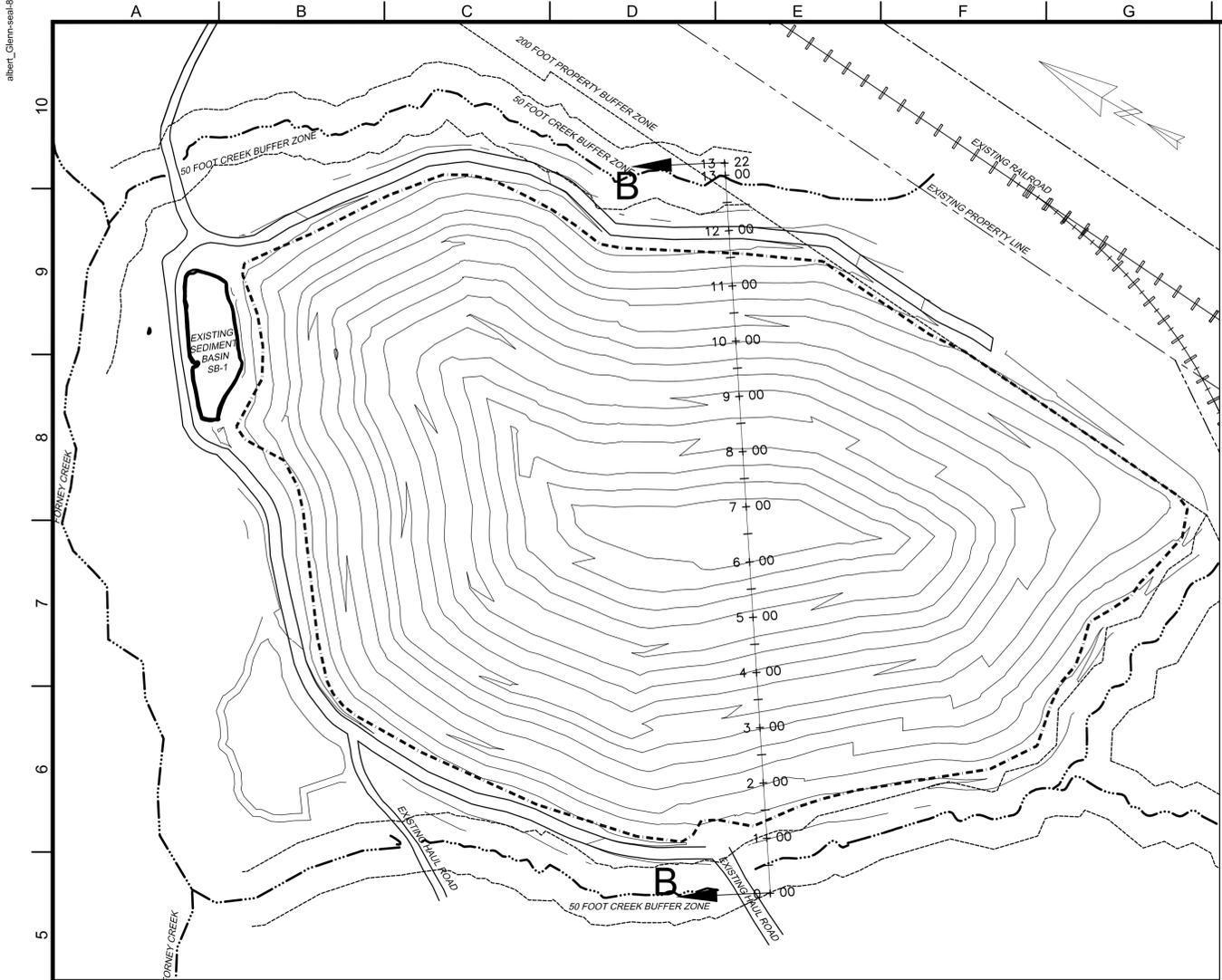
FACILITY PERMIT NUMBER 55-04

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
 PROPOSED CLOSURE GRADES

LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

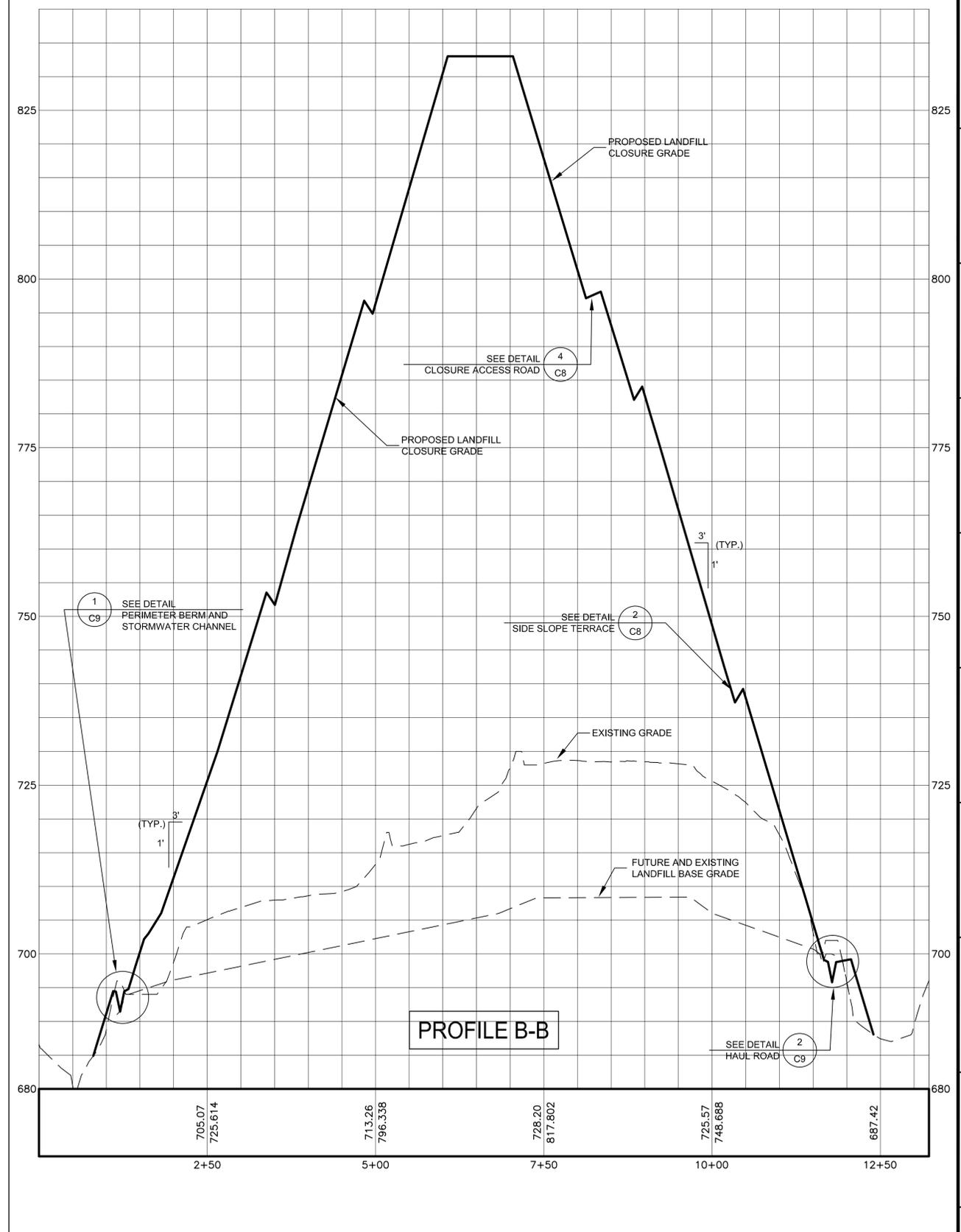
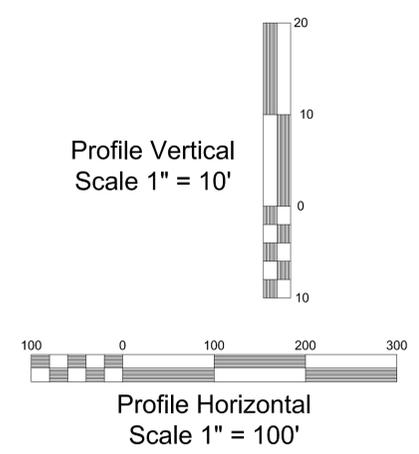
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SCALE	1"=100'
DRAWING NUMBER	C4
SHEET NUMBER	4 OF 13

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PLAN VIEW
SCALE: 1" = 150'

REFERENCE NOTE:
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PROFILE B-B

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PROJECT MANAGER

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____
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EXTERNAL REFERENCES
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REVISIONS					
ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	APP.

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FACILITY PERMIT NUMBER 55-04

CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
CLOSURE PROFILE B-B

LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

FILENAME 135836C-PR
BC PROJECT NUMBER 135836
SCALE AS SHOWN
DRAWING NUMBER C7
SHEET NUMBER 7 OF 13

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DEFINITION: Controlling runoff and erosion on disturbed areas by establishing perennial vegetative cover with seed.

PURPOSE: To reduce erosion and decrease sediment yield from disturbed areas, and to permanently stabilize such areas in a manner that is economical, adapts to site conditions, and allows selection of the most appropriate plant materials.

SPECIFICATIONS: SEEDBED REQUIREMENTS
 Establishment of vegetation should not be attempted on sites that are unsuitable due to inappropriate soil texture (NC Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual, 1988), poor drainage, concentrated overland flow, or steepness of slope until measures have been taken to correct these problems.

To maintain a good stand of vegetation, the soil must meet certain minimum requirements as a growth medium. The existing soil should have these criteria:

- Enough fine-grained (silt and clay) material to maintain adequate moisture and nutrient supply (available water capacity of at least .05 inches water to 1 inch of soil).
- Sufficient pore space to permit root penetration.
- Sufficient depth of soil to provide an adequate root zone. The depth to rock or impermeable layers such as hardpans should be 12 inches or more, except on slopes steeper than 2:1 where the addition of soil is not feasible.
- A favorable pH range for plant growth, usually 6.0 - 6.5.
- Free from large roots, branches, stones, large clods of earth, or trash of any kind. Clods and stones may be left on slopes steeper than 3:1 if they are to be hydroseeded.

If any of the above criteria are not met - i.e., if existing soil is too coarse, dense, shallow or acidic to foster vegetation - special amendments are required. The soil conditioners described below may be beneficial or, preferably, topsoil may be applied.

SEEDBED PREPARATION
 Install necessary mechanical erosion and sedimentation control practices before seeding, and complete grading according to the approved plan.

Lime and fertilizer needs should be determined by soil tests. Soil testing is performed free of charge by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture soil testing laboratory. Directions, sample cartons, and information sheets are available through county Agricultural Extension offices or from NCDA. Because the NCDA soil testing lab requires 1-6 weeks for sample turn-around, sampling must be planned well in advance of final grading. Testing is also done by commercial laboratories.

When soil tests are not available, follow rates suggested in the seeding specifications shown at right. Application rates usually fall into the following ranges:

- Ground agricultural limestone:
 Light-textured, sandy soils: 1 to 1-1/2 tons/acre
 Heavy-textured, clayey soils: 2-3 tons/acre
- Fertilizer:
 Grasses: 800-1200 lb/acre of 10-10-10 (or the equivalent)
 Grass-legume mixtures: 800-1200 lb/acre of 5-10-10 (or the equivalent)

Apply lime and fertilizer evenly and incorporate into the top 4-6 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Operate machinery on the contour. When using a hydroseeder, apply lime and fertilizer to a rough, loose surface.

Roughen surfaces prior to seeding.

Complete seedbed preparation by breaking up large clods and raking into a smooth, uniform surface (slopes less than 3:1). Fill in or level depressions that can collect water. Broadcast seed into a freshly loosened seedbed that has not been sealed by rainfall.

SEEDING
 Seeding dates given in the seeding mixture specifications are designated as "best" or "possible". Seedings properly carried out within the "best" dates have a high probability of success. It is also possible to have satisfactory establishment when seeding outside these dates. However, as you deviate from them, the probability of failure increases rapidly. Seeding on the last date shown under "possible" may reduce changes of success by 30-50%. Always take this into account in scheduling land-disturbing activities.

Use certified seed for permanent seeding whenever possible. Certified seed is inspected by the North Carolina Crop Improvement Association. It meets published North Carolina Standards and should bear an official "Certified Seed" label.

Labeling of non-certified seed is also required by law. Labels contain important information on seed purity, germination, and presence of weed seeds. Seeds must meet State standards for content of noxious weeds. Do not accept seed containing "prohibited" noxious weed seed.

Inoculate legume seed with the Rhizobium bacteria appropriate to the species of legume.

Apply seed uniformly with a cyclone seeder, drop-type spreader, drill, cultipacker seeder, or hydroseeder on a firm, friable seedbed.

When using a drill or cultipacker seeder, plant small grains no more than 1 inch deep, grasses and legumes no more than 1/2 inch. Equipment should be calibrated in the field for the desired seeding rate.

When using broadcast-seeding methods, subdivide the area into workable sections and determine the amount of seed needed for each section. Apply one-half the seed while moving back and forth across the area, making a uniform pattern; then apply the second half in the same way, but moving at right angles to the first pass.

Mulch all plantings immediately after seeding.

HYDROSEEDING
 Surface roughening is particularly important when hydroseeding, as a roughened slope will provide some natural coverage for lime, fertilizer, and seed. The surface should not be compacted or smooth. Fine seedbed preparation is not necessary for hydroseeding operations: large clods, stones, and irregularities provide cavities in which seeds can lodge.

Rate of wood fiber (cellulose) application should be at least 2,000 lb/acre.

Apply legume inoculates at four times the recommended rate when adding inoculate to a hydroseeder slurry.

If a machinery breakdown of 1/2 to 2 hours occurs, add 50% more seed to the tank, based on the proportion of the slurry remaining. This should compensate for damage to seed. Beyond 2 hours, a full rate of new seed may be necessary.

Lime is not normally applied with a hydraulic seeder because it is abrasive. It can be blown onto steep slopes in dry form.

MAINTENANCE:
 Generally, a stand of vegetation cannot be determined to be fully established until soil cover has been maintained for one full year from planting, inspect seeded areas for failure and make necessary repairs and reseedings within the same season, if possible.

Reseeding—If a stand has inadequate cover, re-evaluate choice of plant materials and quantities of lime and fertilizer. Re-establish the stand after seedbed preparation or over-seed the stand. Consider seeding temporary, annual species if the time of year is not appropriate for permanent seeding.

If vegetation fails to grow, soil must be tested to determine if acidity or nutrient imbalance is responsible.

Fertilization—On the typical disturbed site, full establishment usually requires refertilization in the second growing season. Fine turf requires annual maintenance fertilization. Use soil tests if possible or follow the guidelines given for the specific seeding mixture.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

AREAS LEFT DISTURBED FOR LONGER THAN 30 DAYS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR:

Time Period	Item	Rate of Application (lb./acre)
January 1 to May 1	Rye (Grain)	120
	Annual Lespedeza (Kobe)	50
	Limestone	2,000
	10-10-10 Fertilizer	750
	Nitrogen (March only)	50
May 1 to August 15	Mulch	4,000
	German Millet	40
	Limestone	2,000
	10-10-10 Fertilizer	750
August 15 to December 30	Mulch	4,000
	Rye (Grain)	120
	Limestone	2,000
	10-10-10 Fertilizer	750

If it is necessary to extend temporary cover beyond June 15, the area should be overseeded with 50 lb/acre of Kobe lespedeza in latter February or early March.

Soil amendments
 Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Mulch
 Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor mulch by tacking with asphalt, roving or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

Maintenance
 Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

Time Period	Item	Rate of Application (lb./acre)
August 20 to October 25	Tall Fescue	100
	Sericea Lespedeza	30
	Kobe Lespedeza	10
	Common Bermuda or Pensacola Bahia	10/25
	Limestone	4,000
	10-10-10 Fertilizer	1,000
	Mulch	4,000 to 5,000
February 1 to April 15	Tall Fescue	100
	Sericea Lespedeza	30
	Kobe Lespedeza	10
	Limestone	4,000
	10-10-10 Fertilizer	1,000
	Mulch	4,000 to 5,000

Soil amendments
 Apply lime and fertilizer according to soil tests, or apply 4,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 1,000 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Mulch
 Apply 4,000-5,000 lb/acre grain straw or equivalent cover of another suitable mulching material. Anchor mulch by tacking with asphalt, roving, or netting. Netting is the preferred anchoring method on steep slopes.

Maintenance
 Refertilize in the second year unless growth is fully adequate. May be mowed one or twice a year, but mowing is not necessary. Reseed, fertilize, and mulch damaged areas immediately.

SEEDING SPECIFICATION

DETAIL 1
C13

NOT TO SCALE

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										SHEET NUMBER 13 OF 13	

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APPENDIX B: CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN

BROWN AND CALDWELL

B

Use of contents on this sheet is subject to the limitations specified at the end of this document.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN

Prepared for
BFI – Lake Norman C&D Landfill,
Stanley, North Carolina
August 8, 2008

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN

BFI – Lake Norman C&D Landfill, Stanley, North Carolina

August 8, 2008

BROWN AND CALDWELL

309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160

Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

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CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

1. PROJECT TEAM AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Construction Quality Assurance (CQA) for construction of the Lake Norman Construction and Demolition (C&D) Landfill Closure will be provided by an engineering and testing firm independent of the Contractor specializing in the construction installation observations and testing of soils, geosynthetics, piping, and erosion control measures. Applicable sections of the Technical Specifications shall be adhered to for required construction and testing activities.

1.1 CQA Project Team

1.1.1 Design Engineer of Record

The Design Engineer of Record (Engineer) is responsible for defining quality assurance requirements compatible with the project objectives, reviewing and approving shop drawings, outlining procedures for the analysis of test data and preparing quality assurance memoranda and quality assurance reports. The Engineer is responsible for design changes (as approved by the State Solid Waste Section), clarifications, and specification addenda. The Engineer also has the ultimate responsibility for approving or disapproving any element of the project. The responsibility to stop work is held by the Owner. CQA documents will be prepared, signed and sealed by the Engineer, assuming the CQA firm is the same as the design firm. The Engineer shall review field and laboratory test data before the data are reported or entered into the data base for analysis. The Engineer will be a registered Professional Engineer in the State of North Carolina and will report to the owner.

1.1.2 Construction Quality Assurance Officer

The Construction Quality Assurance Officer (CQAO) will be experienced in quality assurance testing and monitoring. The CQAO will report to the Engineer and can be one and the same individual. The CQAO serves as the on-site representative of the Owner and is responsible for the field implementation of the approved quality assurance program as follows:

- Monitor the quality assurance activities of the field testing and conformance with test procedures and the Technical Specifications;
- Inform the Engineer of non-conformance to the approved CQA program;
- Inventory of geosynthetic materials delivered to site for use on this project;
- Assign and direct field technicians; and,
- Maintain an awareness of the overall field testing operation to identify conditions that may jeopardize the quality of testing.

1.1.3 Engineering Technicians

The engineering technicians (technicians) are responsible for field observations and testing under the direction of the CQAO. Technicians will be assigned to the project as deemed necessary by the CQAO. Technicians will be under the direct supervision of the CQAO.

1.2 Pre-Construction Meeting

A pre-construction meeting shall be conducted prior to the start of construction. The meeting shall include, but not be limited to, discussion of:

- Project safety;
- The construction management organization;
- Respective duties of the construction management organization and the Contractors;
- Proposed construction schedule;
- Testing requirements and procedures; and,
- The periodic reporting requirements for test results and construction activities.

1.3 Progress Meetings

Progress meetings will be held on a weekly basis, or as needed, between the Owner, Engineer, the CQAO, the Contractor, and representatives of other involved parties. The status of the project, planned activities for the following week, and construction-related issues will be discussed.

1.4 Troubleshooting Meetings

If problems develop or should deficiencies arise during construction, troubleshooting meetings shall be held between the Owner, Engineer, the CQAO, the Contractor, and representatives of other involved parties. The problem(s) shall be defined and a resolution shall be discussed.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

2. STRUCTURAL FILL

2.1 Material

Structural fill is defined as compacted soil fill required for landfill closure grading including perimeter berms, surface water control systems, roadways or other systems not intended to function as a landfill barrier system. Structural fill may consist of on-site or off-site soils that are free of organic material, refuse or debris and shall be constructed and compacted so as to meet the requirements outlined in Section 02274 of the Technical Specifications.

2.2 Construction

Structural fill will be compacted in lifts not exceeding 6 inches compacted thickness. The Engineer may modify maximum allowable lift thickness depending on soil type used, construction equipment and methods employed.

2.3 Observations

Prior to fill placement, the base surface or surface of the previous lift shall be visually observed. The borrow soils used for construction shall be monitored to evaluate that they are free of deleterious materials and meet the specification requirements. During fill placement, observations of lift thickness and uniform mixing of soils will be performed.

2.4 Testing

The CQAO or his technician representative will monitor the construction of the structural fill and perform field and laboratory tests to verify that the soils and construction methods are capable of meeting the specification performance criteria.

2.4.1 In-Place Testing

In-place sampling and testing of the structural fill shall be as follows:

Table 2-1. Structural Fill Laboratory Testing Schedule

Test	Testing Method	Frequency
Field Density	ASTM D2937 or ASTM D2922 or ASTM D1556 or	Every 5,000 square feet but no less than one per lift, with at least 1 test per every 300 linear feet of embankment
Natural Moisture Content	ASTM D2216	At every density test location

2.4.2 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing will be conducted on samples including:

Table 2-2. Structural Fill Laboratory Testing Schedule

Test	Testing Method	Frequency
Standard Proctor	ASTM D698	Once per every 10,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Atterberg Limits	ASTM D4318	Once per every 10,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Grain Size with Hydrometer	ASTM D422	Once per every 10,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Water (Moisture) Content	ASTM D2216	Once per every 10,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

3. LOW PERMEABILITY SOIL BARRIER

The final cover system consists of an 18-inch thick low permeability soil barrier overlain by an 18-inch thick vegetative cover.

3.1 Material

The low permeability barrier will consist of on-site or off-site soils meeting the requirements outlined in Technical Specification Section 02278.

3.2 Stockpiling, Borrow Area, and Material Approval

Soil material to be used as the low permeability barrier will be approved in advance by the Engineer. Final acceptance is based upon successful completion of CQA testing outlined herein and in the Technical Specifications. Such testing can be performed either during excavation and stockpiling or from existing stockpiles prior to their use.

The procedure for testing during excavation and stockpiling is outlined below:

- Soil will be monitored either at the borrow source or the stockpile area. Unsuitable material will be routed to separate stockpiles consistent with its end use.
- During stockpiling operations, one 50-pound bulk sample will be collected for every 3,000 cubic yards of material stockpiled and tested in accordance with Section 3.4 below.

A test pad shall be constructed in accordance with Technical Specification Section 02278 to evaluate soil suitability and a range of allowable compaction moisture contents.

Approval reports for the material to be used as the low permeability barrier will be prepared by the Engineer and will include a summary of laboratory test data; a drawing showing sample and test locations and limits of stockpile or borrow area investigated; and a summary of construction, sampling and testing methods, and recommendations.

3.3 Construction

The low permeability soil barrier will be at least 18 inches thick with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec and shall be placed in three 6-inch compacted lifts in accordance with Technical Specification Section 02278. Only soil previously approved by the Engineer will be used in construction of the low permeability barrier. Unsuitable material will be removed prior to acceptance by the Engineer.

Required field density, moisture content, Atterburg limits, and permeability tests will be completed before overlying lifts of soil are placed. The surface preparation, e.g., wetting, drying, scarification, etc., will be completed before the Engineer will allow placement of subsequent lifts.

Moisture content will be monitored by the CQAO or his representative prior to compaction as described in Section 3.4. If the soil is below the specified minimum moisture content, water will be added to the lift and the lift will be disced to distribute the moisture evenly. Conversely, if the soil is above the maximum specified

moisture content, the soil shall be disced and dried to within acceptable moisture limits. The surface of each lift will be scarified prior to placement of subsequent lifts.

The thickness of loose lifts will be measured at random locations after spreading and leveling is completed. Final compacted lift thickness should not exceed 6 inches. Lifts will be checked visually for oversized particles which are greater than 1-inch in any dimension. Oversized particles will be identified and removed prior to and during the compaction process.

The exposed surface of the low permeability barrier will be rolled with a smooth drum roller or equivalent at the end of each work day or when required for protection from adverse weather conditions. The low permeability barrier will either be overbuilt a thickness of at least 3 inches or covered with a sacrificial 10 mil plastic sheeting to protect the finished surface from erosion, desiccation, or other damage. Overbuilt conditions are not reflected on construction drawing grading plans.

3.4 Testing

The CQAO or his technician will monitor the construction of the low permeability soil barrier and perform field and laboratory tests to verify that the soils and construction methods are capable of meeting the specification performance criteria.

3.4.1 In-Place Testing

In-place sampling and testing of the low permeability barrier shall be as follows:

Test	Testing Method	Frequency
Field Density	ASTM-D-2937 or ASTM-D-2922 or ASTM-D-1556	100 foot by 100 foot grid per lift
Natural Moisture Content	ASTM-D-2216	At every density test location and at least once per every 800 cubic yards placed

3.4.2 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing will be conducted on samples including:

Test	Testing Method	Frequency
Standard Proctor	ASTM-D-698	Once per every 3,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Atterberg Limits	ASTM-D-4318	Once per every 3,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Grain Size with Hydrometer	ASTM-D-422	Once per every 3,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area
Remolded Permeability	ASTM-D-5084	Once per every 3,000 cubic yards at stockpile or borrow area

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

4. GEOTEXTILE

4.1 Materials

Geotextile material shall be used for separation and cushioning as part of the passive gas vent system and for soil separation underlayment where coarse aggregate is used.

4.2 Geosynthetic Manufacturer and Contractor

The Contractor is the party responsible for installation of the woven or nonwoven geotextile. The Geosynthetic Manufacturer is the party that supplies the geosynthetic products.

4.2.1 Manufacturer Submittals

The Contractor shall submit the following as obtained from the Geosynthetic Manufacturer to the CQAO prior to approval or installation:

- Description of MQC Program for testing the geotextile. These tests should include all those presented in Table 1 or Table 2 found in Section 02720 of the Technical Specifications;
- MQC Material Certification for geotextile rolls, resin, and materials used in manufacturing them; and
- Test data for geotextile material and resin. The results of these tests must meet the minimum required physical and hydraulic properties for geotextile specified in Table 1 or Table 2 found in Section 02720 of the Technical Specifications.

4.2.2 Contractor Submittals

The Contractor shall submit the following to the Engineer prior to installation for review:

- Proposed sewing details and typical samples of the seam; and
- Representative samples of proposed geotextile material.

The Contractor shall submit the representative samples of the proposed geotextile material within 1 week of award of contract.

4.3 Geotextile Material Testing

4.3.1 Manufacturer Quality Control Testing

The Manufacturer shall sample and test the geotextile material prior to shipment to the site, at minimum frequencies specified in Table 1 or Table 2 found in Section 02720 of the Technical Specifications.

Any geotextile sample that does not comply with the requirements of Section 02720 of the Technical Specifications shall result in rejection of the roll from which the sample was obtained. The Contractor shall replace any rejected roll at no additional cost to the Owner. The Contractor shall require the Manufacturer to

sample and test each roll manufactured in the same lot or batch, or at the same time, as the failing roll. Sampling and testing of rolls shall continue until a pattern of acceptable testing results is established.

4.3.2 Conformance Testing

The CQAO shall monitor the rolls upon delivery to the site and report observed deviations from the requirements found in Section 02720 of the Technical Specifications to the Contractor. At the Engineer's discretion, the CQAO or his representative may sample rolls from each shipment of geotextile delivered to the site.

4.4 Geotextile Installation

Geotextile shall be overlapped a minimum of 6 inches, and no seaming will be required. Any holes or tears in the geotextile shall be repaired with a patch made from the same geotextile with a minimum 12-inch overlap in all directions. The CQAO will observe all repairs.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

5. HDPE PIPE

HDPE piping shall be used as part of the passive gas vent system and for stormwater and erosion and sediment control structures, and shall conform to the requirements of Section 02623 in the Technical Specifications.

5.1 Material

HDPE pipes consist of perforated and non-perforated HDPE piping.

5.2 HDPE Pipe Manufacturer and Contractor Submittals

The supplier of the HDPE pipe shall provide the CQAO with the manufacturer's Technical Specifications and quality control information.

5.3 HDPE Pipe Installation

Butt fusion welding or mechanical connecting of the pipe shall be observed by the CQAO or his representative.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

6. AS-BUILT CONDITIONS

The finished lines and grades of the surface of the erosion layer will be presented to the Engineer by the Contractor. Final topographic surveys for the top of subgrade, top of low permeability soil barrier, and top of vegetative soil cover should be performed in the same grid locations as established for density testing, and shall include points at the top and bottom of slopes with a minimum of one point on the slope in between and grade breaks at benches.

As-built location and details of the stormwater systems and passive gas vent locations will also be submitted to the Engineer by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall be responsible for submitting to the Engineer the following:

- Survey drawings verifying that finished lines and grades of the closure cover system have been obtained;
- All material certifications and warranty information for the installed material and equipment;
- Passive gas vent locations;
- Installed stormwater structure elevations and locations; and,
- Survey drawings verifying the depths of low-permeability soil barrier and vegetative soil cover.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

7. CERTIFICATION REPORT

The certification report will be prepared under the direction of the Engineer and will contain test results and monitoring documentation performed for construction including:

- Low permeability soil barrier, and
- Geotextile installation including, MQC data.

"As-Built" drawings and a narrative of the construction process and CQA activities, including daily reports from the CQAO and documentation of progress meetings, will be included with the certification report. Photographs of key elements for landfill construction shall also be included in the certification report.

The certification report will be submitted within 60 days following completion of construction.

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

8. REFERENCE LIST OF STANDARDS

Referenced List of Standards	
ASTM D422	Standard Test Method for Particle - Size Analysis of Soils
ASTM D698	Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft ³) (600 KN-m/m ³)
ASTM D1505	Standard Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density Gradient Technique
ASTM D1556	Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method
ASTM D2216	Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass
ASTM D2922	Standard Test Method for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)
ASTM D2937	Standard Test Method for Density of Soil in Place by the Drive-Cylinder Method
ASTM D4318	Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils
ASTM D4533	Test Method for Trapezoidal Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
ASTM D4632	Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles
ASTM D4716	Standard Test Method for Determining the (In-Plane) Flow Rate Per Unit Width and Hydraulic Transmissivity of a Geosynthetic Using a Constant Head
ASTM D4751	Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile
ASTM D4833	Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes, and other Related Products
ASTM D5084	Standard Test Method for Measurement of Hydraulic Conductivity of Saturated Porous Materials Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter
ASTM D5199	Standard Test Method for Measuring the Nominal Thickness of Geosynthetics
ASTM D5887	Standard Test Method for Measurement of Index Flux Through Saturated Geosynthetic Clay Liner Specimens Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter
ASTM D5993	Standard Test Method for Measuring Mass Per Unit of Geosynthetic Clay Liners
ASTM D6496	Standard Test Method for Determining Average Bonding Peel Strength Between the Top and Bottom Layers of Needle-Punched Geosynthetic Clay Liners
ASTM D6768	Standard Test Method for Tensile Strength of Geosynthetic Clay Liners
ASTM D7005	Standard Test Method for Determining the Bond Strength (Ply Adhesion) of Geocomposites

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN BFI—LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL

9. LIMITATIONS

9.1 Report Limitations

This document was prepared solely for BFI—Lake Norman Landfill in accordance with professional standards at the time the services were performed and in accordance with the contract between Allied Waste Industries, Inc. and Brown and Caldwell dated July 11, 2008. This document is governed by the specific scope of work authorized by Allied Waste Industries, Inc.; it is not intended to be relied upon by any other party except for regulatory authorities contemplated by the scope of work. We have relied on information or instructions provided by Allied Waste Industries, Inc. and other parties and, unless otherwise expressly indicated, have made no independent investigation as to the validity, completeness, or accuracy of such information.

APPENDIX C: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

BROWN AND CALDWELL

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Use of contents on this sheet is subject to the limitations specified at the end of this document.

LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL
CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN

LIST OF TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTIONS

DIVISION 0--BID AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 1--GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 2--SITWORK

02274	Structural Fill
02277	Aggregate
02278	Low Permeability Soil Barrier
02623	High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Pipe
02720	Geotextile Fabric
02800	Passive Gas Vents

DIVISION 3--CONCRETE

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 4--MASONRY

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 5--METALS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 6--WOOD AND PLASTICS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 7--THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 8--DOORS AND WINDOWS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 9--FINISHES

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 10--SPECIALITIES

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 11--EQUIPMENT

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 12--FURNISHINGS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 13--SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 14--CONVEYING SYSTEMS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 15--MECHANICAL

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 16--ELECTRICAL

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

DIVISION 17--INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

NO SECTIONS IN THIS DIVISION

SECTION 02274

STRUCTURAL FILL

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to perform all Structural Fill placement, compaction and grading required to complete the work shown on the Drawings and specified herein. Structural Fill is defined as compacted fill for perimeter berms, surface water control systems, roadways, or other systems not intended to function as closure system barrier. The work shall include backfilling, grading, compaction, and all related work.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

Section 02278 Low Permeability Soil Barrier

Section 02720 Geotextile Fabric

1.03 SUBMITTALS

Samples of the proposed Structural Fill material shall be submitted to testing laboratory in air-tight containers, 50 lb sample of each type of excavated material to determine material.

Contractor shall submit a subgrade elevation survey certified by a Land Surveyor professionally registered in the State of North Carolina.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM D421 – Standard Practices for Dry Preparation of Soil Samples for Particle-Size Analysis and Determination of Soil Constants.
2. ASTM D422 – Standard test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils (Grain Size with Hydrometer).
3. ASTM D698 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³).
4. ASTM D1556 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil In Place by the Sand-Cone Method.

5. ASTM D1557 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft³).
6. ASTM D2216 – Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass.
7. ASTM D2922 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth).
8. ASTM D2487 – Standard Practices for Classification of Soil for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)
9. ASTM D2937 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil in place by the Drive-Cylinder Method Test.
10. ASTM D4318 – Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of construction shall apply.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

The CQA Consultant shall provide direction and testing for the quality assurance testing during earthwork operations.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 STRUCTURAL FILL MATERIALS

Fill materials shall consist of excavated and reused material from designated on-site or off-site borrow areas and/or stockpiles. Structural Fill material shall be classified as SP, SM, SW, SC, SW-SM, SW-SC, SP-SM, ML, MH, CH or CL soils according to the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D2487).

Material shall be free of topsoil, organic material, roots, stumps, brush, rocks larger than 1 inch, subsoil, debris, vegetation, and other foreign matter.

All material clods will be broken down with tillers and/or discs to provide a homogeneous soil that is free of clay clods greater than 4 inches in diameter with no more than 15% retained on the No. 4 sieve.

Borrow area(s) shall be final graded to slopes as shown on the Drawings.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

The Engineer will assist the Contractor in the determination of Structural Fill material during excavation operations.

The Contractor will be responsible for excavating, transporting, stockpiling, placing and compacting all materials as needed.

3.02 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

Subgrade shall be compacted to density requirements for subsequent backfill materials.

Cut out soft areas of subgrade not capable of compaction in place, backfill with Structural Fill, and compact to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.

Grade surface shall be scarified to depth of 6 inches.

Grade will be proof rolled to identify soft spots; where applicable, fill and compact to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.

3.03 STRUCTURAL FILL PLACEMENT

- A. Areas shall be backfilled to contours and elevations as shown on Drawings with unfrozen materials.
- B. Backfill shall be placed systematically to allow maximum time for natural settlement and should not be placed over porous, wet, frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- C. Structural fill material shall be placed and compacted in equal continuous layers not exceeding 6 inches compacted depth. Manually compacted fill near pipes and other structures will be compacted in loose lifts not exceeding 4 to 6 inches in thickness. Structural Fill over geosynthetic materials shall be compacted by tracking with a low ground pressure bulldozer or other approved equipment with a ground pressure of less than 5 psi.
- D. Optimum moisture content of Structural Fill materials shall be maintained to attain required compaction density.
- E. Structural Fill shall only be placed against supported structures. Do not backfill against unsupported structures. Backfill simultaneously on each side of unsupported structures until supports are in place.
- F. Structural Fill shall be protected from desiccation, crusting, or cracking.

- G. Gradual grade changes shall be made.
- H. Surplus Structural Fill materials shall be removed from site unless authorized by Owner to dispose of on-site in an Owner designated location.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. LABORATORY TESTING:

1. Perform laboratory material tests in accordance with ASTM D422, ASTM D698 or ASTM D 1557, ASTM D2216, and ASTM D4318.
2. Test at a frequency of:
 - 10,000 cubic yards of Structural Fill material placed;
 - When materials using for Structural Fill change; and/or
 - As directed by the Engineer.
3. Sample size shall be 50-lb.

B. IN PLACE COMPACTION AND NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT TESTS:

1. In place compaction tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D2922, or ASTM D2937. If nuclear methods are to be used (ASTM D2922), conforming tests shall be performed at a minimum frequency of 1 test per every 10 tests using ASTM D1556 or ASTM D2937.
2. In place natural moisture content tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D2216.
3. Test at a frequency of 1 per 5000 sq. ft. with at least 1 test per every 300 linear feet of embankment.

- C. When tests indicate Work does not meet specified requirements, remove Work, replace and retest.

3.05 TOLERANCES

The top surface of Structural Fill shall be plus or minus 1 inch from required elevations.

3.06 PROTECTION

Reshape and re-compact fills subjected to vehicular traffic.

****END OF SECTION****

SECTION 02277

AGGREGATE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to place aggregate materials for fill, drainage, and grading purposes. The work shall include supplying aggregate materials, hauling, stockpiling, and placement.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS:

Section 02274 Structural Fill

Section 02278 Low Permeability Soil Barrier

Section 02623 High Density Polyethylene (HPDE) Pipe

Section 02720 Geotextile Fabric

Section 02722 Geocomposite

Section 02800 Passive Gas Vents

1.03 SUBMITTALS

Submit name of imported materials suppliers and description of material.

Manufacturer's Certification that materials meet or exceed specific requirements.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (AASHTO):

1. AASHTO T11 – Standard Method of Test for Materials Finer than 75 μm (No. 200) Sieve in Mineral Aggregates by Washing.
2. AASHTO T27 – Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.

B. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM C136 – Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregate.
2. ASTM D421 – Standard Practice for Dry Preparation of Soil Samples for Particle-Size Analysis and Determination of Soil Constants.
3. ASTM D422 – Standard Test Method for Particle Size Analysis of Soils.
4. ASTM D1556 – Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method.
5. ASTM D1557 - Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures, Using 10 lb Rammer and 18 inch Drop.
6. ASTM D2487 – Standard Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System).
7. ASTM D3042 – Standard Test Method for Insoluble Residue in Carbonate Aggregate.
8. ASTM D4253 – Standard Test Methods for Maximum Index Density and Unit Weight of Soils Using a Vibratory Table.
9. ASTM D4254 – Standard Test Method for Minimum Index Density and Unit Weight of Soils and Calculation of Relative Density.
10. ASTM D4373 – Standard Test Method for Calcium Carbonate Content of Soils.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of construction shall apply.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Furnish each aggregate material from single source throughout the Work.

Perform Work in accordance with North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 AGGREGATE MATERIALS

Drainage Aggregate shall be subangular, subrounded, or well rounded particle shaped conforming to No. 57 NCDOT standards. Drainage Aggregate shall be used for pipe vent construction.

Road Subbase Aggregate shall conform to ABC Stone NCDOT standards.

Rock Rip Rap Aggregate shall be placed in locations shown on the Drawings and shall conform to:

1. $D_{50} = 4''$ Class A Riprap NCDOT standards,
2. $D_{50} = 8''$ Class B Riprap NCDOT standards,
3. $D_{50} = 10''$ Class 1 Riprap NCDOT standards, or
4. $D_{50} = 14''$ Class 2 Riprap NCDOT standards.

2.02 CONFORMANCE TESTING

Initial conformance testing shall be performed on samples from the source to assure compliance with the specifications. Perform tests in accordance with ASTM C136, ASTM D421, ASTM D422, ASTM D2434, ASTM 3042, ASTM D4253, ASTM D4254, ASTM D4373, AASHTO T11, and/or AASHTO T27.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

Installation of the underlying geotextile shall be inspected and approved by the CQA Consultant.

3.02 AGGREGATE PLACEMENT

Equipment shall only be operated over previously placed material layers. Equipment shall not be operated directly on geotextile or other geosynthetic material.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL FOR ROAD SUBBASE

Compaction testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D1557, ASTM D698, AASHTO T180, ASTM D2167, ASTM D2922, and/or ASTM D3017.

Compaction testing shall be performed at a minimum of one per 2,500 square feet of material placed, and one correction test per compacted lift.

Compact placed materials to achieve compaction of 100 percent.

If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, Contractor shall be responsible for removing work, replacing material, and retesting.

3.04 TOLERANCES

The top of aggregate shall be within a tolerance of plus 1 inch from the required elevation.

3.05 PROTECTION

Any damage to the underlying geosynthetic components or other work performed as part of this project shall be repaired and re-tested in accordance with these specifications at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.06 INSPECTION

Verify installation of geotextile has been inspected and approved by the CQA Consultant prior to placement.

****END OF SECTION****

SECTION 02278

LOW PERMEABILITY SOIL BARRIER

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to perform all low permeability soil barrier placement, compaction and grading required to complete the work shown on the Drawings and specified herein. The work shall include backfilling, grading, compaction, and all related work.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

Section 02274 Structural Fill

Section 02277 Aggregate

1.03 SUBMITTALS

Samples of the proposed low permeability soil barrier material shall be submitted to testing laboratory in air-tight containers, 50 lb sample of each type of excavated material to determine material.

Contractor shall submit a low permeability soil barrier record survey certified by a Land Surveyor professionally registered in the State of North Carolina to verify and document the thickness.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM D421 – Standard Practices for Dry Preparation of Soil Samples for Particle-Size Analysis and Determination of Soil Constants.
2. ASTM D422 – Standard test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils (Grain Size with Hydrometer).
3. ASTM D698 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³).
4. ASTM D1556 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil In Place by the Sand-Cone Method.

5. ASTM D1557 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft³)
6. ASTM D2216 – Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass.
7. ASTM D2922 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth).
8. ASTM D2487 – Standard Practices for Classification of Soil for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System).
9. ASTM D2937 – Standard Test Method for Density of Soil in place by the Drive-Cylinder Method Test.
10. ASTM D4318 – Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of construction shall apply.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

The CQA Consultant shall provide direction and testing for the quality assurance testing during earthwork operations.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 LOW PERMEABILITY SOIL BARRIER MATERIALS

Materials shall consist of excavated and reused material from designated on-site or off-site borrow areas and/or stockpiles. Low permeability soil barrier material shall be classified as SC, CL, CH, ML, or MH soils according to the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D2487).

Material shall be free of topsoil, organic material, roots, stumps, brush, rocks larger than 1 inch, subsoil, debris, vegetation, and other foreign matter.

All material clods will be broken down with tillers and/or discs to provide a homogeneous soil that is free of clay clods greater than 4 inches in diameter with no more than 15% retained on the No. 4 sieve.

Material shall have a maximum permeability of 1×10^{-5} cm/s.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

The Engineer will assist the Contractor in the determination of low permeability barrier soil material during excavation operations.

The Contractor will be responsible for excavating, transporting, stockpiling, placing and compacting all materials as needed.

3.02 SUBGRADE (INTERMEDIATE COVER) PREPARATION

- A. Subgrade shall be compacted to density requirements for subsequent backfill materials.
- B. Cut out soft areas of subgrade not capable of compaction in place, backfill with intermediate cover soils, and compact to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.
- C. Grade surface shall be scarified.
- D. Grade will be proof-rolled to identify soft spots; where applicable, fill and compact to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.

3.03. TEST PAD CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. A test pad 35 feet x 100 feet in area shall be constructed inside or outside the landfill footprint using the same construction methods, equipment and soil material to be used for the low permeability soil barrier installation.
- 2. The completed construction of the test pad must precede the beginning of placement of the low permeability soil barrier.
- 3. Compaction and soil moisture content shall be in accordance with Part 3.03 of this Section.
- 4. Low permeability barrier soil material shall be placed in three or more compacted lifts of 6-inch maximum thickness for a total thickness of 18 inches.
- 5. A minimum of six undisturbed samples will be obtained in the test pad by the Engineer or his representative at a frequency of two samples per lift. Laboratory tests will be performed on the undisturbed or remolded samples to document the soil's characteristics and to verify that the material, construction methods, and equipment can achieve required permeability per section 2.01. The following tests shall be conducted at a frequency of 1 test per lift:

- a. Atterberg Limits Test (ASTM D4318)
 - b. Grain Size with Hydrometer (ASTM D422)
 - c. Remolded Permeability (ASTM D5084)
 - d. Undisturbed Permeability (ASTM D5084)
 - e. Standard Proctor Test (ASTM D698)
6. Field moisture and field density tests will also be performed by the Engineer or his representative during soil placing and compaction to document the conditions obtained by the construction method, equipment and material to correlate with the required permeability for the low permeability soil barrier test pad.
- a. Field Density Test (ASTM D2937) at frequency of 3 tests per lift.
 - b. Natural Moisture Content Test (ASTM D2216) at frequency of 3 tests per lift.

3.04 LOW PERMEABILITY SOIL BARRIER PLACEMENT

- A. Areas shall be backfilled to contours and elevations as shown on Drawings with unfrozen materials.
- B. Material shall be placed systematically to allow maximum time for natural settlement and should not be placed over porous, wet, frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- C. Material shall be placed and compacted in equal continuous layers not exceeding 6 inches compacted depth. Manually compacted fill near pipes and other structures will be compacted in loose lifts not exceeding 4 to 6 inches in thickness.
- D. Lift thickness may be sampled upon completion (but prior to subsequent lift placement) by hand augering through the lift and measuring the thickness. The resulting penetration shall be promptly backfilled by the Contractor with a hand tamped clayey soil mixture of one part bentonite and three parts low permeability soil barrier material.
- E. Samples of the in-place low permeability soil barrier material shall be tested and evaluated in accordance with provisions of the Construction Quality Assurance Plan and Part 3.04 of this Section prior to final acceptance of the low permeability soil barrier. All compaction or permeability test locations shall be filled with a mixture of one part bentonite and three parts low permeability soil barrier material.
- F. Equipment or truck traffic shall not be permitted on previous fill lifts during the period between scarifying and compaction of a new fill lift unless approved by the Engineer.

- G. After the lift to be compacted is conditioned, representative samples will be taken by the Engineer or his representative and tested for moisture content prior to any compactive efforts. If the moisture content is within the range specified in Part 3.04B of this Section, compaction may begin. If the moisture content is outside of this range, the low permeability soil barrier fill shall be wetted or dried and reworked accordingly. The low permeability soil barrier fill should be sprinkled or sprayed with water, utilizing equipment creating a uniform application and dozed, wind-rowed, and/or disc-plowed to uniformly increase the moisture content of the low permeability soil barrier if the material moisture content is too low. The low permeability soil barrier fill shall be dozed, wind-rowed, and/or disc-plowed to help air dry the soil if the moisture content is too high.
- H. Each lift shall be thoroughly compacted and satisfy the moisture and density criteria established from the test pad results. Field testing shall be completed according to Part 3.04B of this Section before a subsequent lift is placed.
- I. At the end of each construction day's activities, completed lifts or sections shall be sealed by rolling with rubber tired or smooth drum rollers and sprinkled with water, as needed, to avoid excessive cracking.
- J. After completion of a segment of low permeability soil barrier, but before installation of the overlying materials, the surface shall be surveyed by the Contractor to ensure the specified thickness (minimum of 18 inches).
- K. Material shall only be placed against supported structures. Do not backfill against unsupported structures. Backfill simultaneously on each side of unsupported structures until supports are in place.
- L. Material shall be protected from desiccation, crusting, or cracking.
- M. Gradual grade changes shall be made.
- N. Surplus materials shall be removed from site unless authorized by Owner to dispose of on-site in an Owner designated location.

3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. LABORATORY TESTING:

- 1. Perform laboratory material tests in accordance with ASTM D422, ASTM ASTM D 1557, ASTM D2216, and ASTM D4318.
- 2. Test at a frequency of:
 - 3,000 cubic yards of material placed;

- When materials using for low permeability soil barrier change; and/or
 - As directed by the Engineer.
3. Sample size shall be 50-lb.
 4. Low permeability soil barrier material must achieve the required permeability per section 2.01 in accordance with laboratory testing.
 - a. Bulk samples will be taken by the Engineer at intervals of 1 sample per 3,000 cubic yards of material to be placed. Samples will be transported to a soils laboratory for permeability testing. The samples will be compacted to at least 95 percent of standard Proctor at moisture contents similar to field conditions and/or subsequently specified based on laboratory results.
 - b. Undisturbed Permeability Tests will be performed as directed by the Engineer. Areas that are not consistent in density, moisture content, or classification with previously approved low permeability soil barrier material will require additional undisturbed permeability testing of the in-place low permeability soil barrier material prior to final acceptance.
 - c. The Engineer may request an in-situ permeability test to be performed on the in-place low permeability soil barrier material if the material being placed is not consistent with the material previously tested and approved for construction.

B. IN PLACE COMPACTION AND NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT TESTS:

1. In place compaction tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D2922, or ASTM D2937. If nuclear methods are to be used (ASTM D2922), conforming tests shall be performed at a minimum frequency of 1 test per every 10 tests using ASTM D1556 or ASTM D2937.
2. In place natural moisture content tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D2216.
3. Test compaction and moisture content at a minimum frequency of 1 per every 100-foot by 100-foot grid per lift.

When tests indicate Work does not meet specified requirements, remove Work, replace and retest.

3.06 TOLERANCES

The top surface of the low permeability soil barrier shall be plus or minus 1 inch from required elevations.

3.07 PROTECTION

Reshape and re-compact fills subjected to vehicular traffic. If excessive dessication cracking becomes evident, the surface will require rewetting and rerolling prior to placement of overlying materials.

****END OF SECTION****

SECTION 02623

HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required to install high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipe for passive gas vent system.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

Section 02274 Structural Fill

Section 02278 Low Permeability Soil Barrier

Section 02800 Passive Gas Vents

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. SHOP DRAWINGS:

Submit shop drawings for HDPE Pipe. Indicate piece numbers and locations.

B. PRODUCT DATA:

The Contractor or Supplier shall submit a complete description of and data indicating pipe material used, and pipe accessories and fittings proposed for use to the Engineer for approval at least two weeks prior to installation. Pipe data shall conform to the standards set in Table 1 of this Section.

C. Shop drawings for fabricated fittings shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 2 weeks prior to fabrication for approval.

D. MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATES:

- a. Certification of the analysis for the HDPE resin.
- b. Certify products meet or exceed specified requirements specified in Table 1 of this section.
- c. Certifications must be submitted to Engineer for approval at least 2 weeks prior to installation.

E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures required to install products specified.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM D1055 - Standard Specifications for Flexible Cellular Materials – Latex Foam.
2. ASTM D1238 - Standard Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer.
3. ASTM D1248 - Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Extrusion Materials For Wire and Cable.
4. ASTM D1505 - Standard Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique.
5. ASTM D2513 - Standard Specification for Thermoplastic Gas Pressure Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings.
6. ASTM D2657 - Standard Practice for Heat Fusion Joining of Polyolefin Pipe and Fittings.
7. ASTM D2837 - Standard Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials.
8. ASTM D3350 - Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fitting Materials.
9. ASTM F714 - Standard Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter.
10. ASTM F1055 - Standard Specification for Electrofusion Type Polyethylene Fittings for Outside Diameter Controlled Polyethylene Pipe and Tubing.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of construction shall apply.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- ### A.
- The pipe, outlet structure, and/or fitting manufacturer's production facilities shall be open for inspection by the owner or his designated agents with a reasonable advanced notice.

- B. During inspection, the manufacturer shall demonstrate that it has facilities capable of manufacturing and testing the pipe, manholes, sumps and/or fittings to standards required by this Specification.
- C. Pipe which has been tested by the manufacturer and falls outside of the appropriate limits set forth in Table 1 contained in this specification will be cause for rejection.
- D. The owner or the specifying engineer may request certified lab data to verify the physical properties of materials not meeting the requirements of this specification.

1.06 DELIVERY

Delivered pipes shall be examined by the Contractor and the CQA Consultant or Engineer. The Engineer or CQA Consultant shall verify that pipes are not broken, cracked, or contain otherwise damaged or unsatisfactory material.

PART 2 – PRODUCT

2.01 HDPE PIPE

A. BASE RESIN (HDPE MATERIAL):

1. HDPE material used for the manufacture of HDPE pipe and fittings under this specification shall be produced from approved pipe material base resin that is high density, high molecular weight polyethylene (HDPE) pipe grade resin with the nominal physical properties:
 - a. Equivalent to Type III, Category 5, Class C, Grade PE 3408 in accordance with ASTM D1248.
 - b. Equivalent to cell classification PE345464C in accordance with ASTM D3350.
 - c. As outlined in Table 1 below.
2. The material shall be listed by PPI (Plastics Pipe Institute, a division of the Society of the Plastics Industry) in PPI TR-4 with a 73°F hydrostatic design basis of 1,600 psi and a 140°F hydrostatic design basis of 800 psi. The PPI listing shall be in the name of the pipe manufacturer and shall be based on ASTM D 2837 testing.
3. The resin shall contain not less than 97% of the base polymer and not less than 2% carbon black as defined in ASTM D1248, Class C to impart maximum weather resistance.

4. The pipe material shall contain no more than 3% carbon black, anti-oxidants, and heat stabilizers combined, and no other additives, fillers or extenders.
5. The pipe shall contain no recycled compound except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from resin of the same raw material, including both the base resin and the coextruded resin.

B. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE:

1. All pipes shall have good appearance qualities.
2. The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and the surfaces shall be smooth and uniform with no visible defects.
3. The pipes shall be free of visible cracks, holes, voids, nicks, cuts, gouges, scratches, blisters, gels, undispersed ingredients, any signs of contamination by foreign inclusions, or other defects that may affect the wall integrity or the pipe's serviceability.
4. Holes for perforated HDPE pipes shall be cleanly cut, identical in geometry, and evenly spaced.

C. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES:

1. Pipe and fitting dimensions, workmanship, standard dimension ratio (SDR) and corresponding pressure rating shall be in accordance with the requirements of ASTM F714.
2. HDPE piping shall have a Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) of 26 unless otherwise specified on the Drawings.
3. Pipe supplied under this Specification shall have a nominal OD indicated on the Drawings unless otherwise specified.
4. The chemical and corrosion resistance of the PE pipe and all fittings shall be in keeping with typical properties of high quality polyethylene products currently available through commercial sources.
5. All mechanical fasteners or fittings shall be stainless steel.
6. At a minimum, the pipe material shall meet the properties presented in Table 1 below:

**TABLE 1
REQUIRED PIPE AND BASE RESIN PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

Property	Test Method	Unit	Nominal Value
Material Designation	PPI-TR4		PE 3408
Cell Classification	ASTM D3350		345464C
Material Classification	ASTM D1248		Type III, Category 5, Class C
Density	ASTM D1505		≥ 0.945 g/cm ³
Melt Index	ASTM D1238 (Condition E)	g/10min	<0.1
Carbon Black Content/Color; UV Stabilizer	ASTM D1603	% range	2 to 3
Flexural Modulus	ASTM D790 2% Secant	psi	>125,000
Tensile Strength @ Ultimate	ASTM D638	psi	3,200
Tensile Strength @Yield	ASTM D638 (Type IV, 2 ipm) ¹	psi	>3,000
Elongation @ Yield	ASTM D638 (Type IV, 2 ipm) ¹	%	>8
Ultimate Elongation @ Break	ASTM D638	%	>750
Modulus of Elasticity	ASTM D638 (Type IV, 2 ipm) ¹	Psi	>100,000
Environmental Stress Crack Resistance (ESCR)	ASTM D1693 F ₀ , Condition C	Hrs	>5,000
Hardness	ASTM D2240	Shore "D"	>60
Compressive Strength at Yield	ASTM D695	Psi	>1,600
Slow Crack Resistance (SCG) (PENT test)	ASTM F1473	Hours	>100
Hydrostatic Design Basis @ 73.4°F (23°C) & 140°F (60°C)	ASTM D2837	Psi	>1,600 & >800
Low Temperature Brittleness	ASTM D746	°F(°C)	< - 180 (-117)
Linear Thermal Expansion Coefficient	ASTM D696	in/in/°F	9 x 10 ⁻⁵

Notes:

1. Dumb-bell tested at a rate of strain of 2 inches/minute (ipm)

D. PIPE FITTINGS:

1. All fittings specified on the Drawings, or otherwise, needed to make pipe connections (ex: 90° elbow) shall be in accordance with ASTM D2513 and ASTM D3261 and shall be manufactured by injection molding, a combination of extrusion and machining, or fabrication from HDPE pipe conforming to this specification.
2. The fittings shall be fully pressure rated and provide a working pressure equal to that of the pipe with an included 2:1 safety factor.

3. The fittings shall be manufactured from the same base resin type and cell classification as the pipe itself as specified in Parts 2.01A, 2.01B, and 2.01C of this section. The fittings shall be homogeneous throughout and free from cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, voids, or other injurious defects.
4. Molded socket fittings shall not be used.
5. Pre-fabricated fittings:
 - a. Shall not be permitted unless molded fittings are not available from the pipe Manufacturer, and only after obtaining specific approval from the Engineer.
 - b. Shall be made using pipe segments meeting all base resin, physical, and property requirements presented in Parts 2.01A, 2.01B, and 2.01C of this section.
 - c. All pipe segments in a pre-fabricated fitting shall be pressure rated to exceed by 20% the highest pipe pressure rating to which they are intended to be connected.

E. HDPE JOINTS:

1. The method of joining for high density polyethylene pipe shall be the heat butt fusion method of high density polyethylene pipe per ASTM D2657 and shall be performed in strict accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations, subject to the Engineer's approval. The heat fusion equipment used in the joining procedures should be capable of meeting all conditions recommended by the pipe manufacturer.
2. All joints shall be made by trained technicians qualified by the Manufacturer and using equipment and controlled procedures approved by the Manufacturer.
3. All pipe joints shall be stronger than the pipe itself under both tension and hydrostatic loading conditions.
4. The joints shall be leak-tight, homogeneous and uniform throughout.
5. Properly executed electrofusion fittings may be used. Extrusion welding or hot gas welding of HDPE shall not be used for pressure pipe applications or fabrications where shear or structural strength is important, as determined by the Engineer. Mechanical joint adapters, flanges, unions, grooved-couplers, transition fittings, and some mechanical couplings may be used to mechanically connect HDPE pipe. Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations.

F. PERFORATED PIPES:

1. The HDPE pipe sections shall be perforated as shown on the Drawings.
2. Perforations shall be cleanly cut, identical in geometry, and evenly spaced.

G. IDENTIFICATION:

1. The following shall be continuously indent printed on the pipe, or spaced at intervals not exceeding 5 feet:
 - a. Name and/or trademark of the pipe manufacturer.
 - b. Pipe series designation.
 - c. Nominal pipe size.
 - d. Standard dimension ratio (SDR).
 - e. The letters PE followed by the polyethylene grade per ASTM D1248, followed by the Hydrostatic Design basis in 100's of psi (e.g., PE 3408).
 - f. Manufacturing Standard Reference (e.g., ASTM F714-1).
 - g. A production code from which the date and place of manufacture can be determined.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

Verify passive gas vent location is ready to receive work and excavations, dimensions, and elevations are as indicated on the Drawings.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. PIPE AND OUTLET STRUCTURES:

1. Excavate to accommodate installation of passive gas vent system.
2. Place bedding material at trench bottom, level materials in continuous layer not exceeding 8 inches (if applicable).
3. Maintain optimum moisture content of bedding material to attain required compaction density.
4. Install pipe, fittings, and accessories in accordance with the Drawings, these Specifications, and the Manufacturer's recommendations.
5. Route piping in straight line.

6. Pipe shall be fused in lengths not to exceed that which can be moved and placed easily and safely, causing no damage to the fused pipe or welds.
7. Care shall be taken not to drop the pipe while moving it, and to avoid excess stress or strain during installation.
8. Pipe installation and placement of backfill around pipes shall be performed when the pipe is in a contracted state, i.e., during the cool of the morning, at night, or during periods of over-cast skies.
9. Install bedding at sides of pipe as shown on the Drawings.
10. Immediately after placement, the pipe shall be thoroughly and completely embedded and supported.
11. HDPE pipe shall be joined using butt fusion. All butt fusion welds shall be made as described in ASTM D 2657. Electrofusion welding can be used for making pipe welds. Hot air and extrusion welding are not permitted for pipe joining.

B. MISCELLANEOUS HDPE ITEMS:

Install in accordance with the Drawings and the Manufacturer's recommendations.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

The Engineer or his representative will undertake observations and inspections to determine compliance of the materials and work with this Specification.

Quality control by the Engineer will include monitoring and/or inspecting:

1. The HDPE pipe and fittings for correct size, SDR rating workmanship, and fabrication.
2. Damage during installation.
3. The installation, alignment and welding of all pipe, and fittings.

Contractor shall request inspection prior to and immediately after placing bedding.

3.04 PROTECTION

Protect pipe and aggregate cover from damage or displacement until backfilling operation is in progress. Care shall be exercised during construction not to damage the pipes and fittings.

****END OF SECTION****

SECTION 02720
GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required to install filter fabric complete as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

Section 02274 Structural Fill

Section 02277 Aggregate

Section 02722 Geocomposite

Section 02800 Passive Gas Vents

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A list of guaranteed "minimum average role value" (MARV) properties for the type of geotextile to be supplied.

Written certification signed by the manufacturer that the geotextiles properties meet or exceed the guaranteed MARV.

Manufacturer's quality control certificates illustrating that minimum required material properties have been obtained.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM D4491 – Standard Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity.
2. ASTM D4533 – Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles.
3. ASTM D4632 – Standard Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles.

4. ASTM D4751 – Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile.
5. ASTM D4759 – Standard Practice for Determining the Specification Conformance of Geosynthetics.
6. ASTM D4833 – Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes, and Related Products.
7. ASTM D5261 – Standard Test Methods for Mass Per Unit Area (Weight) of Fabric.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of the work shall apply.

1.05 FABRIC APPLICATIONS

The non-woven geotextile is to be used for the passive gas vent system and placement beneath drainage features as shown on the Drawings.

The woven geotextile is to be used for placement beneath the access road stone base.

The unit weights of the filter fabric for each application shall be as specified on the Drawings.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

The geotextile shall be shipped, stored and handled in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and as specified herein.

The geotextile shall be stored in an area protected from ultraviolet light, precipitation, snow or other inundation, mud, dirt, dust, puncture, cutting, or any other damaging or deleterious conditions.

Geotextile shall not be exposed to precipitation prior to installation. During cold weather events, the non-woven geotextile shall be protected from freezing.

The CQA Consultant shall observe rolls upon delivery and prior to installation. Any deviations from the storage requirements shall be reported to the Engineer and Owner.

1.07 MATERIAL WARRANTY

The manufacturer shall warrant the material against manufacturing defects and material degradation for a period of twenty (20) years from the date of installation. The manufacturer shall replace any material, which fails within the warranty period. The manufacturer shall furnish a written warranty covering the requirements of this Paragraph.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

The use of a manufacturer's name and model or catalog number is for the purpose of establishing the standard of quality and general configuration. Any manufacturer's materials shall be allowed, provided they meet the minimum average roll value requirements.

2.02 MATERIALS

All non-woven geotextile shall be a non-woven needle punched polypropylene fabric consisting of filaments formed into a stable network, such as Nicolon Mirafi or approved equal.

All woven geotextile shall be comprised of 100 percent high strength polypropylene.

The unit weight of the non-woven geotextile shall be a specified on the Drawings.

The geotextile shall be nonbiodegradable, nonreactive within a pH range of 3 to 11, resistant to ultraviolet light exposure, and resistant to insects and rodents. Test results from any sampled roll in the lot, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4759, shall meet or exceed the values listed in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1. Minimum Average Roll Values Geotextile Fabrics

Properties	Test Method	Unit	Minimum Average Roll Values		
			6 oz./sy	8 oz./sy	10 oz./sy
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D5261	oz/yd ²	5.5	7.2	9.2
Grab Tensile Strength	ASTM D4632	lbs	150	205	250
Grab Elongation	ASTM D4632	%	50	50	50
Puncture Resistance	ASTM D4833	lbs	90	95	125
Trapezoidal Tear Strength	ASTM D4533	lbs	70	80	100
Apparent Opening Size	ASTM D4751	sieve size	70-100	70-100	70-120
Permittivity	ASTM D4491	Sec ⁻¹	1.05	1.05	1.3

Table 2. Minimum Average Roll Values Woven Geotextile Fabrics

Properties	Test Method	Unit	Minimum Average Roll Values
			8 oz./sy
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D5261	oz/yd ²	7.2
Grab Tensile Strength	ASTM D4632	lbs	300
Grab Elongation	ASTM D4632	%	15
Puncture Resistance	ASTM D4833	lbs	120
Trapezoidal Tear Strength	ASTM D4533	lbs	65

2.03 QUALITY CONTROL DOCUMENTATION

Prior to installation, the Contractor or Owner shall provide the following information certified by the manufacturer for the delivered fabric to the CQA Consultant.

Each roll delivered to the Project site shall have the following identification information:

1. Manufacturer's name
2. Product identification
3. Lot Number
4. Thickness
5. Mass per unit area
6. Roll number
7. Roll weight
8. Roll dimensions

Quality control certificates, signed by the manufacturer's quality assurance manager. Each certificate shall have roll identification number, sampling procedures, frequency, and test results. At a minimum, the geotextile test results shall be provided every 100,000 square feet of manufactured fabric in accordance with test requirements specified in Tables 1 and 2.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

Prior to installation, the subgrade shall be inspected and approved by the CQA consultant. The subgrade shall be smooth, uniform and compacted for the installation of the geotextile.

3.02 INSTALLATION

The subgrade shall be maintained in a smooth, uniform and compacted condition during installation of the non-woven geotextile. Overlap between adjacent panels of non-woven geotextile shall be a 3 to 6 inches, and no seaming will be required.

Geotextile for roadways shall be anchored with 1/16-inch diameter pins, at least 18 inches long, pointed at one end and have a head that will retain a steel washer having an outside diameter of no less than 1.5 inches, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Geotextile installation and related work shall be inspected by the CQA Consultant. All work in the system therein being inspected shall be complete, clean and ready for use.

Discrepancies shall be noted by the CQA Consultant and repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the owner. Final acceptance of the system shall be contingent upon the approval of the Engineer.

****END OF SECTION****

SECTION 02800

PASSIVE GAS VENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to install all Passive Gas Vents as shown on the Drawings and specified herein. The work shall include excavating, placing non-woven geotextile filter, drainage aggregate, installation of perforated and solid pipe and fittings and insect screen, geocomposite, and backfilling.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

Section 02277 Aggregate

Section 02278 Low Permeability Soil Barrier

Section 02279 Erosion Layer

Section 02623 High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Pipe

Section 02720 Geotextile Fabric

Section 02722 Geocomposite

1.03 SUBMITTALS

Upon completion, the Contractor shall submit a survey accurately recording actual locations and elevations of passive gas vents.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM):

1. ASTM D2321 – Standard Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity Flow Applications.
2. ASTM F405 – Standard Specification for Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe and Fittings.
3. ASTM F667 – Standard Specification for Large Diameter Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe and Fittings.

B. NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:

1. Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.

Where reference is made to one of the above standards, the revision in effect at the time of construction shall apply.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

The Contractor will be responsible for coordinating passive gas vent installation with other portions of the work.

3.02 EXCAVATION

Excavate area for passive gas vent to the dimensions shown in the Details and in a location where shown on the Drawings. Remove large stones or other hard matter which could damage geotextile installation.

Perform temporary dewatering as necessary to keep bearing soils from softening.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Place nonwoven geotextile filter in excavation with a runout of 2 feet on all sides of the excavation.
- B. Place base layer of drainage aggregate (NCDOT NO. 57 Washed Stone) in bottom of excavation on top of the nonwoven geotextile.
- C. Construct HDPE passive gas vent pipe and install. Installation of HDPE pipe shall be in accordance with ASTM D2321, the manufacturer's recommendations, and as described elsewhere in these specifications.
- D. Backfill excavation with drainage aggregate. Ensure that perforated portion of pipe is entirely within the drainage aggregate portion of the passive gas vent system.
- E. Install a section of geocomposite one roll wide, 50 feet long, centered on the passive gas vent pipe, with the long side parallel to the slope. Installation of geocomposite shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and as described elsewhere in these specifications.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Request inspection prior to placing backfill around pipe.

Perform compaction testing in accordance with Section 02277.

When tests indicate Work does not meet specified requirements, remove Work, replace and retest.

3.05 TOLERANCES

Maximum offset of passive pipe vent from indicated alignment is 1 foot.

3.06 PROTECTION

Protect passive gas vents from damage or displacement during backfilling operations and subsequent earthwork operations.

****END OF SECTION****

APPENDIX D: CALCULATIONS

Closure System Slope Stability Evaluation

Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Design

BROWN AND CALDWELL

D-1

Use of contents on this sheet is subject to the limitations specified at the end of this document.

309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202
(704) 358-7204

Prepared for: Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility
Project Title: Closure and Post Closure Plan
Project No: 135836

Technical Memorandum

Subject: Closure System Slope Stability Evaluation
Date: August 6, 2008
Attach: Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility – Closure and Post-Closure Plan

Prepared by:


Carl McDonald, E.I.

Checked by:


Albert Glenn, P.E.

This technical memorandum presents the results of the closure geotechnical evaluation for the proposed Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility for the Closure and Post Closure Plan. The evaluation included the analyses of the static and seismic stability of the landfill's proposed waste mass and final cover system. Final design requirements are presented in the attached calculations at the end of this memorandum.

Static and Seismic Stability

The static and seismic stability of the landfill was evaluated for the proposed waste mass, perimeter berms, native and constructed subgrade, base liner system and the final cover system for two representative landfill closure profile configurations. The computer program Slope/W developed by GeoStudio International was used in calculating the factors of safety for the landfill's static loading and external seismic loading of 0.11g (ref. United States Geological Survey, National Seismic Hazard Map – 2008, peak acceleration %g with 2% probability of exceedance in 50 years). In accordance with Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document 600/R-95/051 loading factors of 1.0 and 0.5 were applied to the static and earthquake loadings, respectively. EPA's guidance document outlines minimum factors of safety of 1.5 for static loadings and 1.0 for seismic loadings. The results of the factor of safety calculations and input parameters are included in the attached Appendix D-1.

A summary of the slope stability results for landfill profile A-A' is as follows:

- North Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.24 (critical slip surface);
- North Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.88 (critical slip surface);
- South Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.45 (critical slip surface); and,
- South Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.04 (critical slip surface).

A summary of the results for landfill profile B-B' is as follows:

- East Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.66 (critical slip surface);
- East Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.32 (critical slip surface);
- West Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.79 (critical slip surface); and,
- West Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.38 (critical slip surface).

Based on the stability evaluation, the completed landfill meets the Federal EPA's guidance document 600/R-95/051 minimum factors of safety against slope failures of 1.5 for static loading and 1.0 for earthquake loading.

Conclusions and Design Requirements

Based on the geotechnical evaluations presented above it is concluded or recommended that:

1. The waste slopes and final cover of the proposed landfill will be stable for static and seismic loading conditions. The required minimum internal friction angle for the soil components shall be 28 degrees.

Project: Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility
Subject: Slope Stability Calculations
Date: 7/28/08
By: CJM, Charlotte, North Carolina

Objective: The slope stability of the overall waste mass, perimeter berms, and final cover system is addressed in these calculations. The landfill is located within a seismic impact zone ($a_{max} = 0.11g$, see attached National Seismic Hazard Map – 2008); therefore, slope stability analysis accounting for earthquake (seismic) loading in accordance with Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document 600/R-95/051 is required.

- Reference:**
1. Federal RCRA Subtitle D Regulation 40 CFR Part 258 (Section 258.14: landfills must be designed for seismic conditions if they are within a seismic impact zone defined as having a peak bedrock acceleration exceeding 0.10g based on a 90 percent probability on non-exceedance over a 250-year time period , corresponding to a 2,500-year return period).
 2. Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document 600/R-95/051 requires that the completed landfill have minimum factors of safety against slope failure of 1.5 for static conditions and 1.0 for earthquake loading with loading factors of 1.0 for static loading and 0.5 for peak bedrock acceleration.
 3. United States Geological Survey, National Seismic Hazard Map – 2008, peak horizontal acceleration (%g) with 2 percent probability of exceedance in 50 years (corresponds to an earthquake return of 2,500 years). See attached figure.
 4. Construction Plan Application, Construction and Demolition Landfill – Lake Norman Landfill, Inc., prepared by S&ME, inc., dated February 20, 1998.
 5. Civil Engineering Reference Manual, eighth edition, Lindeburg.

Method: The slope stability evaluations are conducted for static and earthquake loadings using the computer program Slope/W developed by GeoStudio International.

Known or Assumed Variables:

1. Peak bedrock acceleration = 0.11g (Ref. 3).
2. Residual, Protective Cover & Erosion Soil unit weight = 110 lbs/ft³ (Ref. 4).
3. Saturated Soil Unit Weight (below GW) = 47.6 lbs/ft³ (Ref. 5).
4. Soil cohesion, $C_{soil} = 300$ pounds per square foot (Ref. 4 and 5).
5. Soil internal friction angle, $\Phi_{soil} = 28$ degrees (Ref. 4 and 5).
6. Saturated Soil internal friction angle, $\Phi_{sat} = 10$ degrees (assumed).
7. C&D unit weight = 44.4 pounds per cubic foot (Ref. field tonnages and volumes).
8. C&D cohesion, $C_{waste} = 0$ pounds per square foot (assumed).
9. C&D internal friction angle, $\Phi_{waste} = 33$ degrees (assumed).
10. Bedrock unit weight = 135 pounds per square foot (Ref. 5).
11. Bedrock internal friction angle, $\Phi_{rock} = 45$ degrees (Ref. 5).
12. Bedrock cohesion, $C_{rock} = 9,500$ pounds per square foot (Ref. 5).
13. Closure cap system components, from bottom to top: 12 inches thick of intermediate soil cover, 18 inches thick protective soil cover having a maximum permeability of 1×10^{-5} cm/sec, and 18 inches thick of erosion soil cover.

Calculations:

1. Earthquake (seismic) loading = $0.11 \times 0.5 = 0.055$.
2. The slope stability evaluations for the landfill were performed using the computer program Slope/W for static loading and earthquake loading. The evaluation was completed for landfill profiles A-A' and B-B' (see attached drawings E5 and E6). These profiles were representative of the total landfill profile. The results of the slope stability analyses are included as an attachment.

A summary of the slope stability results for landfill profile A-A' is as follows:

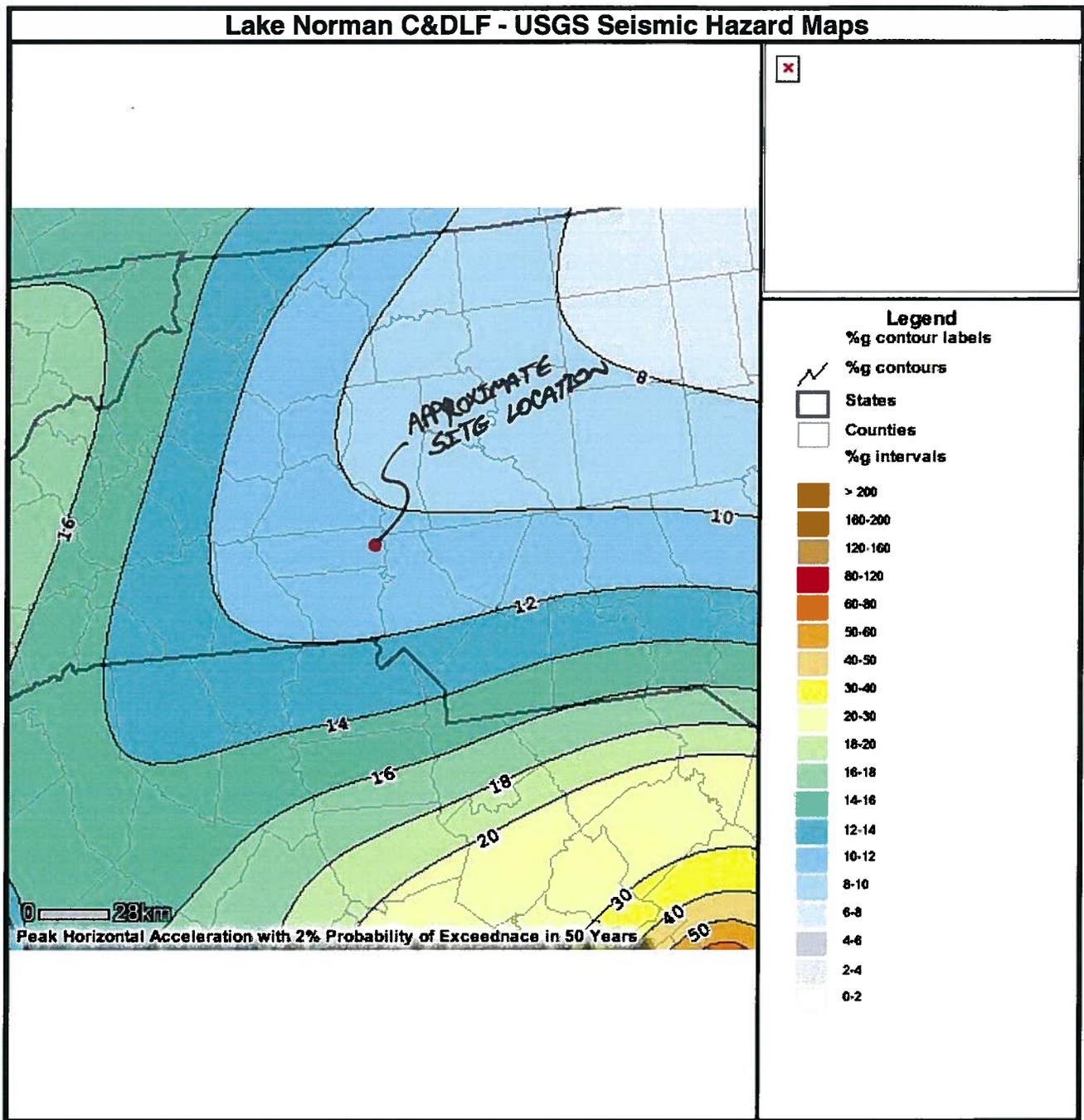
1. North Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.24 (critical slip surface).
2. North Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.88 (critical slip surface).
3. South Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.45 (critical slip surface).
4. South Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 2.04 (critical slip surface).

A summary of the results for landfill profile B-B' is as follows:

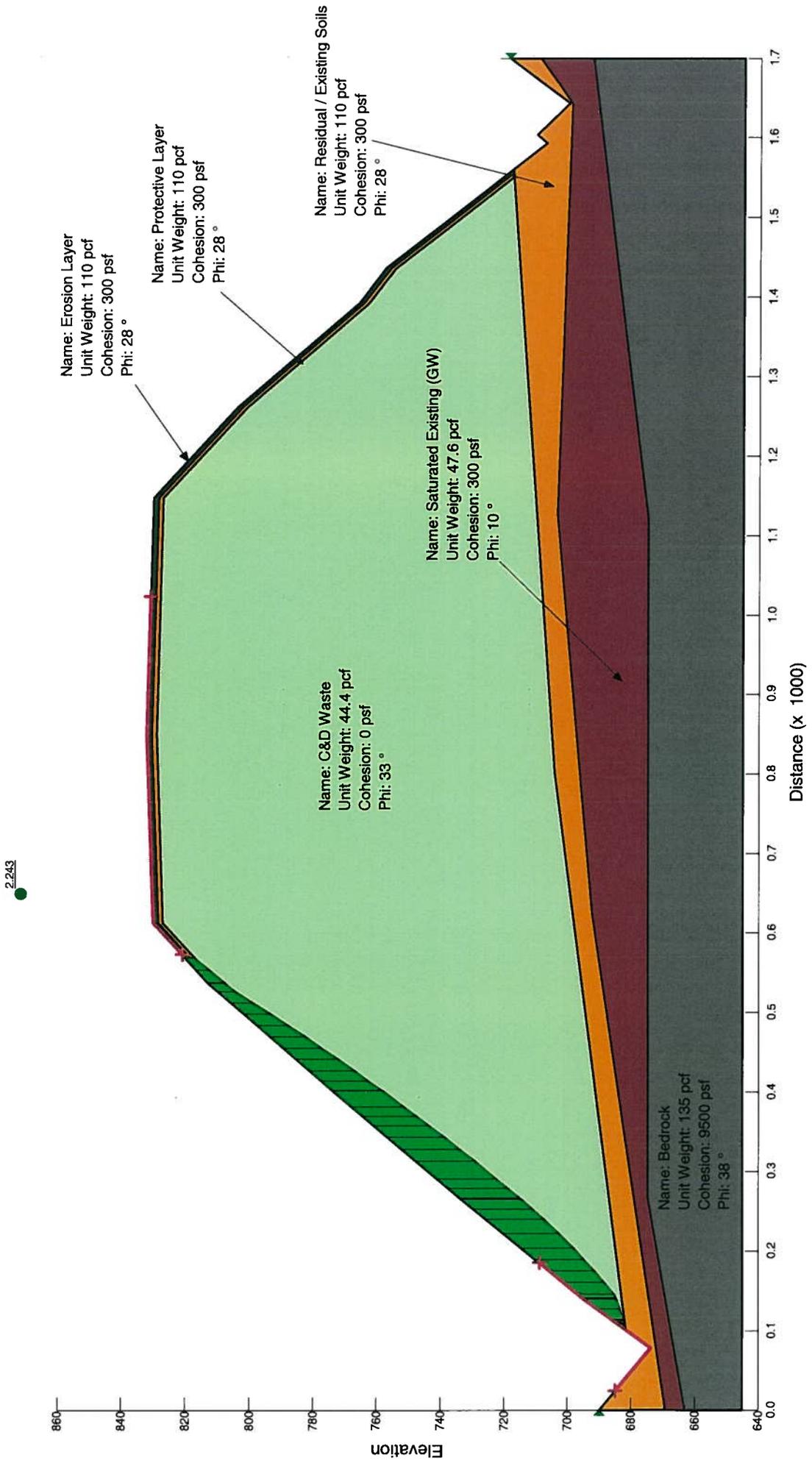
1. East Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.66 (critical slip surface).
2. East Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.32 (critical slip surface).
3. West Slope Static Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.79 (critical slip surface).
4. West Slope Seismic Global Circular Stability Factor of Safety = 1.38 (critical slip surface).

Conclusions:

Based on the calculations above the completed landfill meets the Federal EPA's guidance document 600/R-95/051 minimum factors of safety against slope failures of 1.5 for static loading and 1.0 for earthquake loading.



Lake Norman A-A' - Static North Slope



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

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Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Right to Left
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
 Cohesion: 0 psf
 Phi: 33 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 10 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 135 pcf
 Cohesion: 9500 psf
 Phi: 38 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points	
Region 1	Residual / Existing Soils	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14	1

Region 2	C&D Waste	15,9,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26
Region 3	Erosion Layer	27,8,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,10,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48
Region 4	Protective Layer	27,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,39,38,15,26,25,24,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16
Region 5	Bedrock	49,50,51,52,53,54
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	49,50,51,52,1,2,3,4,5

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	1700	709.15984
Point 2	1643.4066	699.07441
Point 3	1127.53	703.43
Point 4	625.75	692.32
Point 5	1.169202	669.28588
Point 6	0	690
Point 7	78.43	673.74
Point 8	101.39068	681.6187
Point 9	801.93265	704.17209
Point 10	1560.4804	717.79977
Point 11	1593.53	707.2
Point 12	1603.54	710.27
Point 13	1643.3737	700
Point 14	1700	718.87543
Point 15	1551.1735	717.63422
Point 16	111.59742	681.94933
Point 17	141.22821	692.1168
Point 18	267.13945	730.85872
Point 19	402.44219	771.1706
Point 20	537.68475	809.99263
Point 21	613.04689	827.00283
Point 22	849.08266	828.99992
Point 23	1147.7728	827.00225
Point 24	1261.5758	801.08495
Point 25	1392.3457	762.90039

Point 26	1436.2969	754.47782
Point 27	106.49405	681.78401
Point 28	140.3	694.97
Point 29	266.27	733.73
Point 30	401.6	774.05
Point 31	536.94	812.9
Point 32	612.7	830
Point 33	849.08	832
Point 34	1148.12	830
Point 35	1262.33	803.99
Point 36	1393.05	765.82
Point 37	1437.04	757.39
Point 38	1555.8269	717.71699
Point 39	1436.6684	755.93391
Point 40	1392.6978	764.36019
Point 41	1261.9529	802.53747
Point 42	1147.9464	828.50113
Point 43	849.08133	830.49996
Point 44	612.87345	828.50141
Point 45	537.31237	811.44631
Point 46	402.0211	772.6103
Point 47	266.70472	732.29436
Point 48	140.76411	693.5434
Point 49	-6.09e-014	663.12536
Point 50	267.51557	674.75059
Point 51	1122.01	675
Point 52	1700	692.49881
Point 53	1700	645.12725
Point 54	-9.95e-014	645.12725

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4

Left Projection: Range

Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (24.541873, 684.91201) ft

Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (185.29201, 708.8137) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (572.76859, 820.98697) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1024.2443, 830.82849) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (0, 690) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1700, 718.87543) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0
 Vert Seismic Load: 0

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	2.243	(-582.171, 3872.79)	216.4838	(572.769, 820.987)	(109.52, 684.408)
2	51	2.375	(-582.171, 3872.79)	3263.037	(572.769, 820.987)	(105.6, 683.063)

Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	110.54525	683.96705	0	162.54176	86.424985	300
2	112.59615	683.08495	0	360.99786	191.94597	300
3	114.14	682.4209	0	426.82376	277.18259	0
4	121.0688	682.76165	0	453.48699	294.49789	0
5	133.8896	683.8891	0	602.86226	391.50333	0
6	140.53205	684.4732	0	680.2797	441.7788	0
7	140.99615	684.514	0	683.99297	444.19023	0
8	143.8451	684.76455	0	712.86761	462.94164	0
9	153.701	686.58785	0	732.97779	476.00135	0
10	168.179	689.77415	0	789.23617	512.53596	0
11	182.657	692.96045	0	845.562	549.11438	0

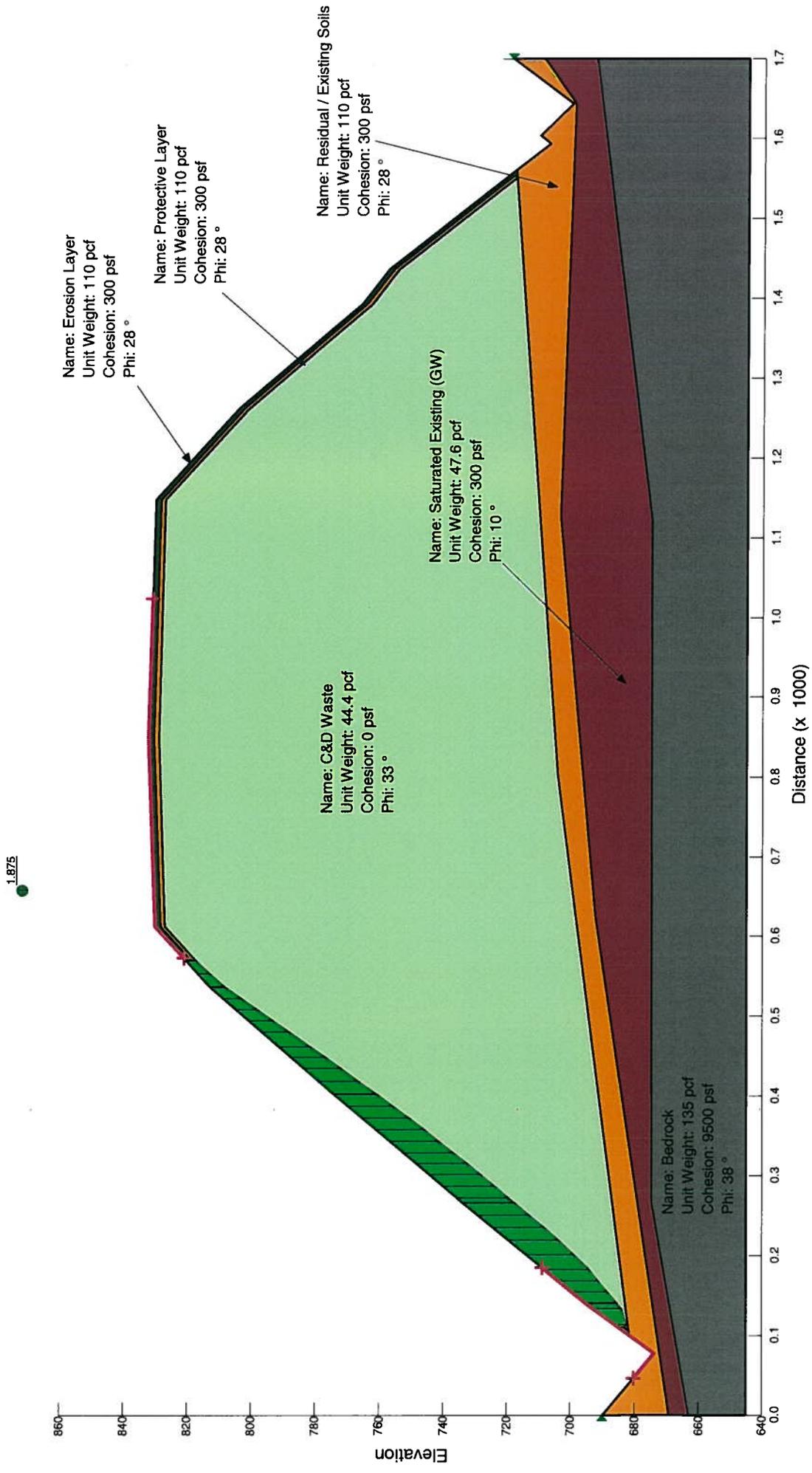
12	197.135	696.14675	0	901.82037	585.649	0
13	213.32295	700.09065	0	927.84831	602.55174	0
14	231.2209	704.7922	0	961.08225	624.13411	0
15	246.48465	708.94985	0	970.44069	630.21155	0
16	259.1141	712.56355	0	980.18468	636.53937	0
17	265.8494	714.4989	0	974.51106	632.85489	0
18	266.48735	714.69375	0	974.25897	632.69117	0
19	266.92205	714.8265	0	973.79698	632.39115	0
20	273.18815	716.74045	0	970.73486	630.40259	0
21	285.2856	720.4355	0	965.20091	626.8088	0
22	302.25965	725.6025	0	959.05725	622.81906	0
23	320.6879	731.32555	0	937.74374	608.97791	0
24	335.69375	736.1326	0	922.1316	598.83926	0
25	350.6996	740.9396	0	906.83678	588.90669	0
26	364.1353	745.29565	0	886.74596	575.85956	0
27	376.00095	749.2008	0	871.05559	565.67012	0
28	391.7669	754.511	0	839.84886	545.40423	0
29	401.81055	757.9405	0	822.03646	533.83672	0
30	402.23165	758.0843	0	820.84536	533.06321	0
31	402.47395	758.16705	0	820.18161	532.63216	0
32	408.56435	760.3092	0	799.9863	519.51718	0
33	420.68165	764.5718	0	769.3679	499.63336	0
34	433.9769	769.28215	0	732.90708	475.95542	0
35	448.45005	774.4403	0	694.44264	450.97632	0
36	462.92315	779.5985	0	656.10836	426.08175	0
37	477.19435	784.93225	0	599.33737	389.21424	0
38	491.26365	790.44155	0	544.45806	353.5752	0
39	505.33295	795.9509	0	489.42653	317.83731	0
40	519.40225	801.46025	0	434.13689	281.93179	0
41	531.68845	805.79985	0	416.78744	270.66493	0
42	537.1262	807.441	0	412.48214	267.86903	0
43	537.49855	807.5534	0	409.96261	266.23283	0
44	545.48815	809.9647	0	384.64181	249.78931	0
45	561.09505	814.67495	0	336.48874	218.51834	0
46	568.90345	817.03515	0	260.59581	169.2329	0
47	569.87345	818.0269	0	95.245548	50.642956	300
48	571.80355	820.0003	0	-41.360862	-21.99196	300

Slices of Slip Surface: 51

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	111.9213	684.43925	0	59.605894	31.693016	300
2	124.784	687.2671	0	229.24772	121.89317	300
3	135.81285	689.731	0	355.40971	230.80576	0
4	140.53205	690.79585	0	377.64314	245.24432	0
5	140.99615	690.9013	0	378.17697	245.59099	0
6	149.0433	692.751	0	404.27432	262.53881	0
7	164.67355	696.3855	0	453.20049	294.31184	0
8	180.3038	700.1012	0	498.45508	323.70051	0
9	195.934	703.89835	0	539.99092	350.6742	0
10	211.5642	707.7772	0	577.78638	375.21886	0
11	227.19445	711.7381	0	611.82749	397.32542	0
12	242.8247	715.78135	0	642.08786	416.97673	0
13	258.4549	719.9073	0	668.69639	434.25651	0
14	266.48735	722.04955	0	680.67071	442.03273	0
15	266.92205	722.16665	0	680.86757	442.16057	0
16	274.60945	724.25795	0	688.35233	447.02123	0
17	289.54955	728.3616	0	700.61328	454.98358	0
18	304.4896	732.5417	0	709.66666	460.86291	0
19	319.42965	736.79855	0	715.45879	464.62437	0
20	334.36975	741.13245	0	718.06758	466.31854	0
21	349.3098	745.5437	0	717.56922	465.9949	0
22	364.24985	750.03265	0	714.04093	463.7036	0
23	379.1899	754.59965	0	707.43207	459.41176	0
24	394.12995	759.24505	0	697.88355	453.21088	0
25	401.81055	761.654	0	691.6255	449.14685	0
26	402.23165	761.7872	0	690.80347	448.61302	0
27	409.9143	764.2385	0	680.37966	441.84371	0
28	424.8585	769.0476	0	658.25904	427.47842	0
29	439.8027	773.9362	0	633.17556	411.18902	0
30	454.7469	778.9047	0	605.20811	393.02674	0
31	469.6911	783.9535	0	574.31576	372.96502	0
32	484.6353	789.083	0	540.45919	350.9783	0
33	499.5795	794.2936	0	503.59912	327.04109	0
34	514.5237	799.58565	0	463.67174	301.11195	0
35	529.4679	804.95965	0	420.61522	273.15072	0
36	537.1262	807.7352	0	396.16563	257.27297	0
37	537.49855	807.8712	0	392.74276	255.05013	0

38	544.89745	810.5939	0	350.42146	227.56636	0
39	557.34165	815.1983	0	195.1026	103.73789	300
40	567.67085	819.0675	0	36.099512	19.194451	300

Lake Norman A-A' Seismic - North Slope



Lake Norman Closure

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Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Right to Left
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
 Cohesion: 0 psf
 Phi: 33 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 10 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 135 pcf
 Cohesion: 9500 psf
 Phi: 38 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points	A
Region 1	Residual / Existing Soils	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14	14

Region 2	C&D Waste	15,9,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26	12
Region 3	Erosion Layer	27,8,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,10,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48	22
Region 4	Protective Layer	27,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,39,38,15,26,25,24,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16	22
Region 5	Bedrock	49,50,51,52,53,54	52
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	49,50,51,52,1,2,3,4,5	26

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	1700	709.15984
Point 2	1643.4066	699.07441
Point 3	1127.53	703.43
Point 4	625.75	692.32
Point 5	1.169202	669.28588
Point 6	0	690
Point 7	78.43	673.74
Point 8	101.39068	681.6187
Point 9	801.93265	704.17209
Point 10	1560.4804	717.79977
Point 11	1593.53	707.2
Point 12	1603.54	710.27
Point 13	1643.3737	700
Point 14	1700	718.87543
Point 15	1551.1735	717.63422
Point 16	111.59742	681.94933
Point 17	141.22821	692.1168
Point 18	267.13945	730.85872
Point 19	402.44219	771.1706
Point 20	537.68475	809.99263
Point 21	613.04689	827.00283
Point 22	849.08266	828.99992
Point 23	1147.7728	827.00225
Point 24	1261.5758	801.08495
Point 25	1392.3457	762.90039

Point 26	1436.2969	754.47782
Point 27	106.49405	681.78401
Point 28	140.3	694.97
Point 29	266.27	733.73
Point 30	401.6	774.05
Point 31	536.94	812.9
Point 32	612.7	830
Point 33	849.08	832
Point 34	1148.12	830
Point 35	1262.33	803.99
Point 36	1393.05	765.82
Point 37	1437.04	757.39
Point 38	1555.8269	717.71699
Point 39	1436.6684	755.93391
Point 40	1392.6978	764.36019
Point 41	1261.9529	802.53747
Point 42	1147.9464	828.50113
Point 43	849.08133	830.49996
Point 44	612.87345	828.50141
Point 45	537.31237	811.44631
Point 46	402.0211	772.6103
Point 47	266.70472	732.29436
Point 48	140.76411	693.5434
Point 49	-6.09e-014	663.12536
Point 50	267.51557	674.75059
Point 51	1122.01	675
Point 52	1700	692.49881
Point 53	1700	645.12725
Point 54	-9.95e-014	645.12725

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4

Left Projection: Range

Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (46.995876, 680.25688) ft

Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (185.29201, 708.8137) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (572.76859, 820.98697) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1024.2443, 830.82849) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (0, 690) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1700, 718.87543) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0.055
 Vert Seismic Load: 0.055

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	1.875	(-550.908, 3798.87)	215.989	(572.769, 820.987)	(108.921, 684.203)
2	51	1.996	(-550.908, 3798.87)	3182.836	(572.769, 820.987)	(116.445, 686.784)

Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	110.04495	683.79535	0	169.20365	89.967179	300
2	112.29225	682.98065	0	380.2491	202.18203	300
3	113.66875	682.48165	0	440.62045	286.14227	0
4	124.08085	683.15735	0	512.16113	332.60133	0
5	137.27005	684.5496	0	630.54953	409.48365	0
6	140.53205	685.22235	0	650.2582	422.28261	0
7	140.99615	685.31805	0	651.39775	423.02264	0
8	148.1539	686.7943	0	685.02778	444.86224	0
9	162.0053	689.65105	0	751.40017	487.96498	0
10	175.8567	692.50775	0	818.00589	531.21923	0
11	191.99855	696.3076	0	849.38117	551.59458	0

12	210.4308	701.05055	0	890.57348	578.34518	0
13	227.4174	705.73055	0	891.84877	579.17336	0
14	242.95845	710.3477	0	896.72158	582.3378	0
15	258.4995	714.96485	0	901.47104	585.42214	0
16	266.48735	717.338	0	903.6747	586.85321	0
17	266.92205	717.46715	0	903.36599	586.65273	0
18	269.8669	718.34205	0	902.89487	586.34678	0
19	279.8536	721.36795	0	894.16235	580.67582	0
20	294.372	725.7991	0	887.37692	576.26931	0
21	308.48435	730.1347	0	877.10739	569.6002	0
22	322.19065	734.37475	0	868.53426	564.03274	0
23	336.29235	738.83635	0	847.27573	550.22729	0
24	350.7894	743.51945	0	830.47199	539.31482	0
25	365.28645	748.20255	0	814.0621	528.65811	0
26	379.80125	753.00645	0	784.46375	509.43671	0
27	394.33375	757.93115	0	759.69875	493.35414	0
28	401.81055	760.46485	0	746.88985	485.03594	0
29	402.23165	760.60755	0	745.72031	484.27643	0
30	402.6971	760.76525	0	744.58141	483.53682	0
31	410.8886	763.5678	0	724.61609	470.57119	0
32	426.76185	769.00025	0	689.33002	447.65615	0
33	441.42925	774.0931	0	649.81133	421.99241	0
34	454.89075	778.8463	0	614.97661	399.37048	0
35	471.0581	784.5921	0	570.60537	370.55546	0
36	487.4117	790.4424	0	525.22141	341.08277	0
37	501.2457	795.4046	0	486.74427	316.09542	0
38	515.0797	800.3668	0	448.15146	291.03296	0
39	528.9137	805.329	0	409.39536	265.86446	0
40	536.38535	807.9639	0	403.4675	262.01486	0
41	537.1262	808.16935	0	402.55507	261.42232	0
42	537.49855	808.27265	0	400.27782	259.94346	0
43	545.64265	810.5316	0	381.35111	247.65231	0
44	561.55855	814.9462	0	345.82365	224.5805	0
45	569.5291	817.1683	0	253.32978	164.51428	0
46	570.3484	818.1341	0	60.763475	32.308513	300
47	571.96185	820.03605	0	-73.657921	-39.164611	300

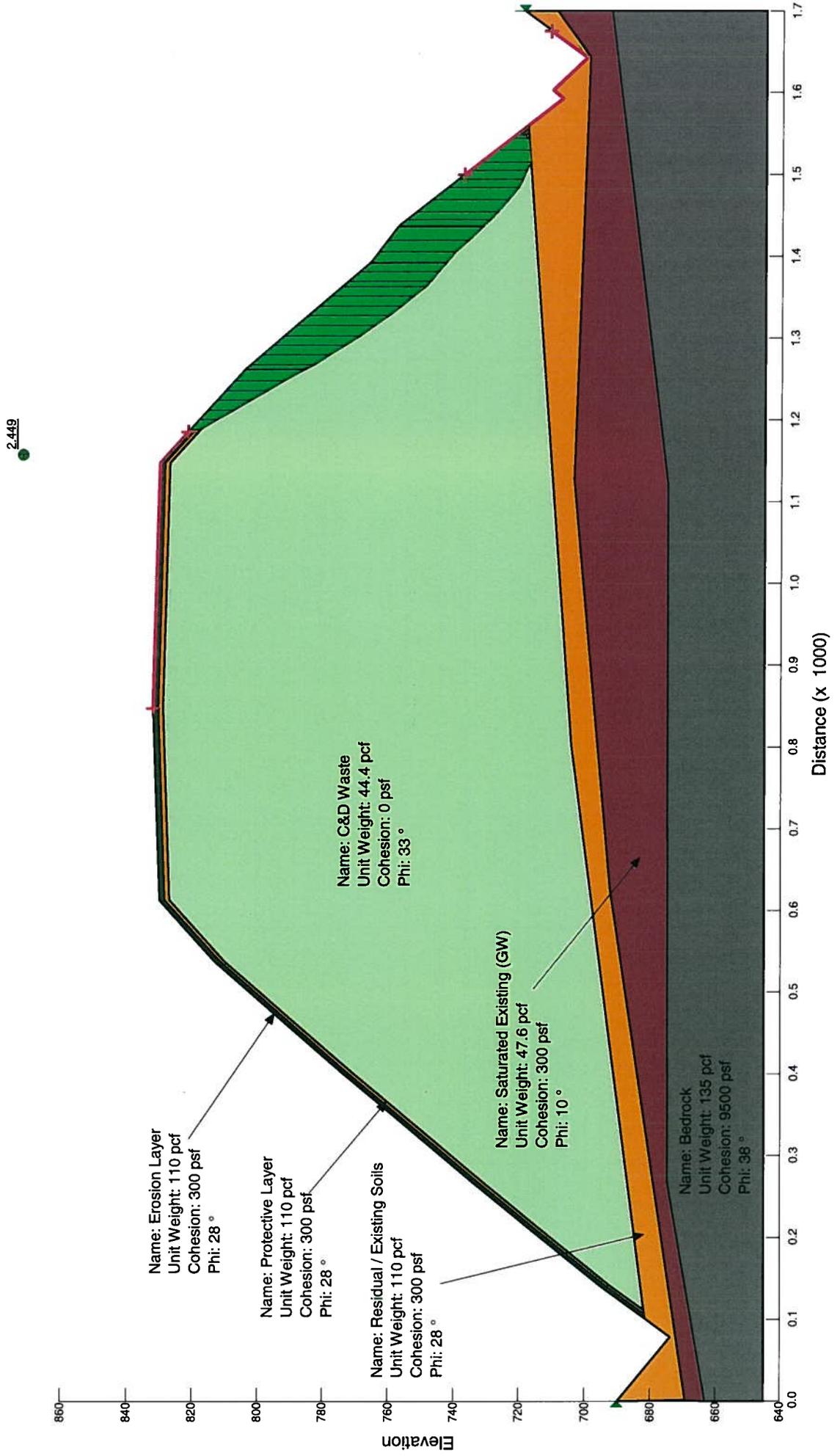
Slices of Slip Surface: 51

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure	Base	Frictional	Cohesive
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			(psf)	Normal Stress (psf)	Strength (psf)	Strength (psf)
1	122.7089	688.1409	0	59.266304	31.512453	300
2	134.63625	690.7465	0	225.82403	120.07277	300
3	140.53205	692.04735	0	305.13576	162.24356	300
4	141.501	692.26325	0	314.40614	167.17271	300
5	149.9899	694.17755	0	372.85928	242.13765	0
6	165.4939	697.7184	0	426.29781	276.84104	0
7	180.9979	701.3409	0	475.87214	309.03498	0
8	196.5019	705.04535	0	521.53474	338.68862	0
9	212.00595	708.832	0	563.24587	365.77615	0
10	227.51	712.7012	0	600.99064	390.28789	0
11	243.014	716.65325	0	634.78639	412.2351	0
12	258.518	720.68845	0	664.58363	431.58566	0
13	266.48735	722.78465	0	678.17478	440.41185	0
14	266.92205	722.9002	0	678.46053	440.59742	0
15	274.60945	724.9641	0	687.35431	446.37311	0
16	289.54955	729.01535	0	702.26542	456.05649	0
17	304.4896	733.1448	0	713.69948	463.48186	0
18	319.42965	737.3527	0	721.60468	468.61556	0
19	334.36975	741.63935	0	726.1234	471.55005	0
20	349.3098	746.00515	0	727.33366	472.336	0
21	364.24985	750.45045	0	725.31267	471.02355	0
22	379.1899	754.97555	0	720.01116	467.58072	0
23	394.12995	759.58085	0	711.57159	462.09999	0
24	401.81055	761.96965	0	705.77412	458.33508	0
25	402.23165	762.1018	0	704.97306	457.81486	0
26	409.9143	764.53395	0	694.90473	451.27641	0
27	424.8585	769.3066	0	673.23897	437.2065	0
28	439.8027	774.1606	0	648.44055	421.10222	0
29	454.7469	779.0964	0	620.66697	403.06585	0
30	469.6911	784.11435	0	589.76989	383.00104	0
31	484.6353	789.21485	0	555.7489	360.90755	0
32	499.5795	794.39835	0	518.5537	336.75271	0
33	514.5237	799.6653	0	478.12176	310.4959	0
34	529.4679	805.0161	0	434.37321	282.08526	0
35	537.1262	807.78025	0	409.47003	265.91294	0
36	537.49855	807.91575	0	405.91851	263.60656	0
37	544.8114	810.59665	0	362.9385	235.69502	0
38	557.2159	815.16995	0	197.9652	105.25996	300

39	567.63115	819.05855	0	32.113189	17.074885	300
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Lake Norman A-A' - Static South Slope



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

Created By: McDonald, Carl
Revision Number: 50
Last Edited By: McDonald, Carl
Date: 8/6/2008
Time: 1:04:16 PM
File Name: Lake_Norman_A-A'_south.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Left to Right
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
 Cohesion: 0 psf
 Phi: 33 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 10 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 135 pcf
 Cohesion: 9500 psf
 Phi: 38 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points	
Region 1	Residual / Existing Soils	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14	14

Region 2	C&D Waste	15,9,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26	1
Region 3	Erosion Layer	27,8,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,10,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48	2
Region 4	Protective Layer	27,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,39,38,15,26,25,24,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16	2
Region 5	Bedrock	49,50,51,52,53,54	5
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	49,50,51,52,1,2,3,4,5	2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	1700	709.15984
Point 2	1643.4066	699.07441
Point 3	1127.53	703.43
Point 4	625.75	692.32
Point 5	1.169202	669.28588
Point 6	0	690
Point 7	78.43	673.74
Point 8	101.39068	681.6187
Point 9	801.93265	704.17209
Point 10	1560.4804	717.79977
Point 11	1593.53	707.2
Point 12	1603.54	710.27
Point 13	1643.3737	700
Point 14	1700	718.87543
Point 15	1551.1735	717.63422
Point 16	111.59742	681.94933
Point 17	141.22821	692.1168
Point 18	267.13945	730.85872
Point 19	402.44219	771.1706
Point 20	537.68475	809.99263
Point 21	613.04689	827.00283
Point 22	849.08266	828.99992
Point 23	1147.7728	827.00225
Point 24	1261.5758	801.08495
Point 25	1392.3457	762.90039

Point 26	1436.2969	754.47782
Point 27	106.49405	681.78401
Point 28	140.3	694.97
Point 29	266.27	733.73
Point 30	401.6	774.05
Point 31	536.94	812.9
Point 32	612.7	830
Point 33	849.08	832
Point 34	1148.12	830
Point 35	1262.33	803.99
Point 36	1393.05	765.82
Point 37	1437.04	757.39
Point 38	1555.8269	717.71699
Point 39	1436.6684	755.93391
Point 40	1392.6978	764.36019
Point 41	1261.9529	802.53747
Point 42	1147.9464	828.50113
Point 43	849.08133	830.49996
Point 44	612.87345	828.50141
Point 45	537.31237	811.44631
Point 46	402.0211	772.6103
Point 47	266.70472	732.29436
Point 48	140.76411	693.5434
Point 49	-6.09e-014	663.12536
Point 50	267.51557	674.75059
Point 51	1122.01	675
Point 52	1700	692.49881
Point 53	1700	645.12725
Point 54	-9.95e-014	645.12725

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4

Left Projection: Range

Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (847.63412, 831.98777) ft

Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (1186.068, 821.35779) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (1500.0038, 737.19605) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1676.0659, 710.89739) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (0, 690) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1700, 718.87543) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0
 Vert Seismic Load: 0

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	2.449	(1476.94, 1180.1)	171.3509	(1186.04, 821.364)	(1553.02, 720.193)
2	107	2.607	(1476.94, 1180.1)	461.851	(1186.07, 821.358)	(1543.87, 723.126)

Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	1186.725	820.439	0	-62.102001	-33.02022	300
2	1188.0925	818.58915	0	68.974211	36.674238	300
3	1188.862	817.54785	0	251.25821	163.16899	0
4	1194.8385	814.89315	0	357.60531	232.2316	0
5	1206.619	809.81645	0	448.40987	291.20077	0
6	1218.399	804.73975	0	538.02168	349.39536	0
7	1230.179	799.66305	0	626.62005	406.93182	0
8	1241.959	794.5864	0	714.42325	463.95189	0
9	1254.7125	788.89405	0	807.00628	524.07601	0
10	1261.7645	785.65335	0	866.25785	562.55442	0
11	1262.1415	785.48005	0	870.76371	565.48056	0

12	1265.2125	784.06875	0	889.80774	577.8479	0
13	1273.9005	780.41985	0	951.94234	618.19859	0
14	1285.5115	775.77135	0	997.43665	647.74293	0
15	1297.1225	771.1229	0	1043.5706	677.70267	0
16	1309.2175	766.6077	0	1108.355	719.77413	0
17	1321.796	762.22565	0	1137.3345	738.59367	0
18	1333.866	758.1921	0	1177.699	764.80665	0
19	1345.4275	754.50705	0	1193.1917	774.86778	0
20	1356.989	750.82195	0	1209.3438	785.35705	0
21	1366.2825	748.1579	0	1269.5381	824.44769	0
22	1375.4325	746.1526	0	1262.2081	819.6875	0
23	1386.708	743.785	0	1226.6211	796.57707	0
24	1392.522	742.56425	0	1206.8998	783.7699	0
25	1392.874	742.4903	0	1203.5373	781.58625	0
26	1399.3665	741.12695	0	1208.5032	784.81116	0
27	1412.792	737.77405	0	1195.4153	776.31177	0
28	1428.099	733.62035	0	1267.5932	823.18462	0
29	1436.4825	731.445	0	1295.0935	841.04355	0
30	1436.854	731.3486	0	1299.1834	843.69956	0
31	1441.038	730.263	0	1292.0608	839.07411	0
32	1449.5095	728.0983	0	1275.8785	828.56518	0
33	1461.3945	725.382	0	1254.0312	814.37738	0
34	1476.2175	722.20395	0	1186.4846	770.51212	0
35	1488.9015	720.0181	0	1153.1402	748.85799	0
36	1499.4465	718.82445	0	1049.0202	681.24171	0
37	1509.992	717.6308	0	945.46565	613.99257	0
38	1522.4625	717.1876	0	817.5248	530.90681	0
39	1536.8575	717.49485	0	577.02485	374.72432	0
40	1545.9315	718.1811	0	439.80636	285.61359	0
41	1549.1105	719.08345	0	320.08167	170.19044	300
42	1551.716	719.823	0	130.89467	69.597932	300

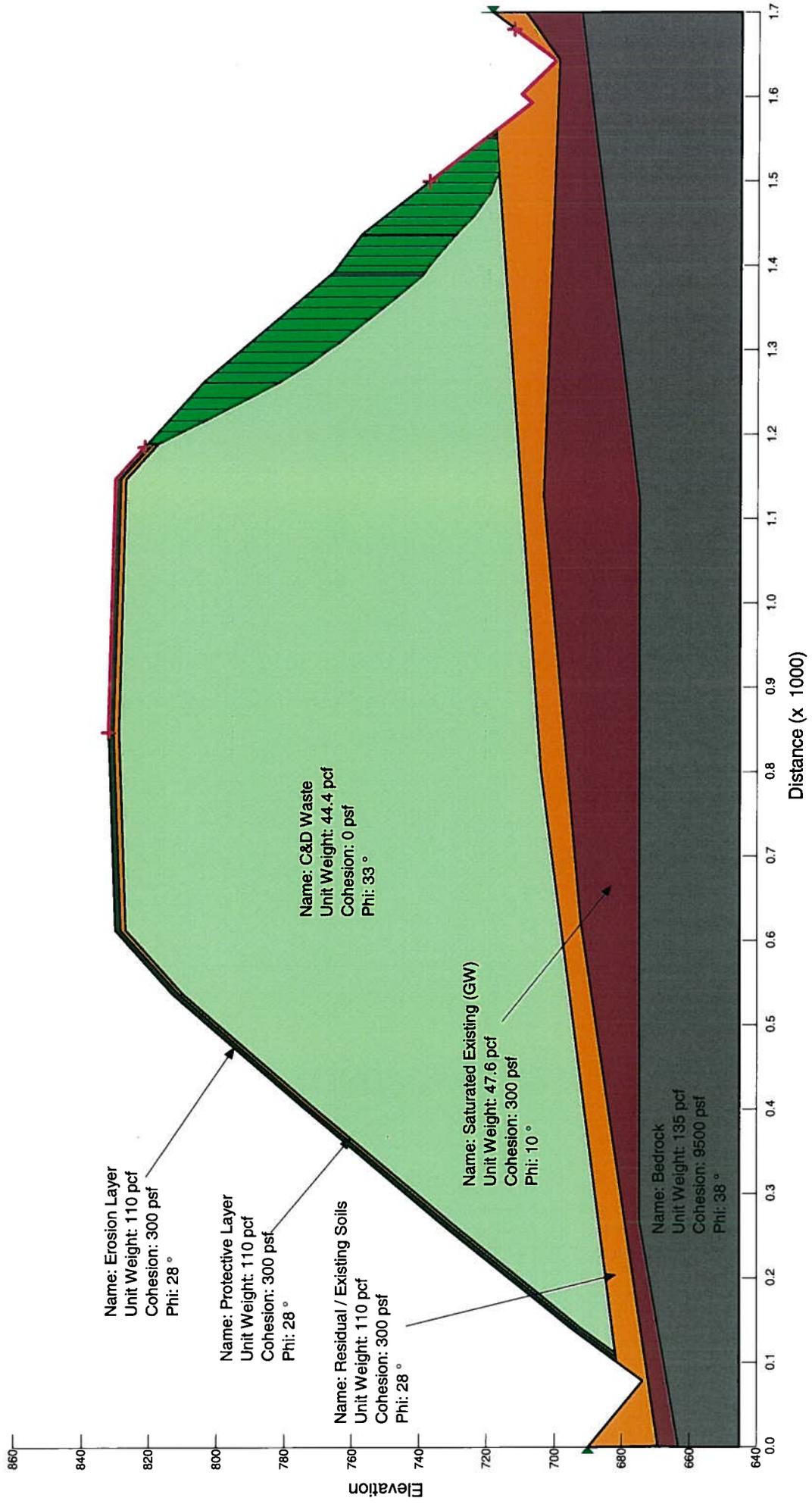
Slices of Slip Surface: 107

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	1187.401	820.28495	0	- 5.7224051	-3.0426567	300
2	1190.0965	818.1327	0	141.57708	75.277871	300

3	1197.302	812.60705	0	396.28259	257.34892	0
4	1208.988	803.99785	0	607.90125	394.77569	0
5	1220.674	795.93705	0	799.09854	518.94066	0
6	1232.36	788.39075	0	973.09208	631.93339	0
7	1244.0465	781.3297	0	1132.6457	735.5487	0
8	1255.733	774.72855	0	1279.7584	831.08485	0
9	1261.7645	771.4407	0	1352.0711	878.04526	0
10	1262.1415	771.24235	0	1357.7979	881.76427	0
11	1268.24	768.14925	0	1413.9228	918.21219	0
12	1280.0595	762.3698	0	1513.0389	982.57893	0
13	1291.879	756.9994	0	1602.9467	1040.9658	0
14	1303.6985	752.0227	0	1683.9891	1093.5953	0
15	1315.518	747.4261	0	1756.1284	1140.4431	0
16	1327.338	743.19755	0	1818.9109	1181.2146	0
17	1339.1575	739.32645	0	1871.7655	1215.5387	0
18	1350.977	735.80345	0	1913.6665	1242.7495	0
19	1362.7965	732.6204	0	1943.442	1262.086	0
20	1374.616	729.77	0	1959.6148	1272.5887	0
21	1386.436	727.24595	0	1960.8087	1273.3641	0
22	1392.522	726.03205	0	1954.1466	1269.0376	0
23	1392.874	725.9667	0	1951.44	1267.28	0
24	1398.456	725.0018	0	1964.1638	1275.5429	0
25	1409.2675	723.26865	0	1982.0731	1287.1733	0
26	1420.079	721.79705	0	1984.8773	1288.9944	0
27	1430.891	720.5845	0	1971.355	1280.2129	0
28	1436.4825	720.0264	0	1959.5137	1272.5231	0
29	1436.854	719.9939	0	1961.6633	1273.919	0
30	1443.2885	719.5211	0	1904.3188	1236.6791	0
31	1455.786	718.7779	0	1769.5897	1149.185	0
32	1468.2835	718.37405	0	1610.178	1045.6618	0
33	1480.7805	718.3087	0	1427.1769	926.81954	0
34	1493.2775	718.58175	0	1222.0233	793.5912	0
35	1505.775	719.19375	0	997.03803	647.48407	0
36	1518.2725	720.14605	0	754.71668	490.11874	0
37	1530.7695	721.4408	0	497.98823	323.39734	0
38	1538.7465	722.40745	0	289.38228	153.86729	300
39	1542.1745	722.8833	0	108.01848	57.434442	300

Lake Norman A-A' - Seismic South Slope

2.044



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

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File Name: Lake_Norman_A-A'_seismic_south.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Left to Right
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
 Cohesion: 0 psf
 Phi: 33 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 110 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 28 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
 Cohesion: 300 psf
 Phi: 10 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
 Unit Weight: 135 pcf
 Cohesion: 9500 psf
 Phi: 38 °
 Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points	
Region 1	Residual / Existing Soils	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14	1.

Region 2	C&D Waste	15,9,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26	1
Region 3	Erosion Layer	27,8,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,10,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48	2
Region 4	Protective Layer	27,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,39,38,15,26,25,24,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16	2
Region 5	Bedrock	49,50,51,52,53,54	5
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	49,50,51,52,1,2,3,4,5	2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	1700	709.15984
Point 2	1643.4066	699.07441
Point 3	1127.53	703.43
Point 4	625.75	692.32
Point 5	1.169202	669.28588
Point 6	0	690
Point 7	78.43	673.74
Point 8	101.39068	681.6187
Point 9	801.93265	704.17209
Point 10	1560.4804	717.79977
Point 11	1593.53	707.2
Point 12	1603.54	710.27
Point 13	1643.3737	700
Point 14	1700	718.87543
Point 15	1551.1735	717.63422
Point 16	111.59742	681.94933
Point 17	141.22821	692.1168
Point 18	267.13945	730.85872
Point 19	402.44219	771.1706
Point 20	537.68475	809.99263
Point 21	613.04689	827.00283
Point 22	849.08266	828.99992
Point 23	1147.7728	827.00225
Point 24	1261.5758	801.08495
Point 25	1392.3457	762.90039

Point 26	1436.2969	754.47782
Point 27	106.49405	681.78401
Point 28	140.3	694.97
Point 29	266.27	733.73
Point 30	401.6	774.05
Point 31	536.94	812.9
Point 32	612.7	830
Point 33	849.08	832
Point 34	1148.12	830
Point 35	1262.33	803.99
Point 36	1393.05	765.82
Point 37	1437.04	757.39
Point 38	1555.8269	717.71699
Point 39	1436.6684	755.93391
Point 40	1392.6978	764.36019
Point 41	1261.9529	802.53747
Point 42	1147.9464	828.50113
Point 43	849.08133	830.49996
Point 44	612.87345	828.50141
Point 45	537.31237	811.44631
Point 46	402.0211	772.6103
Point 47	266.70472	732.29436
Point 48	140.76411	693.5434
Point 49	-6.09e-014	663.12536
Point 50	267.51557	674.75059
Point 51	1122.01	675
Point 52	1700	692.49881
Point 53	1700	645.12725
Point 54	-9.95e-014	645.12725

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4

Left Projection: Range

Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (847.63412, 831.98777) ft

Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (1186.068, 821.35779) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (1500.0038, 737.19605) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1680.776, 712.46744) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (0, 690) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1700, 718.87543) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0.055
 Vert Seismic Load: 0.055

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	2.044	(1477.99, 1181.33)	174.2634	(1185.92, 821.393)	(1555.07, 719.535)
2	107	2.160	(1477.99, 1181.33)	463.457	(1186.07, 821.358)	(1545.06, 722.747)

Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	1186.82	820.4173	0	- 52.899577	-28.127204	300
2	1188.6305	818.4665	0	87.14529	46.335973	300
3	1190.0465	816.94115	0	279.54606	181.53934	0
4	1197.2515	813.08225	0	411.40558	267.16991	0
5	1210.6405	806.46435	0	545.37822	354.17275	0
6	1224.0295	799.84645	0	676.12356	439.07977	0
7	1237.4185	793.22855	0	804.2777	522.30404	0
8	1252.838	785.78225	0	951.53819	617.93613	0
9	1261.5695	781.64235	0	1065.0678	691.66314	0

10	1261.7645	781.56445	0	1067.0451	692.94719	0
11	1262.1415	781.41375	0	1070.9111	695.45781	0
12	1268.088	779.0372	0	1094.7169	710.91745	0
13	1279.6035	774.4348	0	1139.1474	739.77098	0
14	1291.675	769.9651	0	1210.5711	786.15404	0
15	1304.303	765.62815	0	1237.0099	803.32364	0
16	1317.319	761.30545	0	1276.8856	829.2192	0
17	1330.723	756.997	0	1296.7726	842.13395	0
18	1344.127	752.68855	0	1318.08	855.97118	0
19	1357.0655	748.67235	0	1353.9841	879.28753	0
20	1369.5385	744.9484	0	1364.4318	886.07238	0
21	1382.0115	741.22445	0	1375.4942	893.25635	0
22	1389.051	739.16465	0	1429.0854	928.0589	0
23	1391.1	738.74485	0	1491.3949	968.52319	0
24	1392.522	738.49155	0	1483.4777	963.38168	0
25	1392.874	738.4288	0	1479.4242	960.74929	0
26	1396.5615	737.7718	0	1476.7386	959.00524	0
27	1405.915	735.90485	0	1449.3579	941.224	0
28	1417.5995	733.4222	0	1464.594	951.11846	0
29	1429.284	730.93955	0	1478.8255	960.36054	0
30	1435.7115	729.55615	0	1458.8974	947.41904	0
31	1436.4825	729.369	0	1462.466	949.7365	0
32	1436.854	729.2788	0	1466.5198	952.36909	0
33	1442.2065	727.97975	0	1452.5739	943.3125	0
34	1452.5395	725.47185	0	1420.3153	922.36357	0
35	1464.794	722.95765	0	1411.4323	916.59486	0
36	1478.9695	720.43715	0	1315.4477	854.26172	0
37	1492.0415	718.64585	0	1256.9713	816.28669	0
38	1504.01	717.5838	0	1112.8228	722.67558	0
39	1516.704	717.14785	0	971.83663	631.11809	0
40	1530.1235	717.338	0	732.44279	475.65391	0
41	1543.543	717.5282	0	501.35683	325.58493	0
42	1550.4665	717.70795	0	437.51186	284.12352	0
43	1551.7775	718.2282	0	379.23042	201.64039	300
44	1553.9725	719.09945	0	169.00509	89.861601	300

Slices of Slip Surface: 107

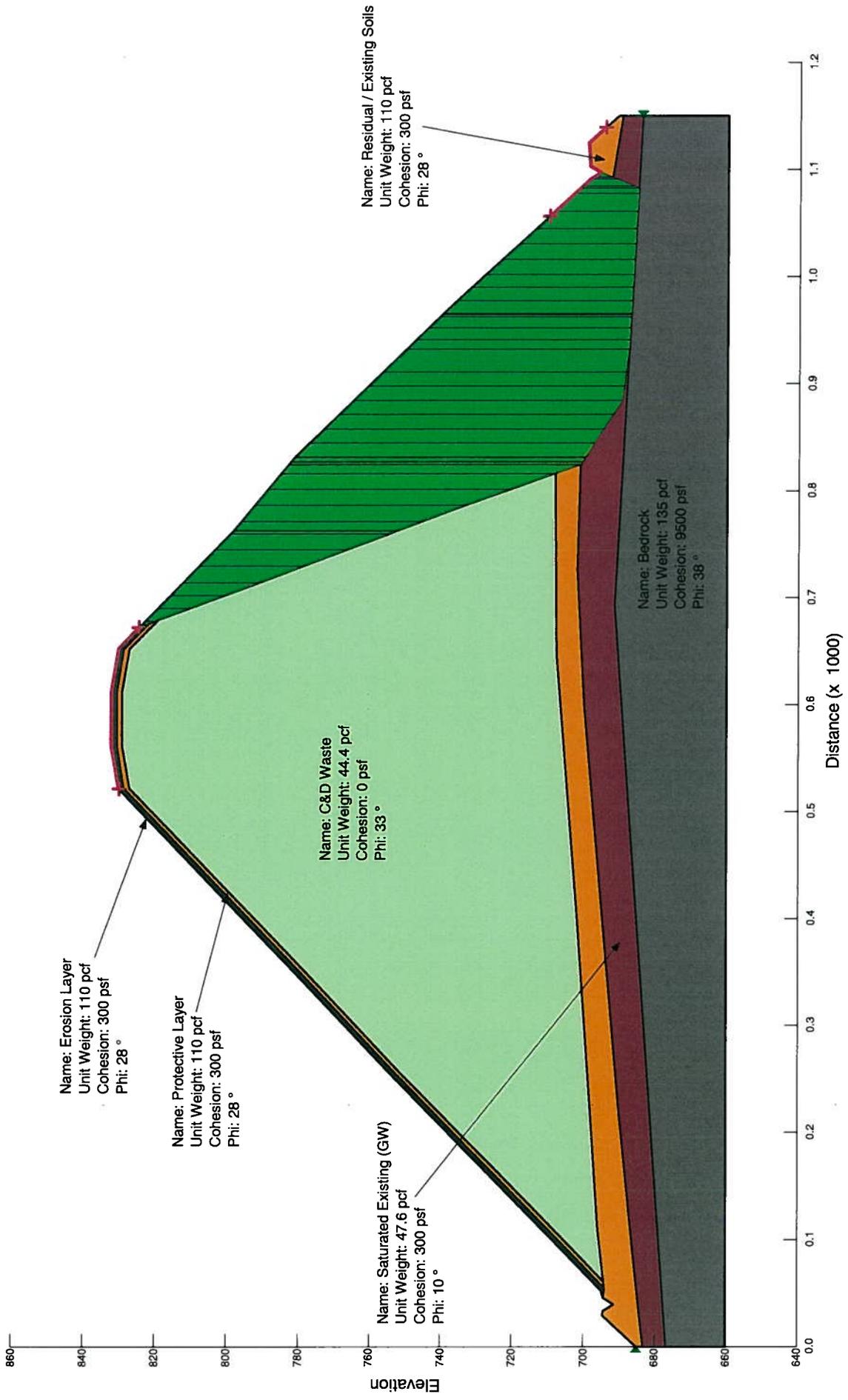
	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
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				(psf)		
1	1187.401	820.28505	0	- 17.314671	-9.206374	300
2	1190.0955	818.133	0	134.23514	71.37409	300
3	1197.3	812.60555	0	403.60976	262.10724	0
4	1208.9865	803.9918	0	617.59765	401.0726	0
5	1220.673	795.92495	0	810.47	526.32537	0
6	1232.3595	788.3712	0	985.97834	640.30182	0
7	1244.046	781.3015	0	1147.0812	744.92326	0
8	1255.7325	774.69055	0	1296.3796	841.87874	0
9	1261.7645	771.39735	0	1370.0918	889.74801	0
10	1262.1415	771.1987	0	1375.9656	893.56252	0
11	1268.24	768.09975	0	1433.5182	930.93758	0
12	1280.0595	762.30845	0	1536.1466	997.58527	0
13	1291.879	756.92535	0	1630.8024	1059.0555	0
14	1303.6985	751.93505	0	1717.7842	1115.5421	0
15	1315.518	747.324	0	1797.2384	1167.1403	0
16	1327.338	743.08015	0	1868.6549	1213.5187	0
17	1339.1575	739.19295	0	1931.2371	1254.16	0
18	1350.977	735.6531	0	1983.7989	1288.2941	0
19	1362.7965	732.45235	0	2024.7596	1314.8943	0
20	1374.616	729.5835	0	2052.4599	1332.883	0
21	1386.436	727.0402	0	2064.678	1340.8176	0
22	1392.522	725.81615	0	2063.3961	1339.9851	0
23	1392.874	725.7502	0	2060.8474	1338.3299	0
24	1398.456	724.77565	0	2079.3109	1350.3203	0
25	1409.2675	723.0234	0	2107.6885	1368.7489	0
26	1420.079	721.532	0	2119.5022	1376.4208	0
27	1430.891	720.299	0	2113.1316	1372.2837	0
28	1436.4825	719.7301	0	2104.3495	1366.5806	0
29	1436.854	719.69685	0	2106.8603	1368.2111	0
30	1443.3625	719.2066	0	2049.0468	1330.6666	0
31	1456.007	718.4327	0	1909.6587	1240.1469	0
32	1468.6515	718.0051	0	1741.0349	1130.6413	0
33	1481.2965	717.9229	0	1544.5142	1003.0193	0
34	1493.941	718.1859	0	1322.26	858.68566	0
35	1506.5855	718.79465	0	1077.2557	699.57802	0
36	1519.2305	719.7505	0	813.20345	528.1005	0
37	1531.8755	721.05565	0	533.99217	346.77857	0

38	1539.9265	722.02905	0	311.37978	165.56357	300
39	1543.3555	722.50445	0	117.76922	62.619005	300

Lake Norman B-B' - Static East Slope

1.661 ●



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

Created By: McDonald, Carl
Revision Number: 70
Last Edited By: McDonald, Carl
Date: 8/6/2008
Time: 12:57:22 PM
File Name: LakeNorman_B-B'_east.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Left to Right
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
Cohesion: 0 psf
Phi: 33 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 10 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 135 pcf
Cohesion: 9500 psf
Phi: 38 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points
Region 1	Bedrock	1,2,3,4,5
Region 2	C&D	6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24

	Waste	
Region 3	Erosion Layer	25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,
Region 4	Protective Layer	6,7,25,50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24
Region 5	Residual / Existing Soils	51,52,53,54,38,39,40,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,25,26,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,6
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	1,69,68,67,66,65,64,63,62,61,60,59,3,2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	0	676.63358
Point 2	692.96391	691.58584
Point 3	1150	683.98355
Point 4	1150	660
Point 5	0	660
Point 6	1077.5596	699.95349
Point 7	1077.665	699.93051
Point 8	941.00104	705.28224
Point 9	857.90284	708.34673
Point 10	647.91273	707.85925
Point 11	406.29092	701.95001
Point 12	210.77551	697.95001
Point 13	110.67281	695.88602
Point 14	60.833661	694.27034
Point 15	166.48223	724.87069
Point 16	257.75837	751.81857
Point 17	395.2251	790.81994
Point 18	521.89557	827.02085
Point 19	561.62907	829
Point 20	611.79738	829
Point 21	651.917	827.02091
Point 22	759.92753	795.45833
Point 23	831.04041	778.2123
Point 24	964.49348	736.64402

Point 25	1084.1588	699.35786
Point 26	1090.9868	698.75033
Point 27	965.40258	739.50301
Point 28	831.8447	781.10395
Point 29	762.39409	798.14482
Point 30	652.41493	830
Point 31	611.87133	832
Point 32	561.5544	832
Point 33	521.40235	830
Point 34	394.4035	793.70524
Point 35	256.9242	754.70031
Point 36	165.63988	727.75001
Point 37	51.945911	694.79367
Point 38	45.733856	694.41777
Point 39	51.791811	693.96673
Point 40	54.766076	694.06135
Point 41	166.06106	726.31035
Point 42	257.34129	753.25944
Point 43	394.8143	792.26259
Point 44	521.64896	828.51042
Point 45	561.59173	830.5
Point 46	611.83436	830.5
Point 47	652.16597	828.51046
Point 48	762.80125	796.43661
Point 49	831.44256	779.65813
Point 50	964.94803	738.07351
Point 51	8.38e-014	684.96369
Point 52	29.140389	694.43184
Point 53	33.268962	694.3688
Point 54	39.502593	691.38814
Point 55	1097.0074	695.73649
Point 56	1103.0273	698.73526
Point 57	1125.0356	699.14795
Point 58	1149.95	690.82331
Point 59	1149.95	689.59454
Point 60	1044.4186	694.83213
Point 61	910.92956	699.78126
Point 62	826.93835	701.23805
Point 63	725.98104	701.9312

Point 64	598.11111	700
Point 65	466.52805	696.46566
Point 66	216.90598	690
Point 67	74.363106	685.58056
Point 68	17.358695	683.6719
Point 69	-4.2e-015	683.12622

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4
 Left Projection: Range
 Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (520.99306, 829.88303) ft
 Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (672.1526, 824.28303) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (1056.5646, 709.92049) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1139.5473, 694.29916) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (8.38e-014, 684.96369) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1150, 683.98355) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0
 Vert Seismic Load: 0

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	1.661	(1001.82, 1332.87)	218.7891	(671.615, 824.439)	(1097.12, 695.794)

2	62	2.038	(1001.82, 1332.87)	644.03	(596.97, 832)	(1096.74, 695.87)
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Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	673.1529	823.20955	0	-45.178149	-24.021648	300
2	676.2827	820.708	0	95.955563	51.020478	300
3	683.90415	814.6164	0	369.4599	239.93006	0
4	695.96325	804.978	0	569.36701	369.75126	0
5	708.0224	795.33955	0	765.01182	496.80448	0
6	721.6979	784.45945	0	983.0625	638.40825	0
7	736.98975	772.33775	0	1218.9504	791.59562	0
8	752.2816	760.21605	0	1451.1485	942.38683	0
9	761.1608	753.17755	0	1581.9186	1027.31	0
10	762.59765	752.03855	0	1600.8055	1039.5752	0
11	767.05895	748.50215	0	1672.8739	1086.377	0
12	778.8871	738.93445	0	1849.4785	1201.0654	0
13	794.02795	726.54915	0	2101.866	1364.9677	0
14	808.80675	714.303	0	2331.7641	1514.2653	0
15	820.179	704.7527	0	2692.8983	1431.8394	300
16	824.36835	701.23455	0	3218.2965	567.4725	300
17	825.6661	700.96795	0	4052.6028	714.58322	300
18	828.9894	700.3274	0	4052.8394	714.62493	300
19	831.2415	699.89335	0	4054.2444	714.87268	300
20	831.64365	699.8158	0	4056.1978	715.21712	300
21	838.35925	698.5214	0	4042.3909	712.78259	300
22	851.3883	696.01015	0	4013.9786	707.77272	300
23	864.5147	693.4801	0	3970.7763	700.15499	300
24	877.73845	690.93125	0	3912.6348	689.90307	300
25	890.9951	689.3735	0	4061.9651	716.23403	300
26	904.28475	688.80685	0	3901.5343	687.94577	300
27	921.46955	688.07405	0	3701.7289	652.71468	300
28	936.50525	687.54805	0	3562.4846	628.16215	300
29	946.353	687.38035	0	3431.4106	605.05026	300
30	957.057	687.1981	0	3285.9714	579.40542	300
31	963.45125	687.08965	0	3198.5695	563.9941	300
32	964.72075	687.0685	0	3181.1449	560.92167	300
33	965.1753	687.06095	0	3175.2058	559.87445	300

34	971.513	686.95555	0	3083.486	543.70177	300
35	983.73385	686.75225	0	2904.3905	512.12241	300
36	995.95465	686.54895	0	2723.1678	480.16795	300
37	1009.124	686.33035	0	2526.0326	445.40771	300
38	1023.242	686.0965	0	2312.9272	407.83147	300
39	1037.36	685.8627	0	2098.7594	370.06791	300
40	1052.704	685.60855	0	1871.8612	330.05963	300
41	1069.2745	685.3341	0	1632.7949	287.9058	300
42	1077.6125	685.196	0	1512.3234	266.66342	300
43	1080.04	685.1558	0	1432.5267	252.59311	300
44	1083.287	685.74935	0	1585.0317	279.48386	300
45	1087.573	688.86075	0	1240.3976	218.71557	300
46	1091.7485	691.8923	0	894.77889	157.77366	300
47	1094.7585	694.07775	0	579.51644	308.13435	300
48	1097.065	695.75205	0	172.62905	91.788492	300

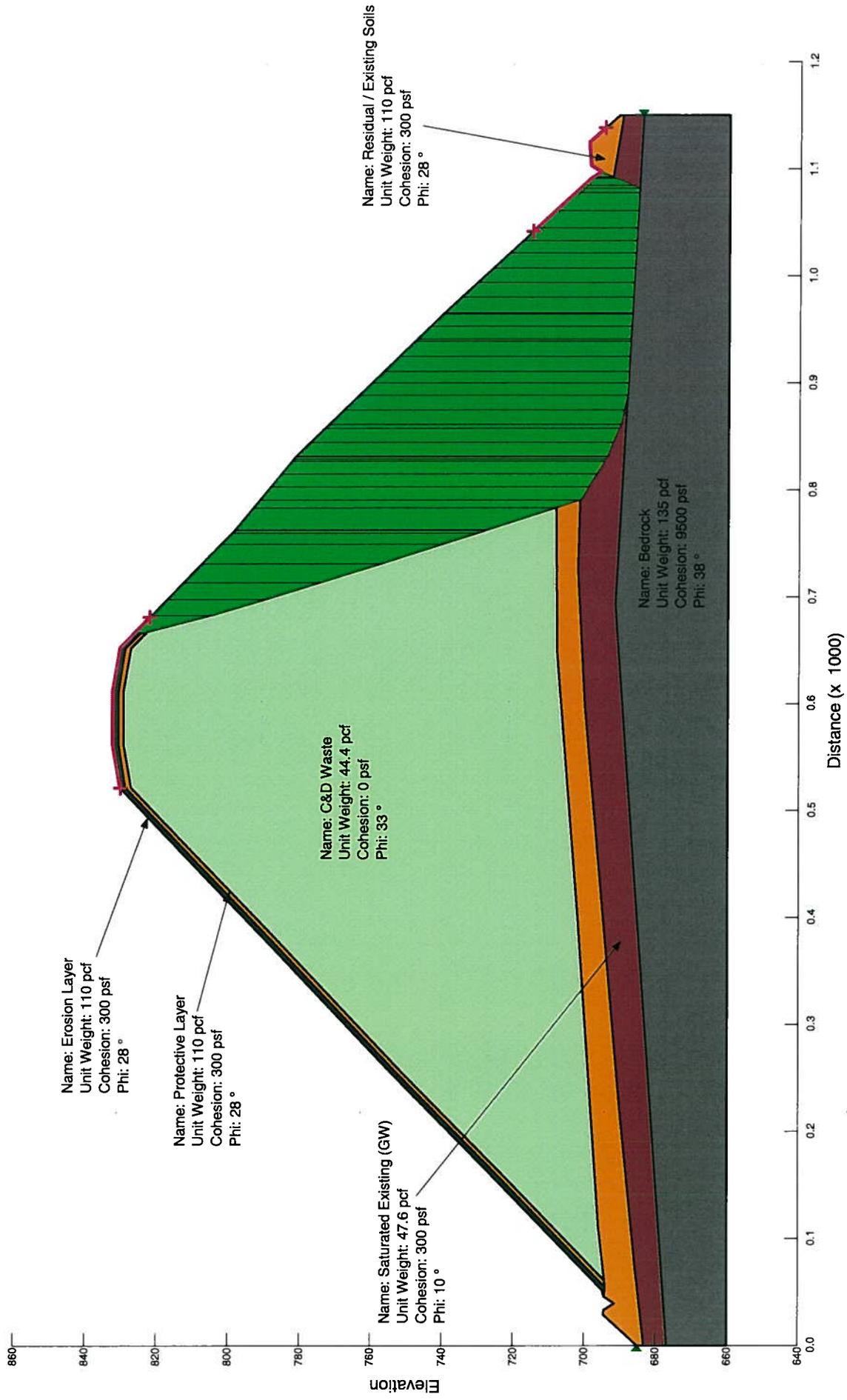
Slices of Slip Surface: 62

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	597.9014	831.25	0	- 29.120348	-15.483564	300
2	599.77135	829.75	0	108.69054	57.791785	300
3	606.25365	824.68475	0	415.76962	270.00395	0
4	611.8159	820.35545	0	565.69817	367.36869	0
5	611.85285	820.3273	0	566.76235	368.05978	0
6	621.88275	812.9965	0	809.62062	525.77378	0
7	641.9056	798.9313	0	1266.9078	822.73957	0
8	652.0415	792.10225	0	1487.8227	966.20337	0
9	652.29045	791.9413	0	1496.2951	971.7054	0
10	661.3743	786.2804	0	1612.072	1046.8918	0
11	679.2931	775.5153	0	1820.1138	1181.9958	0
12	697.21185	765.52035	0	2010.2296	1305.4584	0
13	715.1306	756.2554	0	2184.5153	1418.6408	0
14	733.0494	747.68575	0	2344.2635	1522.3825	0
15	750.96815	739.7812	0	2490.0765	1617.0746	0
16	761.1608	735.49485	0	2563.1364	1664.5202	0
17	762.59765	734.91655	0	2570.4104	1669.244	0
18	771.3311	731.5654	0	2644.163	1717.1395	0

19	788.3909	725.29925	0	2778.171	1804.1654	0
20	805.4507	719.5716	0	2898.0855	1882.0387	0
21	822.5105	714.36745	0	3001.9974	1949.5199	0
22	831.2415	711.83925	0	3049.3573	1980.2758	0
23	831.64365	711.7289	0	3053.017	1982.6524	0
24	838.2375	709.99485	0	3068.8092	1992.908	0
25	851.26655	706.72025	0	3187.4471	1694.7957	300
26	869.37215	702.71385	0	3422.4018	1819.7233	300
27	888.3635	698.9568	0	3434.9507	605.67448	300
28	903.40755	696.4473	0	3377.4064	595.52787	300
29	918.44745	694.3025	0	3308.2273	583.32974	300
30	933.48315	692.51855	0	3226.0091	568.83245	300
31	952.74725	690.8184	0	3084.0394	543.79936	300
32	964.72075	689.90745	0	2975.997	524.74856	300
33	965.1753	689.88135	0	2971.9448	524.03405	300
34	973.3042	689.51815	0	2883.5359	508.44517	300
35	989.1074	689.01185	0	2690.255	474.36454	300
36	1004.9105	688.89365	0	2468.5866	435.27843	300
37	1020.7135	689.1634	0	2219.1722	391.29993	300
38	1036.517	689.8216	0	1943.3131	342.65853	300
39	1052.526	690.8882	0	1645.3621	290.12174	300
40	1068.7405	692.37555	0	1326.6485	233.92392	300
41	1077.204	693.26455	0	1181.0681	627.98506	300
42	1077.6125	693.31275	0	1167.1809	620.60109	300
43	1080.912	693.72075	0	993.26236	528.12696	300
44	1087.573	694.58115	0	636.78171	338.58284	300
45	1093.8635	695.45515	0	237.91308	126.50063	300

Lake Norman B-B' Seismic - East Slope

1.320



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

Created By: McDonald, Carl
Revision Number: 72
Last Edited By: McDonald, Carl
Date: 8/6/2008
Time: 12:54:26 PM
File Name: LakeNorman_B-B'_seismic_east.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Left to Right
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
Cohesion: 0 psf
Phi: 33 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 10 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 135 pcf
Cohesion: 9500 psf
Phi: 38 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points
Region 1	Bedrock	1,2,3,4,5
Region 2	C&D	6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24

	Waste	
Region 3	Erosion Layer	25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,
Region 4	Protective Layer	6,7,25,50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24
Region 5	Residual / Existing Soils	51,52,53,54,38,39,40,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,25,26,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,6
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	1,69,68,67,66,65,64,63,62,61,60,59,3,2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	0	676.63358
Point 2	692.96391	691.58584
Point 3	1150	683.98355
Point 4	1150	660
Point 5	0	660
Point 6	1077.5596	699.95349
Point 7	1077.665	699.93051
Point 8	941.00104	705.28224
Point 9	857.90284	708.34673
Point 10	647.91273	707.85925
Point 11	406.29092	701.95001
Point 12	210.77551	697.95001
Point 13	110.67281	695.88602
Point 14	60.833661	694.27034
Point 15	166.48223	724.87069
Point 16	257.75837	751.81857
Point 17	395.2251	790.81994
Point 18	521.89557	827.02085
Point 19	561.62907	829
Point 20	611.79738	829
Point 21	651.917	827.02091
Point 22	759.92753	795.45833
Point 23	831.04041	778.2123
Point 24	964.49348	736.64402

Point 25	1084.1588	699.35786
Point 26	1090.9868	698.75033
Point 27	965.40258	739.50301
Point 28	831.8447	781.10395
Point 29	762.39409	798.14482
Point 30	652.41493	830
Point 31	611.87133	832
Point 32	561.5544	832
Point 33	521.40235	830
Point 34	394.4035	793.70524
Point 35	256.9242	754.70031
Point 36	165.63988	727.75001
Point 37	51.945911	694.79367
Point 38	45.733856	694.41777
Point 39	51.791811	693.96673
Point 40	54.766076	694.06135
Point 41	166.06106	726.31035
Point 42	257.34129	753.25944
Point 43	394.8143	792.26259
Point 44	521.64896	828.51042
Point 45	561.59173	830.5
Point 46	611.83436	830.5
Point 47	652.16597	828.51046
Point 48	762.80125	796.43661
Point 49	831.44256	779.65813
Point 50	964.94803	738.07351
Point 51	8.38e-014	684.96369
Point 52	29.140389	694.43184
Point 53	33.268962	694.3688
Point 54	39.502593	691.38814
Point 55	1097.0074	695.73649
Point 56	1103.0273	698.73526
Point 57	1125.0356	699.14795
Point 58	1149.95	690.82331
Point 59	1149.95	689.59454
Point 60	1044.4186	694.83213
Point 61	910.92956	699.78126
Point 62	826.93835	701.23805
Point 63	725.98104	701.9312

Point 64	598.11111	700
Point 65	466.52805	696.46566
Point 66	216.90598	690
Point 67	74.363106	685.58056
Point 68	17.358695	683.6719
Point 69	-4.2e-015	683.12622

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4
 Left Projection: Range
 Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (520.99306, 829.88303) ft
 Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (680.94602, 821.73604) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (1041.537, 714.79703) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (1138.2853, 694.72084) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (8.38e-014, 684.96369) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1150, 683.98355) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0.055
 Vert Seismic Load: 0.055

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	1.320	(922.892, 976.146)	223.5176	(663.031, 826.925)	(1097.23, 695.849)

2	103	1.642	(922.892, 976.146)	287.019	(680.946, 821.736)	(1041.54, 714.797)
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Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	663.92185	825.88455	0	-117.54011	-62.497187	300
2	665.72095	823.7829	0	8.6256173	4.5863221	300
3	674.53595	813.48535	0	431.5161	280.22983	0
4	690.1559	796.692	0	821.51478	533.49794	0
5	705.5827	781.57805	0	1120.1717	727.44798	0
6	722.3112	765.4172	0	1440.4281	935.42496	0
7	740.34145	748.2094	0	1757.5141	1141.343	0
8	754.64205	734.7162	0	2027.2579	1316.5167	0
9	761.1608	728.68605	0	2132.9945	1385.1828	0
10	762.59765	727.3569	0	2154.3549	1399.0544	0
11	773.0682	717.6711	0	2339.5645	1519.3309	0
12	786.94895	704.8307	0	2736.5285	1455.038	300
13	790.6118	701.44235	0	3315.8384	584.67178	300
14	796.70715	700.2817	0	4494.2203	792.45229	300
15	808.79965	698.05125	0	4485.2746	790.87493	300
16	820.89215	695.82075	0	4479.338	789.82814	300
17	827.9786	694.51365	0	4477.6592	789.53213	300
18	830.0296	694.1904	0	4603.8086	811.77568	300
19	831.2415	694.03285	0	4602.6494	811.57128	300
20	831.64365	693.9806	0	4603.8824	811.78868	300
21	838.35925	693.1077	0	4575.041	806.70317	300
22	851.3883	691.4141	0	4517.0443	796.47679	300
23	859.71195	690.33215	0	4475.5433	789.15904	300
24	868.2922	689.65675	0	4555.7474	803.30118	300
25	881.8344	688.77625	0	4413.3089	778.18543	300
26	894.1865	688.24275	0	4386.3091	773.42464	300
27	905.34855	688.05625	0	4230.4454	745.94166	300
28	917.96245	687.8455	0	4058.8071	715.67721	300
29	932.02815	687.6105	0	3869.8634	682.36133	300
30	940.031	687.47685	0	3760.0995	663.00699	300
31	946.87415	687.3629	0	3663.3937	645.95516	300
32	958.6204	687.16735	0	3494.4266	616.1617	300
33	964.72075	687.0658	0	3405.5085	600.48303	300

34	965.1753	687.0582	0	3399.3494	599.39702	300
35	972.7633	686.93185	0	3282.6612	578.82174	300
36	986.9265	686.6975	0	3061.535	539.83122	300
37	1000.5315	686.4739	0	2845.1741	501.68097	300
38	1014.1365	686.25035	0	2626.0941	463.05125	300
39	1026.809	686.04675	0	2420.7169	426.8377	300
40	1038.549	685.86305	0	2228.1463	392.88231	300
41	1052.704	685.6416	0	2001.9237	352.99315	300
42	1069.2745	685.3824	0	1742.3983	307.23183	300
43	1077.6125	685.25195	0	1611.5618	284.16182	300
44	1079.549	685.22165	0	1543.6267	272.18304	300
45	1082.796	686.11135	0	1741.4884	307.0714	300
46	1087.573	689.33315	0	1333.309	235.09836	300
47	1091.598	692.04805	0	983.89054	173.48645	300
48	1094.608	694.07845	0	683.3384	363.33747	300
49	1097.12	695.77285	0	213.56717	113.55568	300

Slices of Slip Surface: 103

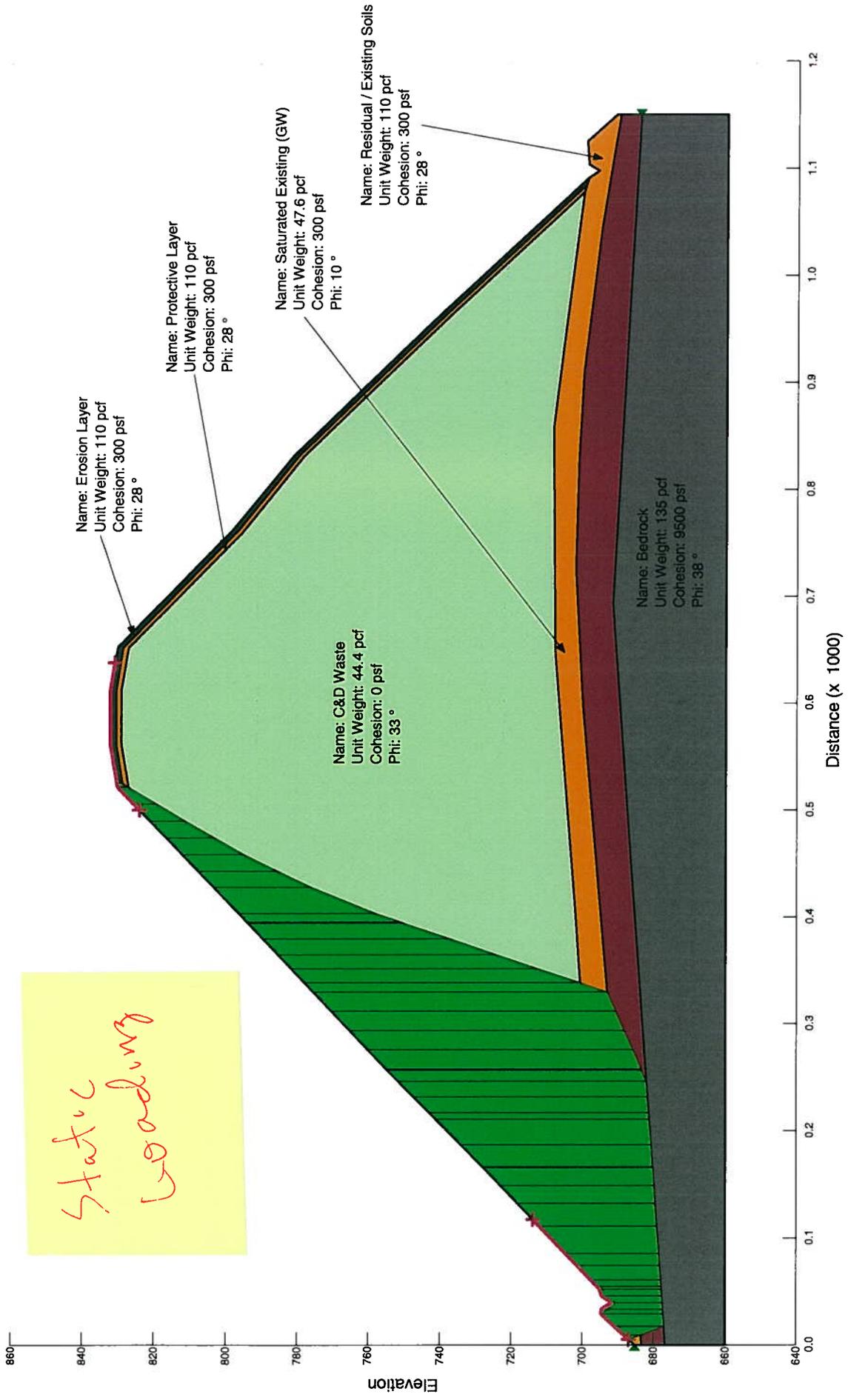
	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	681.56705	820.77145	0	-126.92692	-67.488238	300
2	682.8496	818.79775	0	1.1215055	0.59631504	300
3	689.87915	808.9156	0	449.19393	291.70995	0
4	702.61525	792.4082	0	836.11527	542.97961	0
5	715.3513	778.1005	0	1170.6907	760.25545	0
6	728.08735	765.53705	0	1466.3286	952.2449	0
7	740.82345	754.4179	0	1732.9962	1125.4209	0
8	753.5595	744.53325	0	1978.1581	1284.6309	0
9	761.1608	739.0364	0	2113.4921	1372.5178	0
10	762.59765	738.0581	0	2136.1749	1387.2482	0
11	768.50675	734.27915	0	2247.0333	1459.2405	0
12	779.9178	727.35845	0	2454.9754	1594.2797	0
13	791.3288	721.1361	0	2655.6708	1724.6128	0
14	802.7398	715.56185	0	2850.097	1850.8746	0
15	814.1508	710.59475	0	3037.965	1972.8776	0
16	825.44835	706.23955	0	3342.7182	1777.3548	300
17	831.2415	704.15295	0	3556.1762	1890.8524	300
18	831.64365	704.01775	0	3572.3253	1899.4391	300
19	836.53515	702.47025	0	3733.75	1985.2701	300

20	849.5642	698.7857	0	3910.0809	689.45276	300
21	864.53115	695.2043	0	4021.7297	709.13945	300
22	877.78785	692.77235	0	4076.4169	718.78228	300
23	891.04455	690.9771	0	4099.7609	722.89847	300
24	904.30125	689.80655	0	4084.3669	720.18408	300
25	915.9415	689.2548	0	4039.9789	712.35729	300
26	925.9653	689.18705	0	3976.7938	701.21604	300
27	935.9891	689.4697	0	3880.8984	684.30709	300
28	946.87415	690.19125	0	3735.826	658.72691	300
29	958.6204	691.4208	0	3529.8897	622.4148	300
30	964.72075	692.1913	0	3403.7872	600.17953	300
31	965.1753	692.25865	0	3394.0585	598.46409	300
32	971.3411	693.30975	0	3245.564	572.28051	300
33	983.2181	695.604	0	2921.5362	515.14566	300
34	994.3085	698.20475	0	2719.9695	1446.2334	300
35	1004.6122	701.059	0	2056.0122	1093.2011	300
36	1016.682	704.9823	0	1378.0475	894.91454	0
37	1030.518	710.17445	0	769.58994	499.77755	0
38	1038.455	713.42195	0	425.65789	226.32631	300
39	1040.5055	714.33355	0	207.36498	110.25792	300

Lake Norman B-B' - West Slope

1.789

Static Loading



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

Created By: McDonald, Carl
Revision Number: 73
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Date: 8/6/2008
Time: 12:52:23 PM
File Name: LakeNorman_B-B'_west.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Right to Left
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
Cohesion: 0 psf
Phi: 33 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 10 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 135 pcf
Cohesion: 9500 psf
Phi: 38 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points
Region 1	Bedrock	1,2,3,4,5
Region 2	C&D	6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24

	Waste	
Region 3	Erosion Layer	25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,
Region 4	Protective Layer	6,7,25,50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24
Region 5	Residual / Existing Soils	51,52,53,54,38,39,40,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,25,26,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,6
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	1,69,68,67,66,65,64,63,62,61,60,59,3,2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	0	676.63358
Point 2	692.96391	691.58584
Point 3	1150	683.98355
Point 4	1150	660
Point 5	0	660
Point 6	1077.5596	699.95349
Point 7	1077.665	699.93051
Point 8	941.00104	705.28224
Point 9	857.90284	708.34673
Point 10	647.91273	707.85925
Point 11	406.29092	701.95001
Point 12	210.77551	697.95001
Point 13	110.67281	695.88602
Point 14	60.833661	694.27034
Point 15	166.48223	724.87069
Point 16	257.75837	751.81857
Point 17	395.2251	790.81994
Point 18	521.89557	827.02085
Point 19	561.62907	829
Point 20	611.79738	829
Point 21	651.917	827.02091
Point 22	759.92753	795.45833
Point 23	831.04041	778.2123
Point 24	964.49348	736.64402

Point 25	1084.1588	699.35786
Point 26	1090.9868	698.75033
Point 27	965.40258	739.50301
Point 28	831.8447	781.10395
Point 29	762.39409	798.14482
Point 30	652.41493	830
Point 31	611.87133	832
Point 32	561.5544	832
Point 33	521.40235	830
Point 34	394.4035	793.70524
Point 35	256.9242	754.70031
Point 36	165.63988	727.75001
Point 37	51.945911	694.79367
Point 38	45.733856	694.41777
Point 39	51.791811	693.96673
Point 40	54.766076	694.06135
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Point 42	257.34129	753.25944
Point 43	394.8143	792.26259
Point 44	521.64896	828.51042
Point 45	561.59173	830.5
Point 46	611.83436	830.5
Point 47	652.16597	828.51046
Point 48	762.80125	796.43661
Point 49	831.44256	779.65813
Point 50	964.94803	738.07351
Point 51	8.38e-014	684.96369
Point 52	29.140389	694.43184
Point 53	33.268962	694.3688
Point 54	39.502593	691.38814
Point 55	1097.0074	695.73649
Point 56	1103.0273	698.73526
Point 57	1125.0356	699.14795
Point 58	1149.95	690.82331
Point 59	1149.95	689.59454
Point 60	1044.4186	694.83213
Point 61	910.92956	699.78126
Point 62	826.93835	701.23805
Point 63	725.98104	701.9312

Point 64	598.11111	700
Point 65	466.52805	696.46566
Point 66	216.90598	690
Point 67	74.363106	685.58056
Point 68	17.358695	683.6719
Point 69	-4.2e-015	683.12622

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4
 Left Projection: Range
 Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (5.1047618, 686.6223) ft
 Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (117.12718, 713.68769) ft
 Right-Zone Increment: 4
 Right Projection: Range
 Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (500.05267, 823.89851) ft
 Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (637.74018, 830.7239) ft
 Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (8.38e-014, 684.96369) ft
 Right Coordinate: (1150, 683.98355) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0
 Vert Seismic Load: 0

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	1.789	(105.71, 1359.93)	257.0112	(528.549, 830.356)	(5.10476, 686.622)

2	7	2.115	(105.71, 1359.93)	680.779	(533.838, 830.619)	(5.10476, 686.622)
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Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	7.2310165	685.02135	0	493.07002	262.16998	300
2	13.357981	680.40805	0	1007.5909	177.66546	300
3	17.606405	677.20915	0	1347.6507	237.62718	300
4	23.497255	677.1451	0	1301.3634	229.46547	300
5	31.204675	677.3124	0	1481.9308	261.30439	300
6	36.385775	677.42485	0	1302.3209	229.63432	300
7	42.618225	677.56015	0	1290.3816	227.52909	300
8	48.762835	677.6935	0	1463.2185	258.0049	300
9	51.86886	677.7609	0	1476.6791	260.37837	300
10	53.355995	677.7932	0	1518.8443	267.81323	300
11	57.79987	677.88965	0	1650.68	291.05942	300
12	67.598385	678.1023	0	1827.0654	322.16092	300
13	79.95745	678.37055	0	1985.5567	350.10721	300
14	98.112295	678.7597	0	2219.9068	391.42947	300
15	121.3698	679.25535	0	2510.323	442.63767	300
16	140.46005	679.66515	0	2738.1588	482.81127	300
17	157.2466	680.02885	0	2936.6046	517.80261	300
18	165.8505	680.2153	0	3037.7063	535.62958	300
19	166.27165	680.22445	0	3042.6912	536.50855	300
20	176.67065	680.44975	0	3166.0342	558.25724	300
21	198.8173	680.93215	0	3424.5264	603.8364	300
22	213.84075	681.26085	0	3597.232	634.28906	300
23	224.2476	681.48855	0	3717.2256	655.44716	300
24	238.93085	681.80985	0	3885.8128	685.17364	300
25	251.59835	682.6683	0	3830.9522	675.50023	300
26	257.13275	683.3934	0	3861.6666	680.91601	300
27	257.54985	683.44805	0	3863.5684	681.25135	300
28	266.76625	684.6556	0	3910.1868	689.47144	300
29	284.782	687.01605	0	4001.5476	705.58081	300
30	302.79775	689.3765	0	4092.7983	721.67078	300
31	320.81345	691.73695	0	4184.1591	737.78015	300
32	329.82565	692.92105	0	3270.2701	576.63685	300
33	334.0716	696.7421	0	2714.4441	1443.2955	300

34	344.8985	706.4856	0	2344.7033	1522.6681	0
35	358.06915	718.33825	0	2106.762	1368.1473	0
36	372.09175	730.72005	0	1885.1812	1224.251	0
37	386.96625	743.63095	0	1627.4164	1056.8566	0
38	394.6089	750.26465	0	1494.7016	970.6706	0
39	395.0197	750.6212	0	1487.6056	966.06234	0
40	399.25505	754.29745	0	1414.0831	918.31631	0
41	415.42545	766.84245	0	1234.2613	801.53867	0
42	435.1746	780.6042	0	1025.301	665.83825	0
43	450.392	790.0336	0	853.25376	554.10947	0
44	465.92285	798.8332	0	732.61388	475.76502	0
45	481.76715	807.003	0	601.6297	390.7029	0
46	497.61755	815.01905	0	478.61653	310.81721	0
47	513.4741	822.8813	0	356.0314	231.20949	0
48	521.5257	826.87355	0	290.74298	188.8107	0
49	521.6862	826.9532	0	285.9635	185.70687	0
50	523.45255	827.82905	0	147.55006	78.453756	300
51	526.8653	829.5212	0	0.33069959	0.17583609	300

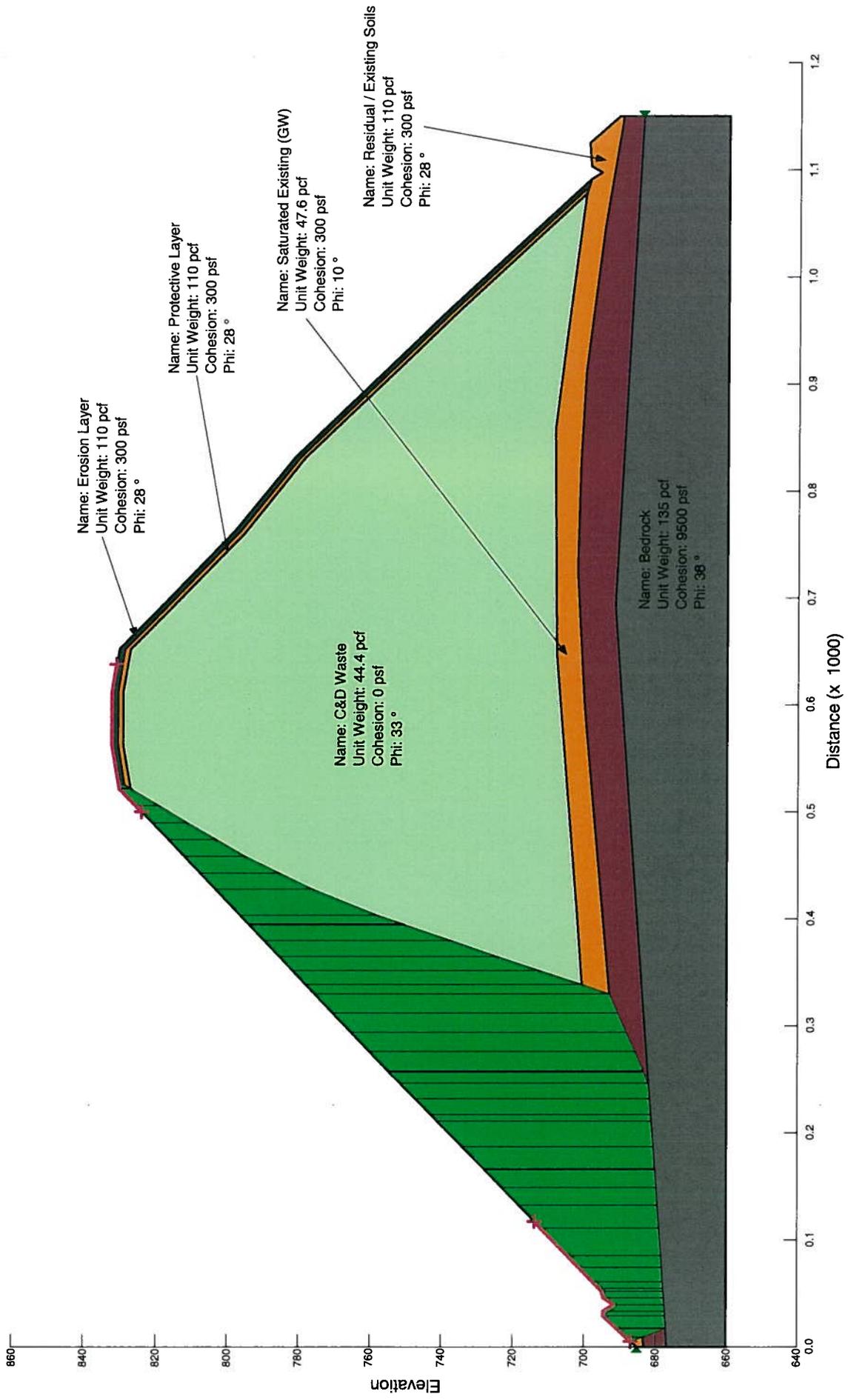
Slices of Slip Surface: 7

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	15.121296	685.27735	0	566.25242	301.08175	300
2	27.13911	683.69985	0	1148.905	202.58295	300
3	31.204675	683.24	0	1235.937	217.92903	300
4	36.385775	682.69365	0	1085.6453	191.42856	300
5	42.618225	682.08465	0	1109.7728	195.68288	300
6	48.762835	681.5404	0	1318.6423	232.51222	300
7	51.86886	681.28	0	1347.8721	237.66622	300
8	53.355995	681.16515	0	1397.8928	246.48622	300
9	57.79987	680.84235	0	1552.3732	273.72527	300
10	67.598385	680.249	0	1770.5071	312.18817	300
11	83.440535	679.57255	0	2021.7318	356.48586	300
12	101.59538	679.22055	0	2281.3747	402.26791	300
13	119.834	679.3558	0	2501.6847	441.11451	300
14	138.15635	679.9831	0	2681.7294	472.86124	300
15	156.4787	681.10545	0	2827.623	498.58623	300
16	165.8505	681.80925	0	2889.8412	509.55698	300

17	166.27165	681.84675	0	2892.5192	510.02917	300
18	173.86445	682.6084	0	2937.5414	517.96781	300
19	188.6289	684.25715	0	3009.7832	530.70599	300
20	203.3933	686.2335	0	3062.312	539.96823	300
21	213.84075	687.79705	0	3088.4224	544.5722	300
22	222.66335	689.29425	0	3104.9912	547.49372	300
23	235.54655	691.6828	0	3113.463	1655.4577	300
24	249.7983	694.61055	0	2955.2647	1571.3421	300
25	257.13275	696.2014	0	2860.921	1521.1787	300
26	257.54985	696.2967	0	2854.9011	1517.9779	300
27	263.64425	697.74825	0	2766.7145	1471.0882	300
28	278.44965	701.4921	0	2658.8503	1726.6776	0
29	296.2887	706.4333	0	2606.5572	1692.718	0
30	314.12775	711.90325	0	2534.6339	1646.0105	0
31	331.9668	717.9154	0	2445.09	1587.86	0
32	349.80585	724.4851	0	2339.3325	1519.1803	0
33	367.6449	731.6299	0	2218.5051	1440.714	0
34	385.48395	739.36975	0	2083.2024	1352.8474	0
35	394.6089	743.48735	0	2008.3611	1304.2449	0
36	395.0197	743.68005	0	2004.9787	1302.0484	0
37	404.23775	748.17455	0	1926.238	1250.9136	0
38	422.26305	757.3069	0	1760.3664	1143.1953	0
39	440.2884	767.128	0	1578.0503	1024.7978	0
40	458.31375	777.67275	0	1377.495	894.55574	0
41	476.33905	788.98125	0	1156.1995	750.84476	0
42	494.36435	801.09995	0	911.05052	591.64312	0
43	512.3897	814.08295	0	637.92221	414.27152	0
44	521.5257	820.89295	0	485.20108	315.09326	0
45	521.7723	821.0833	0	475.88251	309.04172	0
46	525.87205	824.29775	0	369.12602	239.71324	0
47	530.85005	828.2178	0	113.06953	60.120138	300
48	532.845	829.819	0	- 25.697786	-13.663755	300

Lake Norman B-B' - Static West Slope

1.769



Lake Norman Closure

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File Information

Created By: McDonald, Carl
Revision Number: 79
Last Edited By: McDonald, Carl
Date: 8/6/2008
Time: 12:47:20 PM
File Name: LakeNorman_B-B'_seismic_west.gsz
Directory: P:\135836 - Allied Waste Lake Norman C&D Landfill\Closure and Post-Closure
Plan\Calculations\Slope Stability\Geoslope\Final\

Lake Norman Closure

Kind: SLOPE/W
Method: Morgenstern-Price
Convergence
 Minimum Slice Thickness: 0.1
 Ignore seismic load in strength: No
Number of Slices: 30
Optimization Tolerance: 0.01
Direction of movement: Right to Left
Allow Passive Mode: 1
Slip Surface Option: Entry and Exit
Apply Phreatic Correction: No
Side Function
 Interslice force function option: Half-Sine
FOS Distribution Calculation: Constant
Optimize Critical Slip Surface Location: Yes
Cap Suction: No
Rapid Drawdown: No
PWP Conditions Source: (none)
Critical slip surfaces saved: 1
Optimize Critical Slip Surface
 Optimization Maximum Iterations: 2000
 Optimization Convergence Tolerance: 1e-007
 Starting Optimization Points: 8
 Ending Optimization Points: 16
 Complete Passes per Insertion: 1

Materials

Material 1: Residual / Existing Soils

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 2: C&D Waste

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 44.4 pcf
Cohesion: 0 psf
Phi: 33 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 3: Erosion Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 4: Protective Layer

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 110 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 28 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 5: Saturated Existing (GW)

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 47.6 pcf
Cohesion: 300 psf
Phi: 10 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Material 6: Bedrock

Model: Mohr-Coulomb
Unit Weight: 135 pcf
Cohesion: 9500 psf
Phi: 38 °
Phi-B: 0 °

Regions

	Material	Points
Region 1	Bedrock	1,2,3,4,5
Region 2	C&D	6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24

	Waste	
Region 3	Erosion Layer	25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,
Region 4	Protective Layer	6,7,25,50,49,48,47,46,45,44,43,42,41,40,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24
Region 5	Residual / Existing Soils	51,52,53,54,38,39,40,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,25,26,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,6
Region 6	Saturated Existing (GW)	1,69,68,67,66,65,64,63,62,61,60,59,3,2

Points

	X (ft)	Y (ft)
Point 1	0	676.63358
Point 2	692.96391	691.58584
Point 3	1150	683.98355
Point 4	1150	660
Point 5	0	660
Point 6	1077.5596	699.95349
Point 7	1077.665	699.93051
Point 8	941.00104	705.28224
Point 9	857.90284	708.34673
Point 10	647.91273	707.85925
Point 11	406.29092	701.95001
Point 12	210.77551	697.95001
Point 13	110.67281	695.88602
Point 14	60.833661	694.27034
Point 15	166.48223	724.87069
Point 16	257.75837	751.81857
Point 17	395.2251	790.81994
Point 18	521.89557	827.02085
Point 19	561.62907	829
Point 20	611.79738	829
Point 21	651.917	827.02091
Point 22	759.92753	795.45833
Point 23	831.04041	778.2123
Point 24	964.49348	736.64402

Point 25	1084.1588	699.35786
Point 26	1090.9868	698.75033
Point 27	965.40258	739.50301
Point 28	831.8447	781.10395
Point 29	762.39409	798.14482
Point 30	652.41493	830
Point 31	611.87133	832
Point 32	561.5544	832
Point 33	521.40235	830
Point 34	394.4035	793.70524
Point 35	256.9242	754.70031
Point 36	165.63988	727.75001
Point 37	51.945911	694.79367
Point 38	45.733856	694.41777
Point 39	51.791811	693.96673
Point 40	54.766076	694.06135
Point 41	166.06106	726.31035
Point 42	257.34129	753.25944
Point 43	394.8143	792.26259
Point 44	521.64896	828.51042
Point 45	561.59173	830.5
Point 46	611.83436	830.5
Point 47	652.16597	828.51046
Point 48	762.80125	796.43661
Point 49	831.44256	779.65813
Point 50	964.94803	738.07351
Point 51	8.38e-014	684.96369
Point 52	29.140389	694.43184
Point 53	33.268962	694.3688
Point 54	39.502593	691.38814
Point 55	1097.0074	695.73649
Point 56	1103.0273	698.73526
Point 57	1125.0356	699.14795
Point 58	1149.95	690.82331
Point 59	1149.95	689.59454
Point 60	1044.4186	694.83213
Point 61	910.92956	699.78126
Point 62	826.93835	701.23805
Point 63	725.98104	701.9312

Point 64	598.11111	700
Point 65	466.52805	696.46566
Point 66	216.90598	690
Point 67	74.363106	685.58056
Point 68	17.358695	683.6719
Point 69	-4.2e-015	683.12622

Tension Crack

Tension Crack Option: (none)

Slip Surface Entry and Exit

Left-Zone Increment: 4
Left Projection: Range
Left-Zone Left Coordinate: (33.723747, 694.15134) ft
Left-Zone Right Coordinate: (117.12718, 713.68769) ft
Right-Zone Increment: 4
Right Projection: Range
Right-Zone Left Coordinate: (500.05267, 823.89851) ft
Right-Zone Right Coordinate: (637.74018, 830.7239) ft
Radius Increments: 4

Slip Surface Limits

Left Coordinate: (8.38e-014, 684.96369) ft
Right Coordinate: (1150, 683.98355) ft

Seismic Loads

Horz Seismic Load: 0.055
Vert Seismic Load: 0.055

Critical Slip Surfaces

	Number	FOS	Center (ft)	Radius (ft)	Entry (ft)	Exit (ft)
1	Optimized	1.376	(166.6, 1390.18)	244.0336	(524.712, 830.165)	(38.8114, 691.719)

2	17	1.780	(166.6, 1390.18)	708.594	(603.116, 832)	(42.0299, 692.617)
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Slices of Slip Surface: Optimized

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	39.157005	691.5056	0	184.10139	97.888445	300
2	42.618225	689.37205	0	733.89054	390.21652	300
3	47.910685	686.1096	0	1537.381	817.43999	300
4	50.93966	684.24245	0	1502.5276	264.93616	300
5	51.86886	683.6697	0	1545.4729	272.50857	300
6	53.355995	682.75295	0	1656.6644	292.11464	300
7	57.79987	680.0136	0	2001.192	352.86414	300
8	60.883345	678.1129	0	2242.9799	395.49788	300
9	67.64807	678.21675	0	1945.6895	343.07756	300
10	83.440535	678.5329	0	2169.1782	382.48464	300
11	101.59538	678.89635	0	2426.6335	427.88096	300
12	119.42595	679.25335	0	2670.7916	470.93262	300
13	136.93225	679.60385	0	2900.7772	511.48529	300
14	155.66265	679.99675	0	3139.5969	553.59565	300
15	165.8505	680.21895	0	3268.6635	576.35356	300
16	166.27165	680.2281	0	3274.3605	577.3581	300
17	173.6862	680.38985	0	3368.715	593.99534	300
18	188.36155	680.70625	0	3554.1187	626.68702	300
19	203.3042	681.02475	0	3738.5154	659.20112	300
20	213.84075	681.24935	0	3866.0355	681.68637	300
21	218.0494	681.3391	0	3916.6687	690.61437	300
22	228.62565	681.5673	0	4043.8047	713.03188	300
23	247.49135	681.97495	0	4266.1671	752.24037	300
24	256.9493	682.17935	0	4374.9546	771.42253	300
25	257.15785	682.18705	0	4335.4975	764.46518	300
26	257.54985	682.2024	0	4338.9857	765.08024	300
27	265.47185	682.51235	0	4415.4453	778.56214	300
28	280.8988	683.11585	0	4561.6358	804.33946	300
29	296.32575	683.71935	0	4703.5513	829.363	300
30	311.7527	684.32285	0	4841.3862	853.66702	300
31	327.1763	685.7936	0	4658.499	821.41906	300
32	342.5965	688.1316	0	4713.768	831.16448	300
33	358.0167	690.4696	0	4771.7941	841.39604	300

34	373.4369	692.80765	0	4832.8336	852.15897	300
35	381.3204	694.1199	0	3711.4004	654.42003	300
36	385.9505	697.94405	0	3112.6654	1655.0336	300
37	392.40535	703.2754	0	2832.219	1839.2645	0
38	394.6089	705.09545	0	2798.608	1817.4373	0
39	395.0197	705.43475	0	2792.4143	1813.415	0
40	396.122	706.3452	0	2775.8388	1802.6508	0
41	405.9738	715.0404	0	2534.4081	1645.8639	0
42	423.88355	730.94915	0	2243.7811	1457.1285	0
43	441.79325	746.8579	0	1951.192	1267.1189	0
44	458.9526	762.55405	0	1615.6227	1049.1977	0
45	475.36165	778.0376	0	1317.5415	855.62142	0
46	493.02525	795.9831	0	901.52509	585.45724	0
47	511.94335	816.39055	0	472.05459	306.55584	0
48	521.5257	826.7273	0	243.88637	158.38166	0
49	521.70575	826.92155	0	236.29263	153.45023	0
50	522.5076	827.78655	0	21.721457	11.549504	300
51	523.9825	829.3776	0	-103.55585	-55.061622	300

Slices of Slip Surface: 17

	X (ft)	Y (ft)	PoreWaterPressure (psf)	Base Normal Stress (psf)	Frictional Strength (psf)	Cohesive Strength (psf)
1	43.881865	692.29125	0	183.97303	97.820195	300
2	48.762835	691.45475	0	425.57036	226.27977	300
3	51.86886	690.93125	0	516.13498	274.43384	300
4	53.355995	690.69035	0	599.07865	318.53577	300
5	57.79987	689.99065	0	852.46626	453.26435	300
6	74.24446	687.75595	0	1518.3287	807.30966	300
7	99.16403	684.89225	0	2132.4571	376.00972	300
8	119.834	683.1858	0	2520.3522	444.40609	300
9	138.15635	682.21175	0	2817.4275	496.78849	300
10	156.4787	681.71285	0	3076.442	542.45973	300
11	165.8505	681.58175	0	3194.411	563.26085	300
12	166.27165	681.5814	0	3199.8727	564.2239	300
13	177.55555	681.75255	0	3328.8654	586.96878	300
14	199.7022	682.4417	0	3540.6301	624.30861	300
15	213.84075	683.16445	0	3647.6921	643.18653	300
16	226.91055	684.224	0	3729.534	657.61746	300

17	246.91965	686.2202	0	3824.1058	674.29303	300
18	257.13275	687.38855	0	3857.997	680.26896	300
19	257.54985	687.4424	0	3858.6527	680.38458	300
20	264.95	688.47735	0	3873.2203	682.95324	300
21	279.33325	690.6443	0	3889.6759	685.85482	300
22	297.05815	693.7765	0	3952.3127	2101.4819	300
23	318.12465	698.0557	0	3669.6176	1951.1703	300
24	336.8761	702.39635	0	3487.5604	2264.8482	0
25	353.3125	706.67595	0	3422.55	2222.6299	0
26	369.7489	711.38045	0	3341.4679	2169.9747	0
27	386.1853	716.5188	0	3246.6469	2108.3972	0
28	394.6089	719.2674	0	3193.3352	2073.7761	0
29	395.0197	719.40715	0	3190.5961	2071.9973	0
30	404.23775	722.68575	0	3129.7412	2032.4777	0
31	422.26305	729.3814	0	3001.0301	1948.8917	0
32	440.2884	736.64275	0	2861.0098	1857.9615	0
33	458.31375	744.48895	0	2710.3366	1760.1132	0
34	476.33905	752.94155	0	2548.9783	1655.3259	0
35	494.36435	762.02505	0	2376.314	1543.1963	0
36	512.3897	771.7673	0	2190.9601	1422.8261	0
37	521.5257	776.87815	0	2088.8025	1356.4842	0
38	521.7723	777.02095	0	2080.7017	1351.2235	0
39	531.8103	783.05655	0	1877.1749	1219.0516	0
40	551.6397	795.4396	0	1462.2765	949.61343	0
41	561.57305	801.87105	0	1245.1563	808.61399	0
42	561.6104	801.8961	0	1244.1695	807.97313	0
43	571.0349	808.4478	0	1012.87	657.7655	0
44	589.84645	821.9935	0	527.70325	342.6945	0
45	600.22155	829.75	0	107.65769	57.242611	300
46	602.15335	831.25	0	- 35.183457	-18.707376	300

309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202
(704) 358-7204

Prepared for: Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility
Project Title: Closure and Post Closure Plan
Project No: 135836

Technical Memorandum

Subject: Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Design
Date: August 6, 2008
Attachment: Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility
Closure and Post-Closure Plan

Prepared by:



Carl McDonald, EIT

Checked by:



Albert Glenn, P.E.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

1. INTRODUCTION

This technical memorandum documents the design of erosion and sedimentation control and stormwater measures management for the Lake Norman C&D Landfill Facility. The E&S measures were designed in general accordance with guidance provided in the *North Carolina Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual* (hereafter referred to as the *E&S Manual*). The following analyses provide the basis of design and methodology used to meet the following requirements:

- All stormwater terraces, inlets and downchute pipes are sized to convey peak flows from a NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event.
- All channels and culverts are sized to convey peak flows from a NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event. Erosion control matting was selected using the Permissible Velocity method presented in the *E&S Manual* to protect against erosion within the channels during a NRCS Type II, 10-year, 24-hour storm event.
- Sediment Basin SB-2 is sized to provide 1,800 cubic feet of sediment storage volume per disturbed acre. Surface areas at the principal spillway elevations are designed to provide 435 square feet of area for every cubic foot per second of peak flow from the NRCS Type II, 10-year, 24-hour storm event.
- Sediment basin emergency spillway elevations are designed to activate only when peak flows from the NRCS Type II, 2-year, 24-hour storm event are exceeded and to provide a minimum of 1 foot of freeboard during a NRCS Type II, 10-year, 24-hour storm event. All sediment basins are designed to contain peak flows from the NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event without overtopping.
- Skimmers for sediment basins are designed to draw down full basin volume within 24 to 72 hours after a storm event.
- Outlet protection aprons are sized per requirements in the *E&S Manual*.
- Temporary diversion ditches are provided to direct runoff from disturbed slopes to sediment basins and traps. Silt fence is designated to reduce soil loss from runoff on slopes.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

2. RUNOFF ESTIMATION

2.1 Basis of Design

Stormwater runoff was estimated using the NRCS Peak Discharge Method (TR-55). Drainage area information was input into PondPack software to obtain peak discharge results for the 2-year, 10-year and 25-year, 24-hour storm events. Rainfall information was obtained from the *E&S Manual, Table 8.03j for Charlotte, NC* and is summarized as follows:

- 2-year, 24-hour rainfall = 3.37in;
- 10-year, 24-hour rainfall = 4.90in; and,
- 25-year, 24- hour rainfall = 5.82in.

The design parameters are summarized as follows and inputs and results are shown in Table 2-1:

2.1.1 Runoff Inputs

- Drainage areas were calculated digitally in the design drafting software; inputs are in acre units;
- The runoff cover type used was “Brush – brush-weed-grass mixture with brush the major element, Poor condition, Soil group C” with a curve number of 77 (*E&S Manual, Table 8.03g*); and,
- To be conservative, the time of concentration for all drainage areas was assumed to be the minimum of 5 minutes (.08333 hours).

All runoff parameters were input into the PondPack software to generate hydrographs using the NRCS TR-55 method equation. The runoff inputs and results are shown in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1. Runoff Inputs and Results for PondPack Software

Drainage Area ID	Inputs			Results		
	Drainage Area (acres)	Receiving Channel IDs	Receiving E&S Structure	2-Year Peak Q (cfs)	10-Year Peak Q (cfs)	25-Year Peak Q (cfs)
DA-B1A	1.60	D2	SB-2	3.21	6.10	8.01
DA-B1B	1.07	DIRECT	SB-2	2.15	4.08	5.36
DA-B2A	1.52	D2	SB-2	3.05	5.79	7.61
DA-B2B	1.29	DIRECT	SB-2	2.59	4.92	6.46
DA-B2C	1.36	DIRECT	SB-2	2.73	5.18	6.81
DA-B3A	1.59	DIRECT	SB-2	3.19	6.06	7.96
DA-B3B	1.65	DIRECT	SB-2	3.31	6.29	8.26
DA-B4	1.13	DIRECT	SB-1	2.27	4.32	5.68
DA-B5	1.61	DIRECT	SB-1	3.23	6.16	8.09
DA-B6A	1.78	D4	SB-1	3.57	6.81	8.94
DA-B6B	1.30	D4	SB-1	2.61	4.97	6.53
DA-B6C	1.78	DIRECT	SB-1	3.57	6.81	8.94
DA-D1	2.89	D1	SB-2	5.80	11.05	14.52
DA-D2	1.96	D2	SB-2	3.93	7.49	9.85
DA-D3	1.39	D3	SB-1	2.79	5.31	6.98
DA-D4	6.43	D4	SB-1	12.90	24.58	32.30
DA-HR1	2.31	D2	SB-2	4.63	8.83	11.60
DA-HR2	2.05	D2	SB-2	4.11	7.83	10.28
DA-HR3	1.78	D2	SB-2	3.57	6.80	8.93
SB1-DIRECT	0.58	DIRECT	SB-1	2.51	3.65	4.33
SB2-DIRECT	0.89	DIRECT	SB-2	3.84	5.59	6.64

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

3. SIDE SLOPE TERRACE DESIGN

3.1 Basis of Design

All side slope terraces were designed to convey stormwater to a network of downchute pipes. Terraces were designed as grass-lined channels using the Permissible Velocity method in the *E&S Manual*. The following design parameters were used for design of the channels:

- Channel dimensions of 12 feet wide and 2 feet deep were used for the analysis;
- Channels were designed for a minimum 1.5 percent slope; and,
- Channels were analyzed for overtopping using the NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event (8.94 cfs, worst case DA-B6C).

A calculation spreadsheet based on the *E&S Manual* Permissible Velocity method is attached.

3.2 Summary of Results

Spreadsheet results show that 12-foot-wide, 2-foot-terraces will adequately convey the peak flow from a NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event (8.94 cfs, worst case DA-B6C).

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

4. STORMWATER DOWNCHUTE DESIGN

4.1 Basis of Design

All stormwater downchute pipes were designed to convey peak flows from the NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event. Inlet culverts were designed by analyzing headwater generated under inlet control conditions using AutoDesk's Hydraflow Express Culvert Modeling Software. Manning's equation (computed using Haestad Method's FlowMaster software) was used to determine pipe flow in the downchutes. The following design parameters were used for design of the channels:

- Terrace culvert inlets for downchutes were analyzed using one 18-inch-diameter HDPE pipe, $n=.011$, slope=1%, Inlet Projecting from slope;
- Peak flows from PondPack channel routing results were used for inlet flows (worst case 8.94 cfs for DA-B6C);
- Peak flows from PondPack junction routing results were used for downchute flows (worst case 32.24 cfs for I3B);
- Manning's "n" (roughness coefficient) of .011 (HDPE smooth pipe) was used for the analysis; and,
- Pipe slope was analyzed at .02 ft/ft (the minimum pipe slope across the terraces).

The culvert inlet design was analyzed at the worst-case drainage area to ensure overtopping would not occur in the terrace (i.e. headwater at worst case peak flow < 2 feet). Downchute pipes were analyzed to ensure that the normal depth within the pipe would not exceed the pipe diameter of 24 inches.

4.2 Summary of Results

Using Hydraflow software, it was determined that an 18-inch-diameter pipe inlet pipe, projecting from the slope would convey a flow amount of 8.94 cfs without overtopping the terrace. Manning's equation calculation results show that a 24-inch-pipe will convey 32.94 cfs at a minimum .02 ft/ft slope with a normal depth of 1.42 ft. Software calculation results are attached.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

5. STORMWATER CONVEYANCE

5.1 Basis of Design

All side slope terraces were designed to convey stormwater to a network of downchute pipes. Terraces were designed as grass-lined channels using the Permissible Velocity method in the *E&S Manual*. The following design parameters were used for design of the channels:

- Channel dimensions of 3-foot depth with 2-foot horizontal : 1-foot vertical side slopes;
- Channels were designed for a minimum 1.5 percent slope; and,
- Channels were analyzed for overtopping using the NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event (8.94 cfs, worst case DA-B6C).
- A calculation spreadsheet based on the *E&S Manual* Permissible Velocity method is attached.

Channel flows were calculated using PondPack software to generate elevation-flow rating curves. The Modified Puls method was used for routing flows through the channels, generating storage and flow detention/travel times. The channel input parameters are shown in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1. Permanent Stormwater Channel Design Inputs for PondPack Software						
Channel ID	Total Drainage Area (acres)	Length (ft)	Average Slope (ft/ft)	Design Depth (ft)	Side Slopes (H:V)	Width (ft)
D1	2.89	1,085	.015	3	2:1	12
D2	14.11	691	.015	3	2:1	12
D3	1.39	486	.015	3	2:1	12
D4	9.51	1,897	.015	3	2:1	12

5.2 Summary of Results

Results generated from the PondPack analyses are presented in Table 5-2.

Table 5-2. PondPack Software Results for Permanent Stormwater Channels		
Channel ID	10-Year Peak Storm Flow (cfs)	25-Year Peak Storm Flow (cfs)
D1	11.05	14.52
D2	48.45	63.58
D3	5.31	6.98
D4	35.21	46.07
BENCHES	6.81	8.94

The Permissible Velocity method consists of performing iterative calculations using trial geometries and normal depths in order to obtain a flow condition approximately equal to the required flow. A full explanation of the method is presented in the *E&S Manual* and has been attached for reference.

Erosion control matting selection is based on the calculated velocity in each channel during unvegetated conditions. North American Green products are specified for this analysis and product performance sheets are attached to this calculation. The permanent lining for each channel was selected based on computed velocities under vegetated conditions.

Results generated from the Permissible Velocity method spreadsheet analyses are presented in Table 5-3.

Channel ID	Q ₁₀ Peak (cfs)	Q ₂₅ -Peak (cfs)	Design Depth (ft)	Unvegetated Condition (Q ₁₀)			Vegetated Condition (Q ₂₅)			NA Green® Erosion Control Matting	Permanent Lining
				Normal Depth (ft)	Computed Velocity (ft/s)	Computed Flow (ft ³ /s)	Normal Depth (ft)	Computed Velocity (ft/s)	Computed Flow (ft ³ /s)		
D1	11.05	14.52	3	1.35	3.26	11.88	1.79	2.31	14.83	S75BN	GRASS
D2	48.45	63.58	3	2.20	5.16	49.93	2.91	3.92	66.38	S150BN	GRASS
D3	5.31	6.98	3	1.06	2.41	5.42	1.43	1.74	7.10	S75BN	GRASS
D4	35.21	46.07	3	2.00	4.46	35.66	2.62	3.38	46.41	S75BN	GRASS
BENCHES	6.81	8.94	2	0.88	2.53	6.86	1.24	1.66	8.95	S75BN	GRASS

A summary of the results and how they impact the erosion and sedimentation control design follows:

- All channel velocities for the 10-year storm event are greater than 2 feet per second, indicating that temporary erosion control matting will be required for all channels;
- All channel velocities for the 25-year storm event are less than 5 feet per second, indicating that grass lining will be sufficient as permanent channel lining;
- No channel depths are exceeded on any of the channels during the 25-year storm event, indicating that all channels are designed with sufficient depth.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

6. STORMWATER CULVERT DESIGN

6.1 Basis of Design

Stormwater will be conveyed by culverts beneath haul roads in two locations along perimeter channel D1. The design parameters are summarized as follows:

- Provide culverts sized to sufficiently pass flows from the NRCS Type II, 25-year, 24-hour storm event without overtopping the road.

AutoDesk's Hydraflow Express Culvert Modeling Software was used to model the culverts with the following parameters:

- Culvert C1 was analyzed using one 24-inch diameter HDPE pipe, $n=.011$, slope=1.21 percent projecting; and,
- Culvert C2 was analyzed using one 36-inch diameter HDPE pipe, $n=.011$, slope=1.8 percent projecting.

6.2 Summary of Results

Results generated from the Hydraflow analyses indicate that no overtopping of roads or terraces will occur during peak flows from the 25-year, 24-hour storm event. Software results for the analyses are attached.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

7. SEDIMENT BASIN DESIGN

7.1 Basis of Design

Stormwater will be conveyed to one of three sediment basins in order to efficiently reduce sediment transport off of the construction site. Sediment basins have been designed in general accordance with guidance provided in the *E&S Manual* with the following design parameters:

- Provide 1,800 cubic feet of sediment storage volume (from pond base to crest of principal spillway) per acre of disturbed area;
- Provide 435 square feet of water surface area (at principal spillway crest elevation) per cubic foot per second of runoff peak flow for the NRCS Type II, 10-year, 24-hour storm event;
- Design the basin and principal spillway to pass runoff peak flow for the NRCS Type II, 2-year, 24-hour storm event without activating the emergency spillway;
- Design the basin and spillway system to pass runoff peak flow for the NRCS Type II, 10-year, 24-hour storm event while maintaining 1 foot of freeboard from the top of the basin berm; and,
- Provide skimmers for sediment basins to draw down full basin volume within 24 to 72 hours after a storm event.

PondPack software was used to model the stormwater routing through the basins. Design elevations and areas were input into the program based on volume and surface area requirements as outlined in the *E&S Manual*. Peak flows for storm events were obtained through runoff and channel calculations in Sections 2 and 3. A summary of all design requirements for the sediment basins is provided in Table 7-1.

Note: Sediment Basin 1 (SB-1) was designed by S&ME, Inc. Refer to "Construction Plan Application – Construction and Demolition Landfill, Lake Norman Landfill, Inc." prepared by S&ME, Inc., (Feb.1998).

Basin ID	Total Disturbed Area (acres)	10-Year Peak Q (cfs)	Required Volume (ft ³)	Designed Volume (ft ³)	Required Surface Area (ft ²)	Designed Surface Area (ft ²)
SB-2	21.96	75.75	39,528	94,215	32,951	33,467

A summary of the construction method including materials and the impact on design follows:

- All sediment basins will consist of a riser and culvert principal spillway outlet with a rock-lined weir emergency spillway as illustrated in the Construction Drawing Details;
- Risers standpipes and culvert barrel pipes will be constructed from corrugated metal pipe (Manning's "n" coefficient = .022);
- For flow modeling of all risers, weir coefficients of 1.8 and orifice coefficients (for submerged conditions) of 0.6 were used;

- For culvert entrance losses, coefficient $K_e=0.900$ was based on a “Projecting” culvert entrance;
- All emergency spillway sections are 20-foot wide, 2-foot deep with 3-foot horizontal to 1-foot vertical side slopes; and,
- Emergency spillways were modeled as X-Y cross-section weirs with a coefficient of 2.8.

Through a series of iterations using the PondPack software program, a combination of basin and outlet structure design parameters were analyzed and selected to ensure the basin would meet design requirements. These parameters are summarized in Table 7-2.

Basin ID	Principal Spillway						Emergency Spillway Elevation (ft)	Top of Berm Elevation (ft)
	Riser Diameter (in)	Riser Elevation (ft)	Culvert Diameter (in)	Culvert Upstream Invert (ft)	Culvert Downstream Invert (ft)	Culvert Slope (ft/ft)		
SB-1*	36	673.4	30	669.0	668.0	.0182	674.7	676.0
SB-2	24	678.0	15	673.0	672.0	.0158	679.0	681.0

*SB-1 inputs taken from “Construction Plan Application – Construction and Demolition Landfill, Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.” prepared by S&ME, Inc., (Feb. 1998)

7.2 Summary of Results

A summary of the sediment basin routing results is included in Table 7-3.

Basin ID	2-Year Storm Max Elevation (ft)	Freeboard to Emergency Spillway (ft)	10-Year Storm Max Elevation (ft)	Freeboard to Top of Berm (ft)	25-Year Storm Max Elevation (ft)	Freeboard to Top of Berm (ft)
SB-1	673.52	1.18	674.09	1.91	674.60	1.40
SB-2	677.81	1.19	678.48	2.52	678.96	2.04

Faircloth Skimmers (or approved equivalent) will be used to draw down Q_{10} basin volumes within 24 to 72 hours. Skimmer sizing information is provided by the manufacturer and is based on draw down capabilities over a defined time period. Drawdown volumes are based on pond routing results from PondPack analyses. Note that Sediment basin SB-1 was an orifice designed basin, therefore no skimmer will be constructed for that basin. Skimmers were sized per manufacturer guidance and recommendations and a calculation spreadsheet is attached.

Skimmer sizing information is provided in Table 7-4.

Basin ID	Maximum 10year Storm Volume (ft ³)	Skimmer Size (in)	Skimmer Orifice Radius (in)	Number of Skimmers	Basin Drawdown Time (hours)
SB-2	136,299	6	2.8	1	72

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

8. SEDIMENT BASIN RISER ANTI-FLOTATION

8.1 Basis of Design

An anti-flotation block must be properly sized to counter buoyant forces acting on the riser.

The anti-flotation block has been designed with guidance provided in the *E&S Manual, Section 8.06* with the following design parameter:

- Design a block with a weight equal to or greater than 1.1 times the weight of water displaced by the riser and block.

The anti-flotation block design results for each sediment basin are shown in Table 8-1.

Table 8-1. Anti-Flotation Block Design								
Basin ID	Riser Displacement Weight (lbs)	Anti-Flotation Block Dimensions (ft)			Block Displacement Weight (lbs)	Total Displacement Weight (lbs)	Block Weight (lbs)	Factor of Safety
		Width 1	Width 2	Depth				
SB-2	980	3	3	2	1,123	2,103	2,700	1.3

8.2 Summary of Results

All anti-flotation blocks are designed to counter buoyancy with greater than a 1.1 factor of safety.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DESIGN

9. RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION

9.1 Basis of Design

Riprap outlet protection aprons are designed to dissipate energy from basin outlet discharge flows. The goal of a riprap outlet apron is to reduce concentrated discharge velocities to match normal velocities of the receiving channel or area. A riprap outlet protection measure has been designed for each sediment basin outlet.

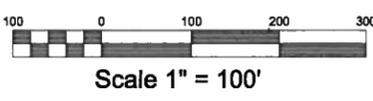
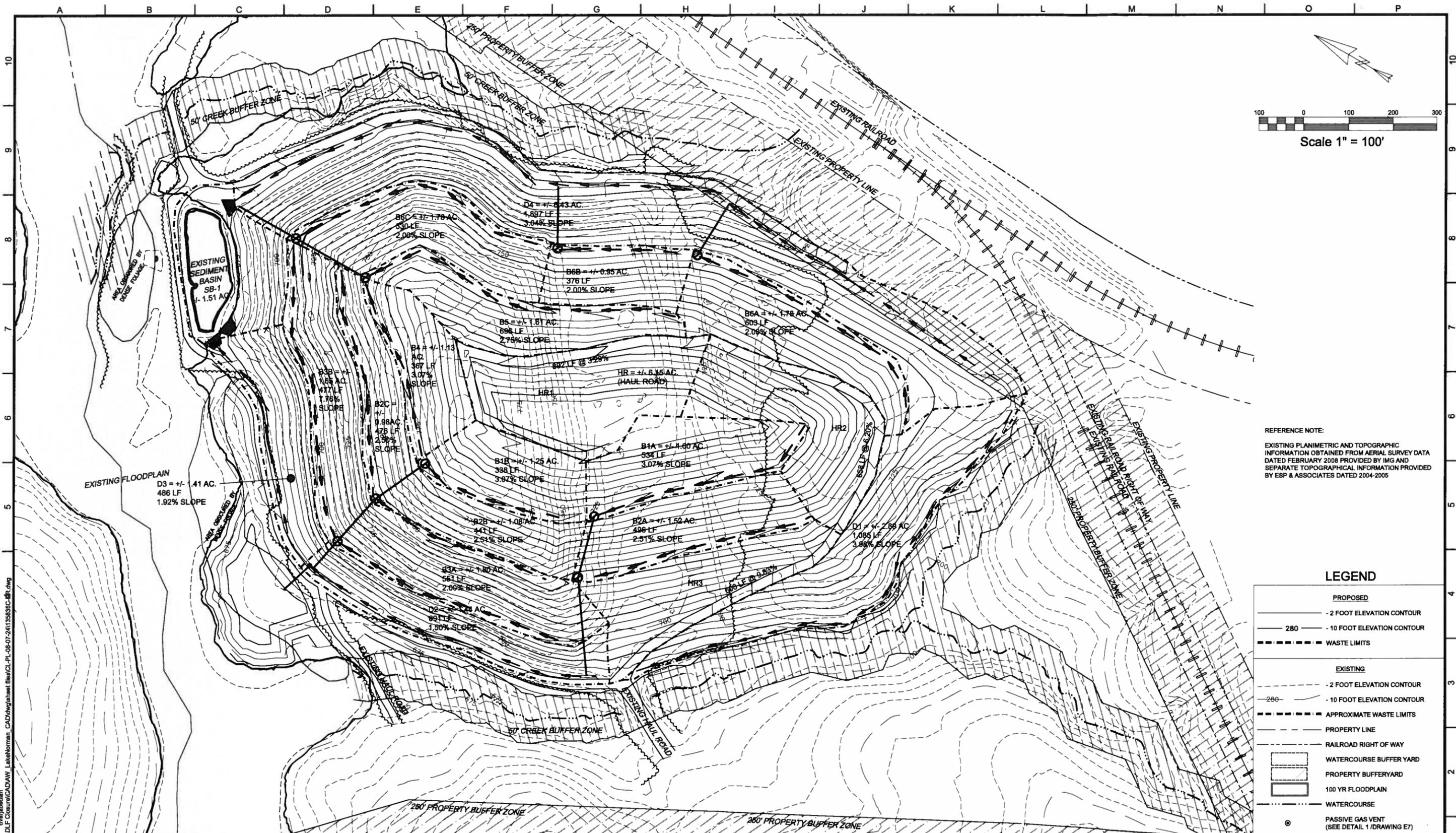
Riprap outlet protection measures have been designed in general accordance with guidance provided in the *E&S Manual, Section 8.06* with the following design parameters:

- Riprap outlet protection measures are sized according to the chart shown as Figure 8.06a in the *E&S Manual* (attached);
- All outlet protection aprons are sized assuming minimum tailwater conditions;
- Maximum discharge flows from the 10-year storm event were used to size the aprons;
- The maximum riprap size is determined by multiplying the d_{50} diameter obtained on Figure 8.06a by 1.5 ($d_{max}=1.5*d_{50}$); and,
- The apron thickness is determined by multiplying the calculated d_{max} diameter by 1.5.

The riprap outlet protection design for each sediment basin is shown in Table 8-1.

Basin ID	Maximum 10-year Storm Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Diameter, Do (in)	d_{50} Riprap Size (in)	d_{max} Riprap Size (in)	Riprap Thickness (in)	Minimum Apron Length, La (ft)	Minimum Apron Downstream Width, W=Do+La (ft)	Apron Width at Culvert=3*Do (ft)
SB-2	4.0	15	4	6	9	10	4	11

*Refer to attached Figure 8.06a for a schematic of sizing dimensions



REFERENCE NOTE:
 EXISTING PLANIMETRIC AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM AERIAL SURVEY DATA DATED FEBRUARY 2008 PROVIDED BY IMG AND SEPARATE TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ESP & ASSOCIATES DATED 2004-2005

LEGEND	
PROPOSED	
	- 2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- 10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- WASTE LIMITS
EXISTING	
	- 2 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- 10 FOOT ELEVATION CONTOUR
	- APPROXIMATE WASTE LIMITS
	- PROPERTY LINE
	- RAILROAD RIGHT OF WAY
	- WATERCOURSE BUFFER YARD
	- PROPERTY BUFFERYARD
	- 100 YR FLOODPLAIN
	- WATERCOURSE
	- PASSIVE GAS VENT (SEE DETAIL 1 /DRAWING E7)

BROWN AND CALDWELL
 Environmental Engineering and Consulting
 309 East Morehead Street, Suite 160, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202 (704) 358-7204

SUBMITTED: _____ DATE: _____
 PROJECT MANAGER

APPROVED: _____ DATE: _____
 BROWN AND CALDWELL

LINE IS 2 INCHES AT FULL SIZE (IF NOT 2" - SCALE ACCORDINGLY)	EXTERNAL REFERENCES
DESIGNED: CJM	135836-BS-D.dwg
DRAWN: DCV	135836-V-ET.dwg
CHECKED: ADG	
CHECKED:	
APPROVED:	

REVISIONS					
ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	APP.

BFI - LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY
 7099 QUARRY LANE, STANLEY, NC
 LINCOLN COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA
 FACILITY PERMIT NUMBER 55-04

**CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE PLAN
 DRAINAGE AREA PLAN**
 LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL FACILITY

FILENAME
BC PROJECT NUMBER 135836
SCALE 1"=100'
DRAWING NUMBER C1
SHEET NUMBER OF

Aug 12, 2008 - 10:37am
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Table 8.03j Precipitation Frequency Estimates

For use with NRCS Method**

Murphy, North Carolina 35.0961N, 84.0239W										
ARI* (years)	5 min.	10 min.	15 min.	30 min.	60 min.	120 min.	3 hr.	6 hr.	12 hr.	24 hr.
2	0.41	0.66	0.83	1.14	1.43	1.71	1.85	2.29	2.90	3.48
10	0.56	0.90	1.14	1.66	2.16	2.57	2.76	3.32	4.14	6.08
25	0.66	1.05	1.33	1.97	2.62	3.14	3.38	4.05	4.95	6.08
100	0.80	1.27	1.61	2.47	3.40	4.13	4.50	5.38	6.33	7.93

Asheville, North Carolina 35.4358N, 82.5392W										
ARI* (years)	5 min.	10 min.	15 min.	30 min.	60 min.	120 min.	3 hr.	6 hr.	12 hr.	24 hr.
2	0.43	0.69	0.87	1.21	1.51	1.77	1.88	2.30	2.91	3.47
10	0.59	0.94	1.19	1.72	2.25	2.60	2.74	3.29	4.10	4.91
25	0.67	1.07	1.36	2.02	2.69	3.13	3.31	3.96	4.83	5.79
100	0.81	1.28	1.62	2.48	3.42	4.00	4.29	5.12	6.04	7.24

Boone, North Carolina 36.2167N, 81.6667W										
ARI* (years)	5 min.	10 min.	15 min.	30 min.	60 min.	120 min.	3 hr.	6 hr.	12 hr.	24 hr.
2	0.48	0.76	0.96	1.32	1.66	2.00	2.18	2.85	3.77	4.39
10	0.62	1.00	1.26	1.83	2.39	2.92	3.18	4.10	5.28	6.61
25	0.72	1.14	1.45	2.14	2.85	3.55	3.87	4.94	6.21	8.07
100	0.86	1.38	1.74	2.66	3.67	4.69	5.15	6.47	7.82	10.65

Charlotte, North Carolina 35.2333N, 80.85W										
ARI* (years)	5 min.	10 min.	15 min.	30 min.	60 min.	120 min.	3 hr.	6 hr.	12 hr.	24 hr.
2	0.47	0.76	0.95	1.31	1.65	1.92	2.04	2.46	2.91	3.37
10	0.60	0.97	1.22	1.77	2.31	2.72	2.93	3.55	4.23	4.90
25	0.67	1.06	1.35	2.00	2.66	3.17	3.46	4.19	5.04	5.82
100	0.75	1.19	1.51	2.31	3.18	3.85	4.29	5.22	6.36	7.30

Greensboro, North Carolina 36.975N, 79.9436W										
ARI* (years)	5 min.	10 min.	15 min.	30 min.	60 min.	120 min.	3 hr.	6 hr.	12 hr.	24 hr.
2	0.46	0.73	0.91	1.26	1.58	1.85	1.98	2.36	2.81	3.31
10	0.57	0.91	1.16	1.68	2.18	2.60	2.77	3.37	4.02	4.76
25	0.62	0.98	1.25	1.84	2.46	2.98	3.17	3.90	4.71	5.26
100	0.66	1.05	1.33	2.03	2.80	3.46	3.72	4.68	5.81	7.00

* ARI is the Average Return Interval.

**Precipitation Frequency Estimates are measured in inches.

-----Cover description-----		-----Curve numbers for hydrologic soil groups-----			
Cover type	Hydrologic conditions ³	A	B	C	D
Pasture, grassland, or range— continuous forage for grazing. ²	Poor	68	79	86	89
	Fair	49	69	79	84
	Good	39	61	74	80
Meadow—continuous grass, protected from grazing and generally mowed for hay.	—	30	58	71	78
Brush—brush-weed-grass mixture with brush the major element. ³	Poor	48	67	77	83
	Fair	35	56	70	77
	Good	30 ⁴	48	65	73
Woods—grass combination (orchard or tree farm). ⁵	Poor	57	73	82	86
	Fair	43	65	76	82
	Good	32	58	72	79
Woods. ⁶	Poor	45	66	77	83
	Fair	36	60	73	79
	Good	30 ⁴	55	70	77
Farmsteads—buildings, lanes, driveways, and surrounding lots.	—	59	74	82	86

1 Average runoff condition, and $I_a = 0.2S$.

2 *Poor*: <50% ground cover or heavily grazed with no mulch.

Fair: 50 to 75% ground cover and not heavily grazed.

Good: > 75% ground cover and lightly or only occasionally grazed.

3 *Poor*: <50% ground cover.

Fair: 50 to 75% ground cover.

Good: >75% ground cover.

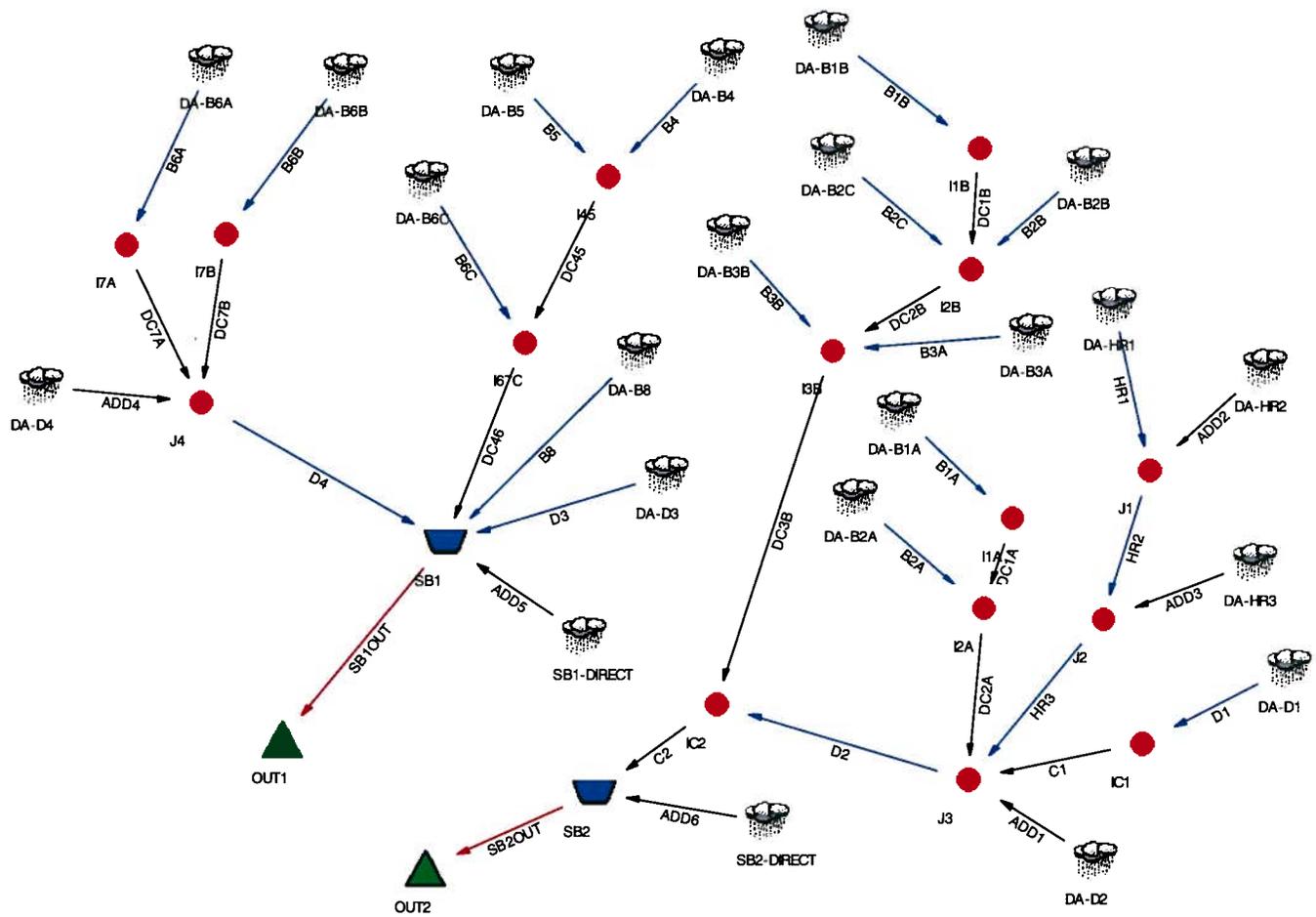
4 Actual curve number is less than 30; use CN = 30 for runoff computations.

5 CN's shown were computed for areas with 50% woods and 50% grass (pasture) cover. Other combinations of conditions may be computed from the CN's for woods and pasture.

6 *Poor*: Forest litter, small trees, and brush are destroyed by heavy grazing or regular burning.

Fair: Woods are grazed but not burned, and some forest litter covers the soil.

Good: Woods are protected from grazing, and litter and brush adequately cover the soil.



Job File: P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&DCLOSE.PPW
Rain Dir: P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\

=====
JOB TITLE
=====

Project Date: 7/29/2008
Project Engineer: cmcdonald
Project Title: Lake Norman C&D Landfill - Stormwater Calcs
Project Comments:

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MASTER DESIGN STORM SUMMARY

Network Storm Collection: Charlotte-SCS

Return Event	Total Depth in	Rainfall Type	RNF ID
2	3.3700	Synthetic Curve	TypeII 24hr
10	4.9000	Synthetic Curve	TypeII 24hr
25	5.8200	Synthetic Curve	TypeII 24hr

MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
DA-B1A	AREA	2	.178		11.9500	3.21		
DA-B1A	AREA	10	.339		11.9000	6.10		
DA-B1A	AREA	25	.443		11.9000	8.01		
DA-B1B	AREA	2	.119		11.9500	2.15		
DA-B1B	AREA	10	.226		11.9000	4.08		
DA-B1B	AREA	25	.296		11.9000	5.36		
DA-B2A	AREA	2	.169		11.9500	3.05		
DA-B2A	AREA	10	.322		11.9000	5.79		
DA-B2A	AREA	25	.421		11.9000	7.61		
DA-B2B	AREA	2	.143		11.9500	2.59		
DA-B2B	AREA	10	.273		11.9000	4.92		
DA-B2B	AREA	25	.357		11.9000	6.46		
DA-B2C	AREA	2	.151		11.9500	2.73		
DA-B2C	AREA	10	.288		11.9000	5.18		
DA-B2C	AREA	25	.376		11.9000	6.81		

MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
DA-B3A	AREA	2	.177		11.9500	3.19		
DA-B3A	AREA	10	.336		11.9000	6.06		
DA-B3A	AREA	25	.440		11.9000	7.96		
DA-B3B	AREA	2	.183		11.9500	3.31		
DA-B3B	AREA	10	.349		11.9000	6.29		
DA-B3B	AREA	25	.457		11.9000	8.26		
DA-B4	AREA	2	.126		11.9500	2.27		
DA-B4	AREA	10	.239		11.9000	4.32		
DA-B4	AREA	25	.313		11.9000	5.68		
DA-B5	AREA	2	.179		11.9500	3.23		
DA-B5	AREA	10	.341		11.9000	6.16		
DA-B5	AREA	25	.446		11.9000	8.09		
DA-B6A	AREA	2	.198		11.9500	3.57		
DA-B6A	AREA	10	.377		11.9000	6.81		
DA-B6A	AREA	25	.493		11.9000	8.94		
DA-B6B	AREA	2	.145		11.9500	2.61		
DA-B6B	AREA	10	.275		11.9000	4.97		
DA-B6B	AREA	25	.360		11.9000	6.53		
DA-B6C	AREA	2	.198		11.9500	3.57		
DA-B6C	AREA	10	.377		11.9000	6.81		
DA-B6C	AREA	25	.493		11.9000	8.94		
DA-B8	AREA	2	.155		11.9500	2.79		
DA-B8	AREA	10	.294		11.9000	5.31		
DA-B8	AREA	25	.385		11.9000	6.98		
DA-D1	AREA	2	.321		11.9500	5.80		
DA-D1	AREA	10	.612		11.9000	11.05		
DA-D1	AREA	25	.800		11.9000	14.52		

MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
DA-D2	AREA	2	.218		11.9500	3.93		
DA-D2	AREA	10	.415		11.9000	7.49		
DA-D2	AREA	25	.543		11.9000	9.85		
DA-D3	AREA	2	.155		11.9500	2.79		
DA-D3	AREA	10	.294		11.9000	5.31		
DA-D3	AREA	25	.385		11.9000	6.98		
DA-D4	AREA	2	.715		11.9500	12.90		
DA-D4	AREA	10	1.361		11.9000	24.58		
DA-D4	AREA	25	1.780		11.9000	32.30		
DA-HR1	AREA	2	.257		11.9500	4.63		
DA-HR1	AREA	10	.489		11.9000	8.83		
DA-HR1	AREA	25	.639		11.9000	11.60		
DA-HR2	AREA	2	.228		11.9500	4.11		
DA-HR2	AREA	10	.434		11.9000	7.83		
DA-HR2	AREA	25	.568		11.9000	10.28		
DA-HR3	AREA	2	.198		11.9500	3.57		
DA-HR3	AREA	10	.377		11.9000	6.80		
DA-HR3	AREA	25	.493		11.9000	8.93		
I1A	JCT	2	.178		12.0000	2.93		
I1A	JCT	10	.338		12.0000	5.70		
I1A	JCT	25	.443		12.0000	7.44		
I1B	JCT	2	.119		12.0000	2.02		
I1B	JCT	10	.226		11.9500	3.88		
I1B	JCT	25	.296		11.9500	5.14		
I2A	JCT	2	.347		12.0000	5.74		
I2A	JCT	10	.660		12.0000	11.13		
I2A	JCT	25	.864		12.0000	14.52		

Name.... Watershed

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MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
I2B	JCT	2	.413		12.0000	6.92		
I2B	JCT	10	.787		12.0000	13.34		
I2B	JCT	25	1.030		11.9500	17.56		
I3B	JCT	2	.774		12.0000	12.68		
I3B	JCT	10	1.472		12.0000	24.69		
I3B	JCT	25	1.926		12.0000	32.24		
I45	JCT	2	.304		12.0000	4.85		
I45	JCT	10	.580		12.0000	9.55		
I45	JCT	25	.758		12.0000	12.52		
I67C	JCT	2	.502		12.0000	8.04		
I67C	JCT	10	.956		12.0000	15.83		
I67C	JCT	25	1.251		12.0000	20.74		
I7A	JCT	2	.198		12.0000	3.16		
I7A	JCT	10	.377		12.0000	6.24		
I7A	JCT	25	.493		12.0000	8.18		
I7B	JCT	2	.144		12.0000	2.46		
I7B	JCT	10	.275		11.9500	4.76		
I7B	JCT	25	.360		11.9500	6.30		
IC1	JCT	2	.321		12.0000	4.75		
IC1	JCT	10	.611		12.0000	9.65		
IC1	JCT	25	.800		12.0000	12.77		
IC2	JCT	2	2.342		12.0000	34.94		
IC2	JCT	10	4.457		12.0000	71.33		
IC2	JCT	25	5.832		12.0000	94.52		
J1	JCT	2	.485		12.0000	7.75		
J1	JCT	10	.922		11.9500	15.28		
J1	JCT	25	1.207		11.9500	20.17		

MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
J2	JCT	2	.683		12.0000	10.76		
J2	JCT	10	1.299		12.0000	21.03		
J2	JCT	25	1.700		11.9500	27.66		
J3	JCT	2	1.568		12.0000	24.51		
J3	JCT	10	2.985		12.0000	48.45		
J3	JCT	25	3.906		12.0000	63.58		
J4	JCT	2	1.057		11.9500	18.12		
J4	JCT	10	2.012		11.9500	35.21		
J4	JCT	25	2.633		11.9500	46.07		
*OUT1	JCT	2	.672		15.0500	1.26		
*OUT1	JCT	10	2.434		12.3000	16.90		
*OUT1	JCT	25	3.575		12.1500	36.70		
*OUT2	JCT	2	.000		.0500	.00		
*OUT2	JCT	10	2.083		13.8500	3.71		
*OUT2	JCT	25	3.526		12.6500	9.45		
SB1	IN POND	2	2.031		12.0000	28.09		
SB1	IN POND	10	3.792		12.0000	56.61		
SB1	IN POND	25	4.933		12.0000	74.90		
SB1	OUT POND	2	.672		15.0500	1.26	673.52	1.413
SB1	OUT POND	10	2.434		12.3000	16.90	674.09	1.682
SB1	OUT POND	25	3.575		12.1500	36.70	674.60	1.933
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	2	.163		11.9000	2.51		
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	10	.236		11.9000	3.65		
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	25	.281		11.9000	4.33		
SB2	IN POND	2	2.591		12.0000	37.98		
SB2	IN POND	10	4.819		12.0000	75.75		
SB2	IN POND	25	6.262		12.0000	99.77		

Name.... Watershed

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MASTER NETWORK SUMMARY
SCS Unit Hydrograph Method

(*Node=Outfall; +Node=Diversion;)
(Trun= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left&Rt)

Node ID	Type	Return Event	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun	Qpeak hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft	Max Pond Storage ac-ft
SB2	OUT POND	2	.000		.0500	.00	677.81	2.591
SB2	OUT POND	10	2.083		13.8500	3.71	678.48	3.105
SB2	OUT POND	25	3.526		12.6500	9.45	678.96	3.487
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	2	.249		11.9000	3.84		
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	10	.362		11.9000	5.59		
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	25	.430		11.9000	6.64		

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 2

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
 Storm Frequency = 2 yr
 Total Rainfall Depth= 3.3700 in
 Duration Multiplier = 1
 Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
 Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
DA-B1A	AREA	.178	11.9500	3.21	
DA-B1B	AREA	.119	11.9500	2.15	
DA-B2A	AREA	.169	11.9500	3.05	
DA-B2B	AREA	.143	11.9500	2.59	
DA-B2C	AREA	.151	11.9500	2.73	
DA-B3A	AREA	.177	11.9500	3.19	
DA-B3B	AREA	.183	11.9500	3.31	
DA-B4	AREA	.126	11.9500	2.27	
DA-B5	AREA	.179	11.9500	3.23	
DA-B6A	AREA	.198	11.9500	3.57	
DA-B6B	AREA	.145	11.9500	2.61	
DA-B6C	AREA	.198	11.9500	3.57	
DA-B8	AREA	.155	11.9500	2.79	
DA-D1	AREA	.321	11.9500	5.80	
DA-D2	AREA	.218	11.9500	3.93	
DA-D3	AREA	.155	11.9500	2.79	
DA-D4	AREA	.715	11.9500	12.90	
DA-HR1	AREA	.257	11.9500	4.63	
DA-HR2	AREA	.228	11.9500	4.11	
DA-HR3	AREA	.198	11.9500	3.57	
I1A	JCT	.178	12.0000	2.93	
I1B	JCT	.119	12.0000	2.02	
I2A	JCT	.347	12.0000	5.74	
I2B	JCT	.413	12.0000	6.92	
I3B	JCT	.774	12.0000	12.68	
I45	JCT	.304	12.0000	4.85	
I67C	JCT	.502	12.0000	8.04	
I7A	JCT	.198	12.0000	3.16	
I7B	JCT	.144	12.0000	2.46	
IC1	JCT	.321	12.0000	4.75	
IC2	JCT	2.342	12.0000	34.94	
J1	JCT	.485	12.0000	7.75	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
J2	JCT	.683	12.0000	10.76	
J3	JCT	1.568	12.0000	24.51	
J4	JCT	1.057	11.9500	18.12	
Outfall OUT1	JCT	.672	15.0500	1.26	
Outfall OUT2	JCT	.000	.0500	.00	
SB1	IN POND	2.031	12.0000	28.09	
SB1	OUT POND	.672	15.0500	1.26	673.52
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	.163	11.9000	2.51	
SB2	IN POND	2.591	12.0000	37.98	
SB2	OUT POND	.000	.0500	.00	677.81
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	.249	11.9000	3.84	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 2

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr

Storm Frequency = 2 yr

Total Rainfall Depth= 3.3700 in

Duration Multiplier = 1

Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs

Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Peak Time Trun. hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
ADD1	ADD	UN	.218	11.9500	3.93	DA-D2
		DL	.218	11.9500	3.93	
		DN	1.568	12.0000	24.51	J3
ADD2	ADD	UN	.228	11.9500	4.11	DA-HR2
		DL	.228	11.9500	4.11	
		DN	.485	12.0000	7.75	J1
ADD3	ADD	UN	.198	11.9500	3.57	DA-HR3
		DL	.198	11.9500	3.57	
		DN	.683	12.0000	10.76	J2
ADD4	ADD	UN	.715	11.9500	12.90	DA-D4
		DL	.715	11.9500	12.90	
		DN	1.057	11.9500	18.12	J4
ADD5	ADD	UN	.163	11.9000	2.51	SB1-DIRECT
		DL	.163	11.9000	2.51	
		DN	2.031	12.0000	28.09	SB1 IN
ADD6	ADD	UN	.249	11.9000	3.84	SB2-DIRECT
		DL	.249	11.9000	3.84	
		DN	2.591	12.0000	37.98	SB2 IN
B1A	REACH	UN	.178	11.9500	3.21	DA-B1A
		DL	.178	12.0000	2.93	
		DN	.178	12.0000	2.93	I1A

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B1B	REACH	UN	.119		11.9500	2.15	DA-B1B
		DL	.119		12.0000	2.02	
		DN	.119		12.0000	2.02	I1B
B2A	REACH	UN	.169		11.9500	3.05	DA-B2A
		DL	.169		12.0000	2.80	
		DN	.347		12.0000	5.74	I2A
B2B	REACH	UN	.143		11.9500	2.59	DA-B2B
		DL	.143		12.0000	2.42	
		DN	.413		12.0000	6.92	I2B
B2C	REACH	UN	.151		11.9500	2.73	DA-B2C
		DL	.151		12.0000	2.48	
		DN	.413		12.0000	6.92	I2B
B3A	REACH	UN	.177		11.9500	3.19	DA-B3A
		DL	.177		12.0000	2.88	
		DN	.774		12.0000	12.68	I3B
B3B	REACH	UN	.183		11.9500	3.31	DA-B3B
		DL	.183		12.0000	2.88	
		DN	.774		12.0000	12.68	I3B
B4	REACH	UN	.126		11.9500	2.27	DA-B4
		DL	.126		12.0000	2.12	
		DN	.304		12.0000	4.85	I45
B5	REACH	UN	.179		11.9500	3.23	DA-B5
		DL	.179		12.0000	2.73	
		DN	.304		12.0000	4.85	I45
B6A	REACH	UN	.198		11.9500	3.57	DA-B6A
		DL	.198		12.0000	3.16	
		DN	.198		12.0000	3.16	I7A
B6B	REACH	UN	.145		11.9500	2.61	DA-B6B
		DL	.144		12.0000	2.46	
		DN	.144		12.0000	2.46	I7B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B6C	REACH	UN	.198		11.9500	3.57	DA-B6C
		DL	.198		12.0000	3.19	
		DN	.502		12.0000	8.04	I67C
B8	REACH	UN	.155		11.9500	2.79	DA-B8
		DL	.154		12.0000	2.57	
		DN	2.031		12.0000	28.09	SB1 IN
C1	ADD	UN	.321		12.0000	4.75	IC1
		DL	.321		12.0000	4.75	
		DN	1.568		12.0000	24.51	J3
C2	ADD	UN	2.342		12.0000	34.94	IC2
		DL	2.342		12.0000	34.94	
		DN	2.591		12.0000	37.98	SB2 IN
D1	REACH	UN	.321		11.9500	5.80	DA-D1
		DL	.321		12.0000	4.75	
		DN	.321		12.0000	4.75	IC1
D2	REACH	UN	1.568		12.0000	24.51	J3
		DL	1.568		12.0500	23.26	
		DN	2.342		12.0000	34.94	IC2
D3	REACH	UN	.155		11.9500	2.79	DA-D3
		DL	.154		12.0000	2.62	
		DN	2.031		12.0000	28.09	SB1 IN
D4	REACH	UN	1.057		11.9500	18.12	J4
		DL	1.057		12.0500	13.78	
		DN	2.031		12.0000	28.09	SB1 IN
DC1A	ADD	UN	.178		12.0000	2.93	I1A
		DL	.178		12.0000	2.93	
		DN	.347		12.0000	5.74	I2A
DC1B	ADD	UN	.119		12.0000	2.02	I1B
		DL	.119		12.0000	2.02	
		DN	.413		12.0000	6.92	I2B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
DC2A	ADD	UN	.347		12.0000	5.74	I2A
		DL	.347		12.0000	5.74	
		DN	1.568		12.0000	24.51	J3
DC2B	ADD	UN	.413		12.0000	6.92	I2B
		DL	.413		12.0000	6.92	
		DN	.774		12.0000	12.68	I3B
DC3B	ADD	UN	.774		12.0000	12.68	I3B
		DL	.774		12.0000	12.68	
		DN	2.342		12.0000	34.94	IC2
DC45	ADD	UN	.304		12.0000	4.85	I45
		DL	.304		12.0000	4.85	
		DN	.502		12.0000	8.04	I67C
DC46	ADD	UN	.502		12.0000	8.04	I67C
		DL	.502		12.0000	8.04	
		DN	2.031		12.0000	28.09	SB1 IN
DC7A	ADD	UN	.198		12.0000	3.16	I7A
		DL	.198		12.0000	3.16	
		DN	1.057		11.9500	18.12	J4
DC7B	ADD	UN	.144		12.0000	2.46	I7B
		DL	.144		12.0000	2.46	
		DN	1.057		11.9500	18.12	J4
HR1	REACH	UN	.257		11.9500	4.63	DA-HR1
		DL	.257		12.0000	3.98	
		DN	.485		12.0000	7.75	J1
HR2	REACH	UN	.485		12.0000	7.75	J1
		DL	.485		12.0000	7.49	
		DN	.683		12.0000	10.76	J2
HR3	REACH	UN	.683		12.0000	10.76	J2
		DL	.683		12.0000	10.42	
		DN	1.568		12.0000	24.51	J3

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points	
SB1OUT	PONDrt UN	2.031		12.0000	28.09	SB1	IN
SB1OUT		.672		15.0500	1.26	SB1	OUT
	DL	.672		15.0500	1.26		
	DN	.672		15.0500	1.26	OUT1	
SB2OUT	PONDrt UN	2.591		12.0000	37.98	SB2	IN
SB2OUT		.000		.0500	.00	SB2	OUT
	DL	.000		.0500	.00		
	DN	.000		.0500	.00	OUT2	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 10

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
 Storm Frequency = 10 yr
 Total Rainfall Depth= 4.9000 in
 Duration Multiplier = 1
 Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
 Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
DA-B1A	AREA	.339	11.9000	6.10	
DA-B1B	AREA	.226	11.9000	4.08	
DA-B2A	AREA	.322	11.9000	5.79	
DA-B2B	AREA	.273	11.9000	4.92	
DA-B2C	AREA	.288	11.9000	5.18	
DA-B3A	AREA	.336	11.9000	6.06	
DA-B3B	AREA	.349	11.9000	6.29	
DA-B4	AREA	.239	11.9000	4.32	
DA-B5	AREA	.341	11.9000	6.16	
DA-B6A	AREA	.377	11.9000	6.81	
DA-B6B	AREA	.275	11.9000	4.97	
DA-B6C	AREA	.377	11.9000	6.81	
DA-B8	AREA	.294	11.9000	5.31	
DA-D1	AREA	.612	11.9000	11.05	
DA-D2	AREA	.415	11.9000	7.49	
DA-D3	AREA	.294	11.9000	5.31	
DA-D4	AREA	1.361	11.9000	24.58	
DA-HR1	AREA	.489	11.9000	8.83	
DA-HR2	AREA	.434	11.9000	7.83	
DA-HR3	AREA	.377	11.9000	6.80	
I1A	JCT	.338	12.0000	5.70	
I1B	JCT	.226	11.9500	3.88	
I2A	JCT	.660	12.0000	11.13	
I2B	JCT	.787	12.0000	13.34	
I3B	JCT	1.472	12.0000	24.69	
I45	JCT	.580	12.0000	9.55	
I67C	JCT	.956	12.0000	15.83	
I7A	JCT	.377	12.0000	6.24	
I7B	JCT	.275	11.9500	4.76	
IC1	JCT	.611	12.0000	9.65	
IC2	JCT	4.457	12.0000	71.33	
J1	JCT	.922	11.9500	15.28	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
J2	JCT	1.299	12.0000	21.03	
J3	JCT	2.985	12.0000	48.45	
J4	JCT	2.012	11.9500	35.21	
Outfall OUT1	JCT	2.434	12.3000	16.90	
Outfall OUT2	JCT	2.083	13.8500	3.71	
SB1	IN POND	3.792	12.0000	56.61	
SB1	OUT POND	2.434	12.3000	16.90	674.09
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	.236	11.9000	3.65	
SB2	IN POND	4.819	12.0000	75.75	
SB2	OUT POND	2.083	13.8500	3.71	678.48
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	.362	11.9000	5.59	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 10

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
 Storm Frequency = 10 yr
 Total Rainfall Depth= 4.9000 in
 Duration Multiplier = 1
 Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
 Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Peak Time Trun. hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
ADD1	ADD	UN	.415	11.9000	7.49	DA-D2
		DL	.415	11.9000	7.49	
		DN	2.985	12.0000	48.45	J3
ADD2	ADD	UN	.434	11.9000	7.83	DA-HR2
		DL	.434	11.9000	7.83	
		DN	.922	11.9500	15.28	J1
ADD3	ADD	UN	.377	11.9000	6.80	DA-HR3
		DL	.377	11.9000	6.80	
		DN	1.299	12.0000	21.03	J2
ADD4	ADD	UN	1.361	11.9000	24.58	DA-D4
		DL	1.361	11.9000	24.58	
		DN	2.012	11.9500	35.21	J4
ADD5	ADD	UN	.236	11.9000	3.65	SB1-DIRECT
		DL	.236	11.9000	3.65	
		DN	3.792	12.0000	56.61	SB1 IN
ADD6	ADD	UN	.362	11.9000	5.59	SB2-DIRECT
		DL	.362	11.9000	5.59	
		DN	4.819	12.0000	75.75	SB2 IN
B1A	REACH	UN	.339	11.9000	6.10	DA-B1A
		DL	.338	12.0000	5.70	
		DN	.338	12.0000	5.70	I1A

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Peak Time Trun. hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B1B	REACH	UN	.226	11.9000	4.08	DA-B1B
		DL	.226	11.9500	3.88	
		DN	.226	11.9500	3.88	I1B
B2A	REACH	UN	.322	11.9000	5.79	DA-B2A
		DL	.322	12.0000	5.43	
		DN	.660	12.0000	11.13	I2A
B2B	REACH	UN	.273	11.9000	4.92	DA-B2B
		DL	.273	12.0000	4.64	
		DN	.787	12.0000	13.34	I2B
B2C	REACH	UN	.288	11.9000	5.18	DA-B2C
		DL	.288	12.0000	4.84	
		DN	.787	12.0000	13.34	I2B
B3A	REACH	UN	.336	11.9000	6.06	DA-B3A
		DL	.336	12.0000	5.63	
		DN	1.472	12.0000	24.69	I3B
B3B	REACH	UN	.349	11.9000	6.29	DA-B3B
		DL	.349	12.0000	5.72	
		DN	1.472	12.0000	24.69	I3B
B4	REACH	UN	.239	11.9000	4.32	DA-B4
		DL	.239	12.0000	4.07	
		DN	.580	12.0000	9.55	I45
B5	REACH	UN	.341	11.9000	6.16	DA-B5
		DL	.341	12.0000	5.48	
		DN	.580	12.0000	9.55	I45
B6A	REACH	UN	.377	11.9000	6.81	DA-B6A
		DL	.377	12.0000	6.24	
		DN	.377	12.0000	6.24	I7A
B6B	REACH	UN	.275	11.9000	4.97	DA-B6B
		DL	.275	11.9500	4.76	
		DN	.275	11.9500	4.76	I7B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B6C	REACH	UN	.377		11.9000	6.81	DA-B6C
		DL	.377		12.0000	6.28	
		DN	.956		12.0000	15.83	I67C
B8	REACH	UN	.294		11.9000	5.31	DA-B8
		DL	.294		12.0000	4.98	
		DN	3.792		12.0000	56.61	SB1 IN
C1	ADD	UN	.611		12.0000	9.65	IC1
		DL	.611		12.0000	9.65	
		DN	2.985		12.0000	48.45	J3
C2	ADD	UN	4.457		12.0000	71.33	IC2
		DL	4.457		12.0000	71.33	
		DN	4.819		12.0000	75.75	SB2 IN
D1	REACH	UN	.612		11.9000	11.05	DA-D1
		DL	.611		12.0000	9.65	
		DN	.611		12.0000	9.65	IC1
D2	REACH	UN	2.985		12.0000	48.45	J3
		DL	2.985		12.0000	46.64	
		DN	4.457		12.0000	71.33	IC2
D3	REACH	UN	.294		11.9000	5.31	DA-D3
		DL	.294		11.9500	5.03	
		DN	3.792		12.0000	56.61	SB1 IN
D4	REACH	UN	2.012		11.9500	35.21	J4
		DL	2.012		12.0500	28.23	
		DN	3.792		12.0000	56.61	SB1 IN
DC1A	ADD	UN	.338		12.0000	5.70	I1A
		DL	.338		12.0000	5.70	
		DN	.660		12.0000	11.13	I2A
DC1B	ADD	UN	.226		11.9500	3.88	I1B
		DL	.226		11.9500	3.88	
		DN	.787		12.0000	13.34	I2B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Peak Time Trun. hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
DC2A	ADD	UN	.660	12.0000	11.13	I2A
		DL	.660	12.0000	11.13	
		DN	2.985	12.0000	48.45	J3
DC2B	ADD	UN	.787	12.0000	13.34	I2B
		DL	.787	12.0000	13.34	
		DN	1.472	12.0000	24.69	I3B
DC3B	ADD	UN	1.472	12.0000	24.69	I3B
		DL	1.472	12.0000	24.69	
		DN	4.457	12.0000	71.33	IC2
DC45	ADD	UN	.580	12.0000	9.55	I45
		DL	.580	12.0000	9.55	
		DN	.956	12.0000	15.83	I67C
DC46	ADD	UN	.956	12.0000	15.83	I67C
		DL	.956	12.0000	15.83	
		DN	3.792	12.0000	56.61	SB1 IN
DC7A	ADD	UN	.377	12.0000	6.24	I7A
		DL	.377	12.0000	6.24	
		DN	2.012	11.9500	35.21	J4
DC7B	ADD	UN	.275	11.9500	4.76	I7B
		DL	.275	11.9500	4.76	
		DN	2.012	11.9500	35.21	J4
HR1	REACH	UN	.489	11.9000	8.83	DA-HR1
		DL	.489	12.0000	7.96	
		DN	.922	11.9500	15.28	J1
HR2	REACH	UN	.922	11.9500	15.28	J1
		DL	.922	12.0000	14.99	
		DN	1.299	12.0000	21.03	J2
HR3	REACH	UN	1.299	12.0000	21.03	J2
		DL	1.299	12.0000	21.00	
		DN	2.985	12.0000	48.45	J3

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Peak Time Trun. hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points	
SB1OUT	PONDrt	UN	3.792	12.0000	56.61	SB1	IN
SB1OUT			2.434	12.3000	16.90	SB1	OUT
		DL	2.434	12.3000	16.90		
		DN	2.434	12.3000	16.90	OUT1	
SB2OUT	PONDrt	UN	4.819	12.0000	75.75	SB2	IN
SB2OUT			2.083	13.8500	3.71	SB2	OUT
		DL	2.083	13.8500	3.71		
		DN	2.083	13.8500	3.71	OUT2	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 25

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
 Storm Frequency = 25 yr
 Total Rainfall Depth= 5.8200 in
 Duration Multiplier = 1
 Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
 Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
DA-B1A	AREA	.443	11.9000	8.01	
DA-B1B	AREA	.296	11.9000	5.36	
DA-B2A	AREA	.421	11.9000	7.61	
DA-B2B	AREA	.357	11.9000	6.46	
DA-B2C	AREA	.376	11.9000	6.81	
DA-B3A	AREA	.440	11.9000	7.96	
DA-B3B	AREA	.457	11.9000	8.26	
DA-B4	AREA	.313	11.9000	5.68	
DA-B5	AREA	.446	11.9000	8.09	
DA-B6A	AREA	.493	11.9000	8.94	
DA-B6B	AREA	.360	11.9000	6.53	
DA-B6C	AREA	.493	11.9000	8.94	
DA-B8	AREA	.385	11.9000	6.98	
DA-D1	AREA	.800	11.9000	14.52	
DA-D2	AREA	.543	11.9000	9.85	
DA-D3	AREA	.385	11.9000	6.98	
DA-D4	AREA	1.780	11.9000	32.30	
DA-HR1	AREA	.639	11.9000	11.60	
DA-HR2	AREA	.568	11.9000	10.28	
DA-HR3	AREA	.493	11.9000	8.93	
I1A	JCT	.443	12.0000	7.44	
I1B	JCT	.296	11.9500	5.14	
I2A	JCT	.864	12.0000	14.52	
I2B	JCT	1.030	11.9500	17.56	
I3B	JCT	1.926	12.0000	32.24	
I45	JCT	.758	12.0000	12.52	
I67C	JCT	1.251	12.0000	20.74	
I7A	JCT	.493	12.0000	8.18	
I7B	JCT	.360	11.9500	6.30	
IC1	JCT	.800	12.0000	12.77	
IC2	JCT	5.832	12.0000	94.52	
J1	JCT	1.207	11.9500	20.17	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- NODES

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Node ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Qpeak Trun. hrs	Qpeak cfs	Max WSEL ft
J2	JCT	1.700	11.9500	27.66	
J3	JCT	3.906	12.0000	63.58	
J4	JCT	2.633	11.9500	46.07	
Outfall1 OUT1	JCT	3.575	12.1500	36.70	
Outfall1 OUT2	JCT	3.526	12.6500	9.45	
SB1	IN POND	4.933	12.0000	74.90	
SB1	OUT POND	3.575	12.1500	36.70	674.60
SB1-DIRECT	AREA	.281	11.9000	4.33	
SB2	IN POND	6.262	12.0000	99.77	
SB2	OUT POND	3.526	12.6500	9.45	678.96
SB2-DIRECT	AREA	.430	11.9000	6.64	

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

DEFAULT Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 25

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
 Storm Frequency = 25 yr
 Total Rainfall Depth= 5.8200 in
 Duration Multiplier = 1
 Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
 Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Link ID	Type	HYG Vol		Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
		ac-ft	Trun.			
ADD1	ADD	UN	.543	11.9000	9.85	DA-D2
		DL	.543	11.9000	9.85	
		DN	3.906	12.0000	63.58	J3
ADD2	ADD	UN	.568	11.9000	10.28	DA-HR2
		DL	.568	11.9000	10.28	
		DN	1.207	11.9500	20.17	J1
ADD3	ADD	UN	.493	11.9000	8.93	DA-HR3
		DL	.493	11.9000	8.93	
		DN	1.700	11.9500	27.66	J2
ADD4	ADD	UN	1.780	11.9000	32.30	DA-D4
		DL	1.780	11.9000	32.30	
		DN	2.633	11.9500	46.07	J4
ADD5	ADD	UN	.281	11.9000	4.33	SB1-DIRECT
		DL	.281	11.9000	4.33	
		DN	4.933	12.0000	74.90	SB1 IN
ADD6	ADD	UN	.430	11.9000	6.64	SB2-DIRECT
		DL	.430	11.9000	6.64	
		DN	6.262	12.0000	99.77	SB2 IN
B1A	REACH	UN	.443	11.9000	8.01	DA-B1A
		DL	.443	12.0000	7.44	
		DN	.443	12.0000	7.44	I1A

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B1B	REACH	UN	.296		11.9000	5.36	DA-B1B
		DL	.296		11.9500	5.14	
		DN	.296		11.9500	5.14	I1B
B2A	REACH	UN	.421		11.9000	7.61	DA-B2A
		DL	.421		11.9500	7.08	
		DN	.864		12.0000	14.52	I2A
B2B	REACH	UN	.357		11.9000	6.46	DA-B2B
		DL	.357		11.9500	6.14	
		DN	1.030		11.9500	17.56	I2B
B2C	REACH	UN	.376		11.9000	6.81	DA-B2C
		DL	.376		12.0000	6.32	
		DN	1.030		11.9500	17.56	I2B
B3A	REACH	UN	.440		11.9000	7.96	DA-B3A
		DL	.440		12.0000	7.37	
		DN	1.926		12.0000	32.24	I3B
B3B	REACH	UN	.457		11.9000	8.26	DA-B3B
		DL	.457		12.0000	7.52	
		DN	1.926		12.0000	32.24	I3B
B4	REACH	UN	.313		11.9000	5.68	DA-B4
		DL	.313		11.9500	5.38	
		DN	.758		12.0000	12.52	I45
B5	REACH	UN	.446		11.9000	8.09	DA-B5
		DL	.446		12.0000	7.23	
		DN	.758		12.0000	12.52	I45
B6A	REACH	UN	.493		11.9000	8.94	DA-B6A
		DL	.493		12.0000	8.18	
		DN	.493		12.0000	8.18	I7A
B6B	REACH	UN	.360		11.9000	6.53	DA-B6B
		DL	.360		11.9500	6.30	
		DN	.360		11.9500	6.30	I7B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
B6C	REACH	UN	.493		11.9000	8.94	DA-B6C
		DL	.493		12.0000	8.22	
		DN	1.251		12.0000	20.74	I67C
B8	REACH	UN	.385		11.9000	6.98	DA-B8
		DL	.385		11.9500	6.51	
		DN	4.933		12.0000	74.90	SB1 IN
C1	ADD	UN	.800		12.0000	12.77	IC1
		DL	.800		12.0000	12.77	
		DN	3.906		12.0000	63.58	J3
C2	ADD	UN	5.832		12.0000	94.52	IC2
		DL	5.832		12.0000	94.52	
		DN	6.262		12.0000	99.77	SB2 IN
D1	REACH	UN	.800		11.9000	14.52	DA-D1
		DL	.800		12.0000	12.77	
		DN	.800		12.0000	12.77	IC1
D2	REACH	UN	3.906		12.0000	63.58	J3
		DL	3.905		12.0000	62.27	
		DN	5.832		12.0000	94.52	IC2
D3	REACH	UN	.385		11.9000	6.98	DA-D3
		DL	.385		11.9500	6.66	
		DN	4.933		12.0000	74.90	SB1 IN
D4	REACH	UN	2.633		11.9500	46.07	J4
		DL	2.632		12.0000	37.74	
		DN	4.933		12.0000	74.90	SB1 IN
DC1A	ADD	UN	.443		12.0000	7.44	I1A
		DL	.443		12.0000	7.44	
		DN	.864		12.0000	14.52	I2A
DC1B	ADD	UN	.296		11.9500	5.14	I1B
		DL	.296		11.9500	5.14	
		DN	1.030		11.9500	17.56	I2B

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)
 (Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type		HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points
DC2A	ADD	UN	.864		12.0000	14.52	I2A
		DL	.864		12.0000	14.52	
		DN	3.906		12.0000	63.58	J3
DC2B	ADD	UN	1.030		11.9500	17.56	I2B
		DL	1.030		11.9500	17.56	
		DN	1.926		12.0000	32.24	I3B
DC3B	ADD	UN	1.926		12.0000	32.24	I3B
		DL	1.926		12.0000	32.24	
		DN	5.832		12.0000	94.52	IC2
DC45	ADD	UN	.758		12.0000	12.52	I45
		DL	.758		12.0000	12.52	
		DN	1.251		12.0000	20.74	I67C
DC46	ADD	UN	1.251		12.0000	20.74	I67C
		DL	1.251		12.0000	20.74	
		DN	4.933		12.0000	74.90	SB1 IN
DC7A	ADD	UN	.493		12.0000	8.18	I7A
		DL	.493		12.0000	8.18	
		DN	2.633		11.9500	46.07	J4
DC7B	ADD	UN	.360		11.9500	6.30	I7B
		DL	.360		11.9500	6.30	
		DN	2.633		11.9500	46.07	J4
HR1	REACH	UN	.639		11.9000	11.60	DA-HR1
		DL	.639		12.0000	10.47	
		DN	1.207		11.9500	20.17	J1
HR2	REACH	UN	1.207		11.9500	20.17	J1
		DL	1.207		12.0000	19.74	
		DN	1.700		11.9500	27.66	J2
HR3	REACH	UN	1.700		11.9500	27.66	J2
		DL	1.699		12.0000	27.72	
		DN	3.906		12.0000	63.58	J3

NETWORK SUMMARY -- LINKS

(UN=Upstream Node; DL=DNstream End of Link; DN=DNstream Node)

(Trun.= HYG Truncation: Blank=None; L=Left; R=Rt; LR=Left & Rt)

Link ID	Type	HYG Vol ac-ft	Trun.	Peak Time hrs	Peak Q cfs	End Points	
SB1OUT	PONDrt UN	4.933		12.0000	74.90	SB1	IN
SB1OUT		3.575		12.1500	36.70	SB1	OUT
	DL	3.575		12.1500	36.70		
	DN	3.575		12.1500	36.70	OUT1	
SB2OUT	PONDrt UN	6.262		12.0000	99.77	SB2	IN
SB2OUT		3.526		12.6500	9.45	SB2	OUT
	DL	3.526		12.6500	9.45		
	DN	3.526		12.6500	9.45	OUT2	

NETWORK RUNOFF NODE SEQUENCE

Runoff Data		Apply to Node		Receiving Link	
SCS UH	DA-D2	Subarea	DA-D2	Add Hyd	DA-D2
SCS UH	DA-HR3	Subarea	DA-HR3	Add Hyd	DA-HR3
SCS UH	DA-HR2	Subarea	DA-HR2	Add Hyd	DA-HR2
SCS UH	DA-D4	Subarea	DA-D4	Add Hyd	DA-D4
SCS UH	SB1-DIRECT	Subarea	SB1-DIRECT	Add Hyd	SB1-DIRECT
SCS UH	SB2-DIRECT	Subarea	SB2-DIRECT	Add Hyd	SB2-DIRECT
SCS UH	DA-HR1	Subarea	DA-HR1	Reach	DA-HR1
SCS UH	DA-D1	Subarea	DA-D1	Reach	DA-D1
SCS UH	DA-B4	Subarea	DA-B4	Reach	DA-B4
SCS UH	DA-B8	Subarea	DA-B8	Reach	DA-B8
SCS UH	DA-B6C	Subarea	DA-B6C	Reach	DA-B6C
SCS UH	DA-B5	Subarea	DA-B5	Reach	DA-B5
SCS UH	DA-D3	Subarea	DA-D3	Reach	DA-D3
SCS UH	DA-B1B	Subarea	DA-B1B	Reach	DA-B1B
SCS UH	DA-B2B	Subarea	DA-B2B	Reach	DA-B2B
SCS UH	DA-B3A	Subarea	DA-B3A	Reach	DA-B3A
SCS UH	DA-B1A	Subarea	DA-B1A	Reach	DA-B1A
SCS UH	DA-B2A	Subarea	DA-B2A	Reach	DA-B2A
SCS UH	DA-B6A	Subarea	DA-B6A	Reach	DA-B6A
SCS UH	DA-B6B	Subarea	DA-B6B	Reach	DA-B6B
SCS UH	DA-B2C	Subarea	DA-B2C	Reach	DA-B2C
SCS UH	DA-B3B	Subarea	DA-B3B	Reach	DA-B3B

NETWORK ROUTING SEQUENCE

Link Operation	UPstream Node	DNstream Node
Reach HR1	Subarea DA-HR1	Jct J1
Add Hyd ADD2	Subarea DA-HR2	Jct J1
Reach B1A	Subarea DA-B1A	Jct I1A
Reach B1B	Subarea DA-B1B	Jct I1B
Reach HR2	Jct J1	Jct J2
Add Hyd ADD3	Subarea DA-HR3	Jct J2
Reach D1	Subarea DA-D1	Jct IC1
Reach B2A	Subarea DA-B2A	Jct I2A
Add Hyd DC1A	Jct I1A	Jct I2A
Reach B2C	Subarea DA-B2C	Jct I2B
Reach B2B	Subarea DA-B2B	Jct I2B
Add Hyd DC1B	Jct I1B	Jct I2B
Add Hyd DC2A	Jct I2A	Jct J3
Add Hyd ADD1	Subarea DA-D2	Jct J3
Add Hyd C1	Jct IC1	Jct J3
Reach HR3	Jct J2	Jct J3
Reach B3A	Subarea DA-B3A	Jct I3B
Reach B3B	Subarea DA-B3B	Jct I3B
Add Hyd DC2B	Jct I2B	Jct I3B
Reach B4	Subarea DA-B4	Jct I45
Reach B5	Subarea DA-B5	Jct I45
Reach B6B	Subarea DA-B6B	Jct I7B
Reach B6A	Subarea DA-B6A	Jct I7A
Add Hyd DC3B	Jct I3B	Jct IC2
Reach D2	Jct J3	Jct IC2
Add Hyd DC45	Jct I45	Jct I67C
Reach B6C	Subarea DA-B6C	Jct I67C
Add Hyd DC7A	Jct I7A	Jct J4
Add Hyd DC7B	Jct I7B	Jct J4
Add Hyd ADD4	Subarea DA-D4	Jct J4

NETWORK ROUTING SEQUENCE

Link Operation	UPstream Node		DNstream Node		
Add Hyd C2	Jct	IC2	Pond	SB2	IN
Add Hyd ADD6	Subarea	SB2-DIRECT	Pond	SB2	IN
POND ROUTE TOTAL OUTFLOW...					
Total Pond Outflow	Pond	SB2	IN	Outflow SB2	OUT
SET POND ROUTING LINK TO TOTAL POND OUTFLOW...					
Outlet SB2OUT	Outflow	SB2	OUT	Jct	OUT2
Reach D4	Jct	J4	Pond	SB1	IN
Reach B8	Subarea	DA-B8	Pond	SB1	IN
Add Hyd ADD5	Subarea	SB1-DIRECT	Pond	SB1	IN
Add Hyd DC46	Jct	I67C	Pond	SB1	IN
Reach D3	Subarea	DA-D3	Pond	SB1	IN
POND ROUTE TOTAL OUTFLOW...					
Total Pond Outflow	Pond	SB1	IN	Outflow SB1	OUT
SET POND ROUTING LINK TO TOTAL POND OUTFLOW...					
Outlet SB1OUT	Outflow	SB1	OUT	Jct	OUT1

Type.... Design Storms
Name.... Charlotte-SCS

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Title... Project Date: 7/29/2008
Project Engineer: cmcdonald
Project Title: Lake Norman C&D Landfill - Stormwater
Calcs
Project Comments:

DESIGN STORMS SUMMARY

Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 2

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 2 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 3.3700 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Storm Tag Name = 10

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 10 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 4.9000 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Storm Tag Name = 25

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 25 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 5.8200 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Type.... Design Storms

Page 3.02

Name.... Charlotte-SCS

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

DESIGN STORMS SUMMARY

Design Storm File, ID = Charlotte-SCS

Storm Tag Name = 2

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 2 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 3.3700 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Storm Tag Name = 10

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 10 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 4.9000 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

Storm Tag Name = 25

Data Type, File, ID = Synthetic Storm TypeII 24hr
Storm Frequency = 25 yr
Total Rainfall Depth= 5.8200 in
Duration Multiplier = 1
Resulting Duration = 24.0000 hrs
Resulting Start Time= .0000 hrs Step= .1000 hrs End= 24.0000 hrs

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS

Output Time increment = .1000 hrs

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time hrs					
.0000	.000	.001	.002	.003	.004
.5000	.005	.006	.007	.008	.009
1.0000	.011	.012	.013	.014	.015
1.5000	.016	.017	.018	.020	.021
2.0000	.022	.023	.024	.026	.027
2.5000	.028	.029	.031	.032	.033
3.0000	.035	.036	.037	.038	.040
3.5000	.041	.042	.044	.045	.047
4.0000	.048	.049	.051	.052	.054
4.5000	.055	.057	.058	.060	.061
5.0000	.063	.065	.066	.068	.070
5.5000	.071	.073	.075	.076	.078
6.0000	.080	.082	.084	.085	.087
6.5000	.089	.091	.093	.095	.097
7.0000	.099	.101	.103	.105	.107
7.5000	.109	.111	.113	.116	.118
8.0000	.120	.122	.125	.127	.130
8.5000	.132	.135	.138	.141	.144
9.0000	.147	.150	.153	.157	.160
9.5000	.163	.166	.170	.173	.177
10.0000	.181	.185	.189	.194	.199
10.5000	.204	.209	.215	.221	.228
11.0000	.235	.243	.251	.261	.271
11.5000	.283	.307	.354	.431	.568
12.0000	.663	.682	.699	.713	.725
12.5000	.735	.743	.751	.759	.766
13.0000	.772	.778	.784	.789	.794
13.5000	.799	.804	.808	.812	.816
14.0000	.820	.824	.827	.831	.834
14.5000	.838	.841	.844	.847	.850
15.0000	.854	.856	.859	.862	.865
15.5000	.868	.870	.873	.875	.878
16.0000	.880	.882	.885	.887	.889
16.5000	.891	.893	.895	.898	.900
17.0000	.902	.904	.906	.908	.910
17.5000	.912	.914	.915	.917	.919
18.0000	.921	.923	.925	.926	.928
18.5000	.930	.931	.933	.935	.936
19.0000	.938	.939	.941	.942	.944
19.5000	.945	.947	.948	.949	.951
20.0000	.952	.953	.955	.956	.957
20.5000	.958	.960	.961	.962	.964
21.0000	.965	.966	.967	.968	.970
21.5000	.971	.972	.973	.975	.976

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS
Output Time increment = .1000 hrs
Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time hrs						
22.0000		.977	.978	.979	.981	.982
22.5000		.983	.984	.985	.986	.988
23.0000		.989	.990	.991	.992	.993
23.5000		.994	.996	.997	.998	.999
24.0000		1.000				

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS

Output Time increment = .1000 hrs

Time | Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time hrs					
.0000	.000	.001	.002	.003	.004
.5000	.005	.006	.007	.008	.009
1.0000	.011	.012	.013	.014	.015
1.5000	.016	.017	.018	.020	.021
2.0000	.022	.023	.024	.026	.027
2.5000	.028	.029	.031	.032	.033
3.0000	.035	.036	.037	.038	.040
3.5000	.041	.042	.044	.045	.047
4.0000	.048	.049	.051	.052	.054
4.5000	.055	.057	.058	.060	.061
5.0000	.063	.065	.066	.068	.070
5.5000	.071	.073	.075	.076	.078
6.0000	.080	.082	.084	.085	.087
6.5000	.089	.091	.093	.095	.097
7.0000	.099	.101	.103	.105	.107
7.5000	.109	.111	.113	.116	.118
8.0000	.120	.122	.125	.127	.130
8.5000	.132	.135	.138	.141	.144
9.0000	.147	.150	.153	.157	.160
9.5000	.163	.166	.170	.173	.177
10.0000	.181	.185	.189	.194	.199
10.5000	.204	.209	.215	.221	.228
11.0000	.235	.243	.251	.261	.271
11.5000	.283	.307	.354	.431	.568
12.0000	.663	.682	.699	.713	.725
12.5000	.735	.743	.751	.759	.766
13.0000	.772	.778	.784	.789	.794
13.5000	.799	.804	.808	.812	.816
14.0000	.820	.824	.827	.831	.834
14.5000	.838	.841	.844	.847	.850
15.0000	.854	.856	.859	.862	.865
15.5000	.868	.870	.873	.875	.878
16.0000	.880	.882	.885	.887	.889
16.5000	.891	.893	.895	.898	.900
17.0000	.902	.904	.906	.908	.910
17.5000	.912	.914	.915	.917	.919
18.0000	.921	.923	.925	.926	.928
18.5000	.930	.931	.933	.935	.936
19.0000	.938	.939	.941	.942	.944
19.5000	.945	.947	.948	.949	.951
20.0000	.952	.953	.955	.956	.957
20.5000	.958	.960	.961	.962	.964
21.0000	.965	.966	.967	.968	.970
21.5000	.971	.972	.973	.975	.976

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS

Time | Output Time increment = .1000 hrs
hrs | Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

22.0000	.977	.978	.979	.981	.982
22.5000	.983	.984	.985	.986	.988
23.0000	.989	.990	.991	.992	.993
23.5000	.994	.996	.997	.998	.999
24.0000	1.000				

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS

Output Time increment = .1000 hrs

Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time hrs					
.0000	.000	.001	.002	.003	.004
.5000	.005	.006	.007	.008	.009
1.0000	.011	.012	.013	.014	.015
1.5000	.016	.017	.018	.020	.021
2.0000	.022	.023	.024	.026	.027
2.5000	.028	.029	.031	.032	.033
3.0000	.035	.036	.037	.038	.040
3.5000	.041	.042	.044	.045	.047
4.0000	.048	.049	.051	.052	.054
4.5000	.055	.057	.058	.060	.061
5.0000	.063	.065	.066	.068	.070
5.5000	.071	.073	.075	.076	.078
6.0000	.080	.082	.084	.085	.087
6.5000	.089	.091	.093	.095	.097
7.0000	.099	.101	.103	.105	.107
7.5000	.109	.111	.113	.116	.118
8.0000	.120	.122	.125	.127	.130
8.5000	.132	.135	.138	.141	.144
9.0000	.147	.150	.153	.157	.160
9.5000	.163	.166	.170	.173	.177
10.0000	.181	.185	.189	.194	.199
10.5000	.204	.209	.215	.221	.228
11.0000	.235	.243	.251	.261	.271
11.5000	.283	.307	.354	.431	.568
12.0000	.663	.682	.699	.713	.725
12.5000	.735	.743	.751	.759	.766
13.0000	.772	.778	.784	.789	.794
13.5000	.799	.804	.808	.812	.816
14.0000	.820	.824	.827	.831	.834
14.5000	.838	.841	.844	.847	.850
15.0000	.854	.856	.859	.862	.865
15.5000	.868	.870	.873	.875	.878
16.0000	.880	.882	.885	.887	.889
16.5000	.891	.893	.895	.898	.900
17.0000	.902	.904	.906	.908	.910
17.5000	.912	.914	.915	.917	.919
18.0000	.921	.923	.925	.926	.928
18.5000	.930	.931	.933	.935	.936
19.0000	.938	.939	.941	.942	.944
19.5000	.945	.947	.948	.949	.951
20.0000	.952	.953	.955	.956	.957
20.5000	.958	.960	.961	.962	.964
21.0000	.965	.966	.967	.968	.970
21.5000	.971	.972	.973	.975	.976

CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FRACTIONS
Output Time increment = .1000 hrs
Time on left represents time for first value in each row.

Time hrs					
22.0000	.977	.978	.979	.981	.982
22.5000	.983	.984	.985	.986	.988
23.0000	.989	.990	.991	.992	.993
23.5000	.994	.996	.997	.998	.999
24.0000	1.000				

Name.... DA-B1A

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B1A 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.600 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.32 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.21 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B1A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.600 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .178 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .178 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 21.76 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B1A

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
HYG File - ID = - DA-B1A 10
Tc = .0833 hrs
Drainage Area = 1.600 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 6.39 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.10 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B1A
CN = 77
Area = 1.600 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in
.339 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .339 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1A)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
Unit peak, qp = 21.76 cfs
Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B1A

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B1A 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.600 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9175 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 8.34 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.01 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B1A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.600 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .443 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .443 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.76 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B1B

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
HYG File - ID = - DA-B1B 2
Tc = .0833 hrs
Drainage Area = 1.070 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 2.22 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.15 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B1B
CN = 77
Area = 1.070 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in
.119 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .119 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1B)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
Unit peak, qp = 14.55 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B1B

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B1B 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.070 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 4.27 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.08 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B1B
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.070 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .226 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .226 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1B)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 14.55 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B1B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B1B 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.070 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time          = 11.9175 hrs
Computed Peak Flow          = 5.57 cfs

```

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.36 cfs

```

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

```

-----
ID:DA-B1B
CN = 77
Area = 1.070 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

```

Cumulative Runoff

```

-----
3.3224 in
.296 ac-ft

```

HYG Volume... .296 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B1B)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 14.55 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2A

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2A 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.520 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.15 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.05 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.520 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .169 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .169 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 20.67 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2A

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2A 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.520 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 6.07 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.79 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.520 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .322 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .322 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 20.67 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2A

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B2A 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.520 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time           = 11.9175 hrs
Computed Peak Flow           = 7.92 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 7.61 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B2A

CN = 77

Area = 1.520 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.421 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .421 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2A)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp)))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 20.67 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2B 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.290 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 2.68 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.59 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2B
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.290 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .143 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .143 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2B)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 17.55 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2B

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2B 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.290 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 5.15 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.92 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2B
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.290 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .273 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .273 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2B)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 17.55 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
HYG File - ID = - DA-B2B 25
Tc = .0833 hrs
Drainage Area = 1.290 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9175 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 6.72 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.46 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B2B
CN = 77
Area = 1.290 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in
.357 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .357 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2B)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
Unit peak, qp = 17.55 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2C 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.360 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 2.82 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.73 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2C
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.360 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .151 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .151 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2C)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 18.50 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2C

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B2C 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.360 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time           = 11.9286 hrs
Computed Peak Flow           = 5.43 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.18 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B2C

CN = 77

Area = 1.360 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.288 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .288 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2C)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp)))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.50 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B2C

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B2C 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.360 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9175 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 7.08 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.81 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B2C
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.360 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .377 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .376 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B2C)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.50 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3A

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B3A 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.590 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.30 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.19 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B3A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.590 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .177 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .177 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.63 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3A

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B3A 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.590 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 6.35 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.06 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B3A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.590 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .336 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .336 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 21.63 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3A

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B3A 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.590 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time          = 11.9175 hrs
Computed Peak Flow          = 8.28 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 7.96 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B3A

CN = 77

Area = 1.590 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.440 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .440 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3A)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp)))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.63 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05553 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3B

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B3B 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.650 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.42 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.31 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B3B
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.650 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .184 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .183 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3B)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 22.44 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3B

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B3B 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.650 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9286 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 6.59 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.29 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B3B

CN = 77

Area = 1.650 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.349 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .349 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3B)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp)))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 22.44 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

Name.... DA-B3B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B3B 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.650 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9175 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 8.60 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.26 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B3B
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.650 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .457 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .457 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08330 hrs (ID: DA-B3B)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 22.44 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05553 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22213 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27767 hrs

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B4 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.130 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 2.34 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.27 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B4
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.130 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .126 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .126 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B4)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 15.36 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B4

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B4 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.130 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 4.53 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.32 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B4
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.130 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .239 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .239 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B4)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 15.36 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B4

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B4 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.130 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 5.92 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.68 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B4
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.130 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .313 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .313 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B4)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 15.36 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B5

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B5 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.610 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 3.34 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.23 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B5

CN = 77

Area = 1.610 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.179 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .179 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B5)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.89 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B5

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B5 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.610 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 6.45 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.16 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B5

CN = 77

Area = 1.610 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.341 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .341 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B5)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.89 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B5

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B5 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.610 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 8.43 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.09 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B5

CN = 77

Area = 1.610 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.446 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .446 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B5)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 21.89 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6A

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B6A 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.69 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.57 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B6A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.780 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .198 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .198 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name... DA-B6A

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B6A 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 7.14 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.81 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B6A

CN = 77

Area = 1.780 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.377 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .377 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6A)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6A

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B6A 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 9.32 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.94 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B6A
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.780 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .493 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .493 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6A)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6B

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B6B 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.300 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 2.70 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.61 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B6B

CN = 77

Area = 1.300 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.145 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .145 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6B)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 17.68 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6B

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B6B 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.300 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 5.21 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.97 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B6B

CN = 77

Area = 1.300 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in
.275 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .275 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6B)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 17.68 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name... DA-B6B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B6B 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.300 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 6.81 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.53 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B6B

CN = 77

Area = 1.300 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.360 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .360 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6B)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 17.68 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6C

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B6C 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 3.69 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.57 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B6C
CN = 77
Area = 1.780 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in
.198 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .198 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6C)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6C

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm
 Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B6C 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 7.14 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.81 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B6C
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.780 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .377 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .377 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6C)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B6C

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B6C 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 9.32 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.94 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B6C
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.780 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .493 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .493 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B6C)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 24.20 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B8

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B8 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 2.88 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.79 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B8

CN = 77

Area = 1.390 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.155 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .155 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B8)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B8

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-B8 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 5.57 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.31 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-B8
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.390 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .294 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .294 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B8)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-B8

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-B8 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 7.28 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.98 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-B8

CN = 77

Area = 1.390 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.385 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .385 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-B8)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D1

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D1 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.890 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time          = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow          = 5.99 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.80 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D1

CN = 77

Area = 2.890 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.321 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .321 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D1)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp)))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 39.29 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D1

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D1 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.890 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 11.59 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 11.05 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D1
CN = 77
Area = 2.890 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in
.612 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .612 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D1)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 39.29 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D1

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-D1 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 2.890 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 15.13 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 14.52 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-D1
 CN = 77
 Area = 2.890 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .800 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .800 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D1)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 39.29 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D2

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-D2 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.960 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 4.07 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.93 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-D2
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.960 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .218 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .218 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D2)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 26.65 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D2

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D2 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.960 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 7.86 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 7.49 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D2

CN = 77

Area = 1.960 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.415 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .415 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D2)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 26.65 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name... DA-D2

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
HYG File - ID = - DA-D2 25
Tc = .0833 hrs
Drainage Area = 1.960 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 10.26 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 9.85 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D2
CN = 77
Area = 1.960 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in
.543 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .543 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D2)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
Unit peak, qp = 26.65 cfs
Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D3

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D3 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 2.88 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.79 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====
DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D3

CN = 77

Area = 1.390 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.155 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .155 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D3)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D3

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D3 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 5.57 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.31 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====
DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D3

CN = 77

Area = 1.390 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.294 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .294 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D3)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D3

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-D3 25
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.390 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 7.28 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.98 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-D3
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.390 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .385 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .385 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D3)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 18.90 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D4

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D4 2

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 6.430 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 13.34 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 12.90 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D4

CN = 77

Area = 6.430 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.715 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .715 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D4)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 87.43 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-D4

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = ~ DA-D4 10

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 6.430 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time          = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow          = 25.78 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 24.58 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

```

-----
ID:DA-D4
CN = 77
Area = 6.430 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

```

Cumulative Runoff

```

-----
2.5396 in
1.361 ac-ft

```

HYG Volume... 1.361 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D4)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 87.43 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name... DA-D4

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-D4 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 6.430 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 33.67 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 32.30 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-D4

CN = 77

Area = 6.430 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

1.780 ac-ft

HYG Volume... 1.780 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-D4)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 87.43 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-HR1

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-HR1 2
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 2.310 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 4.79 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.63 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-HR1
 CN = 77
 Area = 2.310 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 1.3347 in
 .257 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .257 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-HR1)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 31.41 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-HR1

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-HR1 10
 Tc = .0833 hrs
 Drainage Area = 2.310 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9222 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 9.26 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.83 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-HR1
 CN = 77
 Area = 2.310 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 2.5396 in
 .489 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .489 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-HR1)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 31.41 cfs
 Unit peak time, Tp = .05556 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

Name.... DA-HR1

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR1 25

Tc = .0833 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.310 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01111 hrs
Computed Peak Time          = 11.9222 hrs
Computed Peak Flow          = 12.10 cfs

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 11.60 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-HR1

CN = 77

Area = 2.310 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in
.640 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .639 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08333 hrs (ID: DA-HR1)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01111 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 31.41 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05556 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22222 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27778 hrs

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR2 2

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.050 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9299 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 4.26 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.11 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-HR2

CN = 77

Area = 2.050 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.228 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .228 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR2)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 27.98 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... DA-HR2

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR2 10

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.050 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 8.19 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 7.83 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====
DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-HR2

CN = 77

Area = 2.050 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

2.5396 in

.434 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .434 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR2)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 27.98 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... DA-HR2

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR2 25

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = 2.050 acres Runoff CN= 77

Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 10.70 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 10.28 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-HR2

CN = 77

Area = 2.050 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3224 in

.568 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .568 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR2)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 27.98 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... DA-HR3

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR3 2

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9299 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 3.69 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9500 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.57 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:DA-HR3

CN = 77

Area = 1.780 acres

S = 2.9870 in

0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

1.3347 in

.198 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .198 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR3)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 24.30 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... DA-HR3

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - DA-HR3 10

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

```

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
Computed Peak Time           = 11.9188 hrs
Computed Peak Flow           = 7.11 cfs

```

```

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.80 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
=====

```

DRAINAGE AREA

```

-----
ID:DA-HR3
CN = 77
Area = 1.780 acres
S = 2.9870 in
0.2S = .5974 in

```

Cumulative Runoff

```

-----
2.5396 in
.377 ac-ft

```

HYG Volume... .377 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR3)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 24.30 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... DA-HR3

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - DA-HR3 25
 Tc = .0830 hrs
 Drainage Area = 1.780 acres Runoff CN= 77

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 9.29 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 8.93 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:DA-HR3
 CN = 77
 Area = 1.780 acres
 S = 2.9870 in
 0.2S = .5974 in

Cumulative Runoff

 3.3224 in
 .493 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .493 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: DA-HR3)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 24.30 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB1-DIRECT

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - SB1-DIRECT 2

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = .579 acres Runoff CN= 100

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 2.55 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 2.51 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:SB1-DIRECT

CN = 100

Area = .579 acres

S = .0000 in

0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3700 in

.163 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .163 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB1-DIRECT)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 7.90 cfs

Unit peak time, Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB1-DIRECT Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - SB1-DIRECT 10
 Tc = .0830 hrs
 Drainage Area = .579 acres Runoff CN= 100

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 3.71 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.65 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:SB1-DIRECT
 CN = 100
 Area = .579 acres
 S = .0000 in
 0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

 4.9000 in
 .236 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .236 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB1-DIRECT)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 7.90 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB1-DIRECT

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
 Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
 Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
 HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
 HYG File - ID = - SB1-DIRECT 25
 Tc = .0830 hrs
 Drainage Area = .579 acres Runoff CN= 100

=====
 Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
 Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs
 Computed Peak Flow = 4.41 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
 Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 4.33 cfs
 WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
 and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%
 =====

DRAINAGE AREA

 ID:SB1-DIRECT
 CN = 100
 Area = .579 acres
 S = .0000 in
 0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

 5.8200 in
 .281 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .281 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB1-DIRECT)
 Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
 Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
 K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
 Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
 Unit peak, qp = 7.90 cfs
 Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs
 Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs
 Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB2-DIRECT Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 2 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 3.3700 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - SB2-DIRECT 2

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = .887 acres Runoff CN= 100

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 3.91 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 3.84 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:SB2-DIRECT

CN = 100

Area = .887 acres

S = .0000 in

0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

3.3700 in

.249 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .249 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB2-DIRECT)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 12.11 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB2-DIRECT Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 10 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 4.9000 in

Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr

Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa

HYG File - ID = - SB2-DIRECT 10

Tc = .0830 hrs

Drainage Area = .887 acres Runoff CN= 100

=====
Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs

Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs

Computed Peak Flow = 5.69 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs

Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs

Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 5.59 cfs

WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

=====

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:SB2-DIRECT

CN = 100

Area = .887 acres

S = .0000 in

0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

4.9000 in

.362 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .362 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB2-DIRECT)

Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp

Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)

K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))

Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)

Unit peak, qp = 12.11 cfs

Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs

Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs

Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Name.... SB2-DIRECT Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD

STORM EVENT: 25 year storm

Duration = 24.0000 hrs Rain Depth = 5.8200 in
Rain Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
Rain File -ID = - TypeII 24hr
Unit Hyd Type = Default Curvilinear
HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPa
HYG File - ID = - SB2-DIRECT 25
Tc = .0830 hrs
Drainage Area = .887 acres Runoff CN= 100

Computational Time Increment = .01107 hrs
Computed Peak Time = 11.9188 hrs
Computed Peak Flow = 6.75 cfs

Time Increment for HYG File = .0500 hrs
Peak Time, Interpolated Output = 11.9000 hrs
Peak Flow, Interpolated Output = 6.64 cfs
WARNING: The difference between calculated peak flow
and interpolated peak flow is greater than 1.50%

DRAINAGE AREA

ID:SB2-DIRECT
CN = 100
Area = .887 acres
S = .0000 in
0.2S = .0000 in

Cumulative Runoff

5.8200 in
.430 ac-ft

HYG Volume... .430 ac-ft (area under HYG curve)

***** SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS *****

Time Concentration, Tc = .08300 hrs (ID: SB2-DIRECT)
Computational Incr, Tm = .01107 hrs = 0.20000 Tp
Unit Hyd. Shape Factor = 483.432 (37.46% under rising limb)
K = 483.43/645.333, K = .7491 (also, K = 2/(1+(Tr/Tp))
Receding/Rising, Tr/Tp = 1.6698 (solved from K = .7491)
Unit peak, qp = 12.11 cfs
Unit peak time Tp = .05533 hrs
Unit receding limb, Tr = .22133 hrs
Total unit time, Tb = .27667 hrs

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
(Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .020000 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 730.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 732.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
730.000	.00	.00	.00	.0000	.00	.00	.00	0.00
730.010	.01	.00	.15	.0007	.14	.14	.01	0.38
730.040	.04	.00	.38	.0112	.56	.57	.02	0.48
730.080	.08	.03	.61	.0448	1.12	1.14	.04	0.53
730.120	.12	.08	.79	.1008	1.68	1.71	.06	0.57
730.160	.16	.17	.96	.1791	2.24	2.28	.08	0.60
730.200	.20	.31	1.12	.2800	2.80	2.86	.10	0.62
730.240	.24	.51	1.26	.4032	3.36	3.43	.12	0.64
730.280	.28	.77	1.40	.5489	3.92	4.00	.14	0.66
730.320	.32	1.10	1.53	.7168	4.48	4.57	.16	0.67
730.360	.36	1.50	1.65	.9071	5.04	5.14	.18	0.69
730.400	.40	1.99	1.77	1.1201	5.60	5.71	.20	0.70
730.440	.44	2.56	1.89	1.3552	6.16	6.28	.22	0.71
730.480	.48	3.23	2.00	1.6127	6.72	6.85	.24	0.72
730.520	.52	4.00	2.11	1.8929	7.28	7.42	.26	0.73
730.560	.56	4.87	2.22	2.1952	7.84	8.00	.28	0.74
730.600	.60	5.86	2.32	2.5198	8.40	8.57	.30	0.75
730.640	.64	6.96	2.43	2.8673	8.96	9.14	.32	0.76
730.680	.68	8.18	2.53	3.2367	9.52	9.71	.34	0.76
730.720	.72	9.52	2.62	3.6285	10.08	10.28	.36	0.77
730.760	.76	11.00	2.72	4.0433	10.64	10.85	.38	0.78
730.800	.80	12.61	2.81	4.4799	11.20	11.42	.40	0.78
730.840	.84	14.36	2.91	4.9395	11.76	11.99	.42	0.79
730.880	.88	16.26	3.00	5.4209	12.32	12.56	.44	0.80
730.920	.92	18.31	3.09	5.9246	12.88	13.14	.46	0.80
730.960	.96	20.51	3.18	6.4515	13.44	13.71	.48	0.81
731.000	1.00	22.87	3.27	7.0000	14.00	14.28	.50	0.81
731.040	1.04	25.38	3.35	7.5709	14.56	14.85	.52	0.82
731.080	1.08	28.08	3.44	8.1651	15.12	15.42	.54	0.82
731.120	1.12	30.93	3.52	8.7807	15.68	15.99	.56	0.83
731.160	1.16	33.97	3.61	9.4188	16.24	16.56	.58	0.83
731.200	1.20	37.18	3.69	10.0802	16.80	17.13	.60	0.84
731.240	1.24	40.58	3.77	10.7630	17.36	17.70	.62	0.84
731.280	1.28	44.17	3.85	11.4693	17.92	18.28	.64	0.85
731.320	1.32	47.94	3.93	12.1969	18.48	18.85	.66	0.85

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .020000 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 730.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 732.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
731.360	1.36	51.91	4.01	12.9469	19.04	19.42	.68	0.86
731.400	1.40	56.09	4.09	13.7205	19.60	19.99	.70	0.86
731.440	1.44	60.46	4.17	14.5153	20.16	20.56	.72	0.87
731.480	1.48	65.04	4.24	15.3324	20.72	21.13	.74	0.87
731.520	1.52	69.84	4.32	16.1732	21.28	21.70	.76	0.87
731.560	1.56	74.85	4.39	17.0352	21.84	22.27	.78	0.88
731.600	1.60	80.07	4.47	17.9195	22.40	22.84	.80	0.88
731.640	1.64	85.53	4.54	18.8275	22.96	23.42	.82	0.88
731.680	1.68	91.20	4.62	19.7566	23.52	23.99	.84	0.89
731.720	1.72	97.10	4.69	20.7081	24.08	24.56	.86	0.89
731.760	1.76	103.25	4.76	21.6834	24.64	25.13	.88	0.89
731.800	1.80	109.62	4.83	22.6797	25.20	25.70	.90	0.90
731.840	1.84	116.24	4.90	23.6999	25.76	26.27	.92	0.90
731.880	1.88	123.10	4.98	24.7409	26.32	26.84	.94	0.90
731.920	1.92	130.21	5.05	25.8043	26.88	27.41	.96	0.91
731.960	1.96	137.57	5.12	26.8918	27.44	27.98	.98	0.91
732.000	2.00	145.19	5.19	28.0000	28.00	28.56	1.00	0.91

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
(Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .015000 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 678.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 681.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
678.000	.00	.00	.00	.0000	.00	.00	.00	0.00
678.010	.01	.00	.12	.0002	.04	.04	.01	0.31
678.060	.06	.00	.41	.0072	.24	.27	.03	0.42
678.120	.12	.02	.65	.0288	.48	.54	.06	0.47
678.180	.18	.05	.85	.0648	.72	.80	.09	0.50
678.240	.24	.12	1.03	.1152	.96	1.07	.12	0.52
678.300	.30	.21	1.19	.1800	1.20	1.34	.15	0.54
678.360	.36	.35	1.35	.2592	1.44	1.61	.18	0.56
678.420	.42	.53	1.49	.3528	1.68	1.88	.21	0.57
678.480	.48	.75	1.63	.4608	1.92	2.15	.24	0.59
678.540	.54	1.03	1.76	.5832	2.16	2.41	.27	0.60
678.600	.60	1.36	1.89	.7199	2.40	2.68	.30	0.61
678.660	.66	1.76	2.02	.8711	2.64	2.95	.33	0.62
678.720	.72	2.22	2.14	1.0367	2.88	3.22	.36	0.63
678.780	.78	2.74	2.25	1.2169	3.12	3.49	.39	0.64
678.840	.84	3.34	2.37	1.4113	3.36	3.76	.42	0.64
678.900	.90	4.02	2.48	1.6201	3.60	4.03	.45	0.65
678.960	.96	4.77	2.59	1.8433	3.84	4.29	.48	0.66
679.020	1.02	5.61	2.70	2.0809	4.08	4.56	.51	0.67
679.080	1.08	6.53	2.80	2.3329	4.32	4.83	.54	0.67
679.140	1.14	7.55	2.90	2.5993	4.56	5.10	.57	0.68
679.200	1.20	8.65	3.00	2.8801	4.80	5.37	.60	0.68
679.260	1.26	9.86	3.10	3.1752	5.04	5.63	.63	0.69
679.320	1.32	11.16	3.20	3.4848	5.28	5.90	.66	0.69
679.380	1.38	12.56	3.30	3.8088	5.52	6.17	.69	0.70
679.440	1.44	14.07	3.39	4.1472	5.76	6.44	.72	0.70
679.500	1.50	15.69	3.49	4.5000	6.00	6.71	.75	0.71
679.560	1.56	17.42	3.58	4.8672	6.24	6.98	.78	0.71
679.620	1.62	19.26	3.67	5.2488	6.48	7.24	.81	0.72
679.680	1.68	21.22	3.76	5.6448	6.72	7.51	.84	0.72
679.740	1.74	23.31	3.85	6.0551	6.96	7.78	.87	0.73
679.800	1.80	25.51	3.94	6.4799	7.20	8.05	.90	0.73
679.860	1.86	27.84	4.02	6.9191	7.44	8.32	.93	0.74
679.920	1.92	30.30	4.11	7.3727	7.68	8.59	.96	0.74
679.980	1.98	32.89	4.20	7.8406	7.92	8.85	.99	0.74

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .015000 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 678.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 681.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 2.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
680.040	2.04	35.62	4.28	8.3230	8.16	9.12	1.02	0.75
680.100	2.10	38.48	4.36	8.8198	8.40	9.39	1.05	0.75
680.160	2.16	41.48	4.45	9.3310	8.64	9.66	1.08	0.75
680.220	2.22	44.63	4.53	9.8565	8.88	9.93	1.11	0.76
680.280	2.28	47.92	4.61	10.3971	9.12	10.20	1.14	0.76
680.340	2.34	51.36	4.69	10.9515	9.36	10.46	1.17	0.76
680.400	2.40	54.95	4.77	11.5202	9.60	10.73	1.20	0.77
680.460	2.46	58.68	4.85	12.1034	9.84	11.00	1.23	0.77
680.520	2.52	62.58	4.93	12.7010	10.08	11.27	1.26	0.77
680.580	2.58	66.63	5.01	13.3130	10.32	11.54	1.29	0.78
680.640	2.64	70.84	5.08	13.9394	10.56	11.81	1.32	0.78
680.700	2.70	75.22	5.16	14.5801	10.80	12.07	1.35	0.78
680.760	2.76	79.76	5.24	15.2353	11.04	12.34	1.38	0.79
680.820	2.82	84.47	5.31	15.9049	11.28	12.61	1.41	0.79
680.880	2.88	89.34	5.39	16.5889	11.52	12.88	1.44	0.79
680.940	2.94	94.39	5.46	17.2872	11.76	13.15	1.47	0.79
681.000	3.00	99.62	5.53	18.0000	12.00	13.42	1.50	0.80

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
(Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .032900 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 793.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 794.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
793.000	.00	.00	.00	.0000	.00	.00	.00	0.00
793.010	.01	.00	.20	.0008	.15	.15	.01	0.49
793.020	.02	.00	.31	.0030	.30	.30	.01	0.55
793.040	.04	.01	.49	.0120	.60	.61	.02	0.61
793.060	.06	.02	.64	.0270	.90	.91	.03	0.66
793.080	.08	.04	.78	.0480	1.20	1.22	.04	0.69
793.100	.10	.07	.91	.0750	1.50	1.52	.05	0.71
793.120	.12	.11	1.02	.1080	1.80	1.82	.06	0.74
793.140	.14	.17	1.13	.1470	2.10	2.13	.07	0.76
793.160	.16	.24	1.24	.1919	2.40	2.43	.08	0.77
793.180	.18	.33	1.34	.2430	2.70	2.74	.09	0.79
793.200	.20	.43	1.44	.3000	3.00	3.04	.10	0.80
793.220	.22	.56	1.53	.3629	3.30	3.34	.11	0.81
793.240	.24	.70	1.62	.4320	3.60	3.65	.12	0.83
793.260	.26	.87	1.71	.5070	3.90	3.95	.13	0.84
793.280	.28	1.06	1.80	.5881	4.20	4.26	.14	0.85
793.300	.30	1.27	1.89	.6749	4.50	4.56	.15	0.86
793.320	.32	1.51	1.97	.7680	4.80	4.87	.16	0.87
793.340	.34	1.78	2.05	.8671	5.10	5.17	.17	0.88
793.360	.36	2.07	2.13	.9719	5.40	5.47	.18	0.88
793.380	.38	2.39	2.21	1.0830	5.70	5.78	.19	0.89
793.400	.40	2.74	2.28	1.2001	6.00	6.08	.20	0.90
793.420	.42	3.12	2.36	1.3229	6.30	6.39	.21	0.91
793.440	.44	3.53	2.43	1.4520	6.60	6.69	.22	0.91
793.460	.46	3.98	2.51	1.5872	6.90	6.99	.23	0.92
793.480	.48	4.46	2.58	1.7279	7.20	7.30	.24	0.93
793.500	.50	4.97	2.65	1.8750	7.50	7.60	.25	0.93
793.520	.52	5.52	2.72	2.0282	7.80	7.91	.26	0.94
793.540	.54	6.10	2.79	2.1868	8.10	8.21	.27	0.95
793.560	.56	6.72	2.86	2.3520	8.40	8.51	.28	0.95
793.580	.58	7.38	2.93	2.5231	8.70	8.82	.29	0.96
793.600	.60	8.08	2.99	2.6998	9.00	9.12	.30	0.96
793.620	.62	8.82	3.06	2.8830	9.30	9.43	.31	0.97
793.640	.64	9.60	3.12	3.0721	9.60	9.73	.32	0.97
793.660	.66	10.42	3.19	3.2667	9.90	10.03	.33	0.98

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .032900 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 793.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 794.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
793.680	.68	11.28	3.25	3.4679	10.20	10.34	.34	0.98
793.700	.70	12.19	3.32	3.6751	10.50	10.64	.35	0.99
793.720	.72	13.14	3.38	3.8877	10.80	10.95	.36	0.99
793.740	.74	14.13	3.44	4.1069	11.10	11.25	.37	1.00
793.760	.76	15.18	3.50	4.3321	11.40	11.56	.38	1.00
793.780	.78	16.27	3.56	4.5633	11.70	11.86	.39	1.01
793.800	.80	17.40	3.63	4.7999	12.00	12.16	.40	1.01
793.820	.82	18.59	3.69	5.0431	12.30	12.47	.41	1.01
793.840	.84	19.82	3.75	5.2923	12.60	12.77	.42	1.02
793.860	.86	21.10	3.80	5.5468	12.90	13.08	.43	1.02
793.880	.88	22.44	3.86	5.8081	13.20	13.38	.44	1.03
793.900	.90	23.82	3.92	6.0753	13.50	13.68	.45	1.03
793.920	.92	25.26	3.98	6.3478	13.80	13.99	.46	1.03
793.940	.94	26.75	4.04	6.6270	14.10	14.29	.47	1.04
793.960	.96	28.30	4.09	6.9123	14.40	14.60	.48	1.04
793.980	.98	29.89	4.15	7.2027	14.70	14.90	.49	1.05
794.000	1.00	31.55	4.21	7.5000	15.00	15.20	.50	1.05

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .065800 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 758.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 759.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
758.000	.00	.00	.00	.0000	.00	.00	.00	0.00
758.010	.01	.00	.28	.0008	.15	.15	.01	0.69
758.020	.02	.00	.44	.0030	.30	.30	.01	0.77
758.040	.04	.01	.70	.0120	.60	.61	.02	0.87
758.060	.06	.02	.91	.0270	.90	.91	.03	0.93
758.080	.08	.05	1.10	.0480	1.20	1.22	.04	0.97
758.100	.10	.10	1.28	.0750	1.50	1.52	.05	1.01
758.120	.12	.16	1.45	.1080	1.80	1.82	.06	1.04
758.140	.14	.24	1.60	.1470	2.10	2.13	.07	1.07
758.160	.16	.34	1.75	.1919	2.40	2.43	.08	1.09
758.180	.18	.46	1.90	.2430	2.70	2.74	.09	1.11
758.200	.20	.61	2.03	.3000	3.00	3.04	.10	1.13
758.220	.22	.79	2.17	.3629	3.30	3.34	.11	1.15
758.240	.24	.99	2.30	.4320	3.60	3.65	.12	1.17
758.260	.26	1.23	2.42	.5070	3.90	3.95	.13	1.18
758.280	.28	1.50	2.55	.5881	4.20	4.26	.14	1.20
758.300	.30	1.80	2.67	.6749	4.50	4.56	.15	1.21
758.320	.32	2.14	2.78	.7680	4.80	4.87	.16	1.23
758.340	.34	2.51	2.90	.8671	5.10	5.17	.17	1.24
758.360	.36	2.93	3.01	.9719	5.40	5.47	.18	1.25
758.380	.38	3.38	3.12	1.0830	5.70	5.78	.19	1.26
758.400	.40	3.88	3.23	1.2001	6.00	6.08	.20	1.27
758.420	.42	4.41	3.34	1.3229	6.30	6.39	.21	1.28
758.440	.44	5.00	3.44	1.4520	6.60	6.69	.22	1.29
758.460	.46	5.63	3.55	1.5872	6.90	6.99	.23	1.30
758.480	.48	6.30	3.65	1.7279	7.20	7.30	.24	1.31
758.500	.50	7.03	3.75	1.8750	7.50	7.60	.25	1.32
758.520	.52	7.80	3.85	2.0282	7.80	7.91	.26	1.33
758.540	.54	8.63	3.94	2.1868	8.10	8.21	.27	1.34
758.560	.56	9.51	4.04	2.3520	8.40	8.51	.28	1.35
758.580	.58	10.44	4.14	2.5231	8.70	8.82	.29	1.35
758.600	.60	11.43	4.23	2.6998	9.00	9.12	.30	1.36
758.620	.62	12.47	4.33	2.8830	9.30	9.43	.31	1.37
758.640	.64	13.57	4.42	3.0721	9.60	9.73	.32	1.38
758.660	.66	14.73	4.51	3.2667	9.90	10.03	.33	1.38

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .065800 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 758.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 759.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
758.680	.68	15.95	4.60	3.4679	10.20	10.34	.34	1.39
758.700	.70	17.24	4.69	3.6751	10.50	10.64	.35	1.40
758.720	.72	18.58	4.78	3.8877	10.80	10.95	.36	1.40
758.740	.74	19.99	4.87	4.1069	11.10	11.25	.37	1.41
758.760	.76	21.46	4.95	4.3321	11.40	11.56	.38	1.42
758.780	.78	23.00	5.04	4.5633	11.70	11.86	.39	1.42
758.800	.80	24.61	5.13	4.7999	12.00	12.16	.40	1.43
758.820	.82	26.28	5.21	5.0431	12.30	12.47	.41	1.43
758.840	.84	28.03	5.30	5.2923	12.60	12.77	.42	1.44
758.860	.86	29.84	5.38	5.5468	12.90	13.08	.43	1.45
758.880	.88	31.73	5.46	5.8081	13.20	13.38	.44	1.45
758.900	.90	33.69	5.55	6.0753	13.50	13.68	.45	1.46
758.920	.92	35.72	5.63	6.3478	13.80	13.99	.46	1.46
758.940	.94	37.83	5.71	6.6270	14.10	14.29	.47	1.47
758.960	.96	40.02	5.79	6.9123	14.40	14.60	.48	1.47
758.980	.98	42.28	5.87	7.2027	14.70	14.90	.49	1.48
759.000	1.00	44.62	5.95	7.5000	15.00	15.20	.50	1.48

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
(Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .098300 ft/ft
Mannings n = 0.04000
Invert Elev. = 691.00 ft
Top of Channel = 692.00 ft
Base width = .00 ft
Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
691.000	.00	.00	.00	.0000	.00	.00	.00	0.00
691.010	.01	.00	.34	.0008	.15	.15	.01	0.84
691.020	.02	.00	.54	.0030	.30	.30	.01	0.94
691.040	.04	.01	.85	.0120	.60	.61	.02	1.06
691.060	.06	.03	1.11	.0270	.90	.91	.03	1.13
691.080	.08	.06	1.35	.0480	1.20	1.22	.04	1.19
691.100	.10	.12	1.57	.0750	1.50	1.52	.05	1.24
691.120	.12	.19	1.77	.1080	1.80	1.82	.06	1.27
691.140	.14	.29	1.96	.1470	2.10	2.13	.07	1.31
691.160	.16	.41	2.14	.1919	2.40	2.43	.08	1.34
691.180	.18	.56	2.32	.2430	2.70	2.74	.09	1.36
691.200	.20	.75	2.49	.3000	3.00	3.04	.10	1.39
691.220	.22	.96	2.65	.3629	3.30	3.34	.11	1.41
691.240	.24	1.21	2.81	.4320	3.60	3.65	.12	1.43
691.260	.26	1.50	2.96	.5070	3.90	3.95	.13	1.45
691.280	.28	1.83	3.11	.5881	4.20	4.26	.14	1.47
691.300	.30	2.20	3.26	.6749	4.50	4.56	.15	1.48
691.320	.32	2.61	3.40	.7680	4.80	4.87	.16	1.50
691.340	.34	3.07	3.54	.8671	5.10	5.17	.17	1.51
691.360	.36	3.58	3.68	.9719	5.40	5.47	.18	1.53
691.380	.38	4.13	3.81	1.0830	5.70	5.78	.19	1.54
691.400	.40	4.74	3.95	1.2001	6.00	6.08	.20	1.56
691.420	.42	5.39	4.08	1.3229	6.30	6.39	.21	1.57
691.440	.44	6.11	4.21	1.4520	6.60	6.69	.22	1.58
691.460	.46	6.88	4.33	1.5872	6.90	6.99	.23	1.59
691.480	.48	7.70	4.46	1.7279	7.20	7.30	.24	1.60
691.500	.50	8.59	4.58	1.8750	7.50	7.60	.25	1.62
691.520	.52	9.54	4.70	2.0282	7.80	7.91	.26	1.63
691.540	.54	10.54	4.82	2.1868	8.10	8.21	.27	1.64
691.560	.56	11.62	4.94	2.3520	8.40	8.51	.28	1.65
691.580	.58	12.76	5.06	2.5231	8.70	8.82	.29	1.66
691.600	.60	13.96	5.17	2.6998	9.00	9.12	.30	1.66
691.620	.62	15.24	5.29	2.8830	9.30	9.43	.31	1.67
691.640	.64	16.59	5.40	3.0721	9.60	9.73	.32	1.68
691.660	.66	18.01	5.51	3.2667	9.90	10.03	.33	1.69

Solution to Mannings Open Channel Flow Equation
 (Computed values are based on normal depth.)

TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION

Slope = .098300 ft/ft
 Mannings n = 0.04000
 Invert Elev. = 691.00 ft
 Top of Channel = 692.00 ft
 Base width = .00 ft
 Rt Side slope = 3.000 horizontal :1 vert.
 Lt Side slope = 12.000 horizontal :1 vert.

Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Flow (cfs)	Vel. (ft/sec)	Area (sq.ft)	Top W. (ft)	Wet.P. (ft)	Hd (ft)	Froude No.
691.680	.68	19.50	5.62	3.4679	10.20	10.34	.34	1.70
691.700	.70	21.07	5.73	3.6751	10.50	10.64	.35	1.71
691.720	.72	22.71	5.84	3.8877	10.80	10.95	.36	1.72
691.740	.74	24.43	5.95	4.1069	11.10	11.25	.37	1.72
691.760	.76	26.23	6.06	4.3321	11.40	11.56	.38	1.73
691.780	.78	28.12	6.16	4.5633	11.70	11.86	.39	1.74
691.800	.80	30.08	6.27	4.7999	12.00	12.16	.40	1.75
691.820	.82	32.13	6.37	5.0431	12.30	12.47	.41	1.75
691.840	.84	34.26	6.47	5.2923	12.60	12.77	.42	1.76
691.860	.86	36.47	6.58	5.5468	12.90	13.08	.43	1.77
691.880	.88	38.78	6.68	5.8081	13.20	13.38	.44	1.77
691.900	.90	41.18	6.78	6.0753	13.50	13.68	.45	1.78
691.920	.92	43.66	6.88	6.3478	13.80	13.99	.46	1.79
691.940	.94	46.24	6.98	6.6270	14.10	14.29	.47	1.79
691.960	.96	48.91	7.08	6.9123	14.40	14.60	.48	1.80
691.980	.98	51.67	7.17	7.2027	14.70	14.90	.49	1.81
692.000	1.00	54.54	7.27	7.5000	15.00	15.20	.50	1.81

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1A 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1A 2

Reach Link Data = B1A
Reach Length = 522.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0959 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.04 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 3.21 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.93 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .178
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .178
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B1A Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1A 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1A 10

Reach Link Data = B1A
Reach Length = 522.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0812 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.04 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.10 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.70 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .339
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .338
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1A 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1A 25

Reach Link Data = B1A
Reach Length = 522.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0759 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.67 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 8.01 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 7.44 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .443
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .443
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B1B Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1B 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1B 2

Reach Link Data = B1B
Reach Length = 378.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0767 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .70 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 2.15 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.02 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .119
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .119
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1B 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1B 10

Reach Link Data = B1B
Reach Length = 378.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0649 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.37 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 4.08 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 3.88 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .226
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .226
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B1B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B1B 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B1B 25

Reach Link Data = B1B
Reach Length = 378.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0607 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.79 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.36 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.14 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .296
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .296
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2A 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2A 2

Reach Link Data = B2A
 Reach Length = 496.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0922 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .99 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 3.05 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 2.80 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .169
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .169
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B2A Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2A 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2A 10

Reach Link Data = B2A
Reach Length = 496.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0781 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.94 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.79 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.43 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .322
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .322
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2A 25
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2A 25

Reach Link Data = B2A
 Reach Length = 496.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0731 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.54 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 7.61 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 7.08 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .421
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .421
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2B 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2B 2

Reach Link Data = B2B
Reach Length = 419.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0812 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .84 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 2.59 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.42 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .143
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .143
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B2B

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2B 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2B 10

Reach Link Data = B2B
Reach Length = 419.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0687 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.65 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 4.92 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 4.64 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .273
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .273
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B2B

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2B 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2B 25

Reach Link Data = B2B
Reach Length = 419.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0642 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.15 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.46 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 6.14 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .357
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .357
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2C 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2C 2

Reach Link Data = B2C
 Reach Length = 507.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0969 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .89 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 2.73 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 2.48 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .151
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .151
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B2C Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2C 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2C 10

Reach Link Data = B2C
Reach Length = 507.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0820 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.74 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.18 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 4.84 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .288
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .288
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B2C 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B2C 25

Reach Link Data = B2C
Reach Length = 507.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0767 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.27 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.81 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 6.32 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .376
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .376
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B3A Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3A 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3A 2

Reach Link Data = B3A
Reach Length = 552.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1016 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.04 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 3.19 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.88 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .177
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .177
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3A 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3A 10

Reach Link Data = B3A
Reach Length = 552.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0860 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.03 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 6.06 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.63 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .336
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .336
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B3A Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3A 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3A 25

Reach Link Data = B3A
Reach Length = 552.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0804 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.65 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 7.96 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 7.37 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .440
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .440
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3B 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3B 2

Reach Link Data = B3B
Reach Length = 661.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1206 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.08 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 3.31 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.88 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .183
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .183
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B3B Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3B 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3B 10

Reach Link Data = B3B
Reach Length = 661.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1019 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.11 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.29 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.72 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .349
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .349
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B3B 25
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B3B 25

Reach Link Data = B3B
 Reach Length = 661.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0953 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.75 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 8.26 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 7.52 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .457
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .457
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B4 Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B4 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B4 2

Reach Link Data = B4
Reach Length = 408.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0817 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .74 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 2.27 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.12 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .126
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .126
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B4 10
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B4 10

Reach Link Data = B4
 Reach Length = 408.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0691 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.44 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 4.32 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 4.07 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .239
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .239
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B4 Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B4 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B4 25

Reach Link Data = B4
Reach Length = 408.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0646 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.89 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.68 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.38 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .313
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .313
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B5 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B5 2

Reach Link Data = B5
 Reach Length = 731.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .1341 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.05 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 3.23 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 2.73 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .179
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .179
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B5 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B5 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B5 10

Reach Link Data = B5
Reach Length = 731.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1134 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.06 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.16 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 5.48 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .341
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .341
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Type.... Reach Routing Summary Page 7.27
 Name.... B5 Tag: 25 Event: 25 yr
 File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw
 Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B5 25
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B5 25

Reach Link Data = B5
 Reach Length = 731.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .1061 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.69 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 8.09 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 7.23 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .446
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .446
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6A 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6A 2

Reach Link Data = B6A
 Reach Length = 627.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .1121 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.16 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 3.57 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 3.16 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .198
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .198
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B6A

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6A 10
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6A 10

Reach Link Data = B6A
 Reach Length = 627.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0948 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.28 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 6.81 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 6.24 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .377
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .377
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B6A

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6A 25
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6A 25

Reach Link Data = B6A
 Reach Length = 627.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0887 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.98 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 8.94 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 8.18 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .493
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .493
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6B 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6B 2

Reach Link Data = B6B
 Reach Length = 376.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0727 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .85 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 2.61 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 2.46 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .145
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .144
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B6B Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6B 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6B 10

Reach Link Data = B6B
Reach Length = 376.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0615 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.66 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 4.97 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 4.76 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .275
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .275
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6B 25
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6B 25

Reach Link Data = B6B
 Reach Length = 376.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0575 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.17 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 6.53 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 6.30 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .360
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .360
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6C 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6C 2

Reach Link Data = B6C
 Reach Length = 598.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .1069 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.16 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 3.57 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 3.19 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .198
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .198
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B6C

Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6C 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6C 10

Reach Link Data = B6C
Reach Length = 598.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0904 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.28 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 6.81 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 6.28 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .377
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .377
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B6C Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B6C 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B6C 25

Reach Link Data = B6C
Reach Length = 598.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0846 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.98 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 8.94 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 8.22 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .493
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .493
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B8 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B8 2

Reach Link Data = B8
 Reach Length = 477.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0906 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .91 cfs)
 Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 2.79 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 2.57 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .155
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .154
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... B8 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B8 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B8 10

Reach Link Data = B8
Reach Length = 477.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0767 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.78 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.31 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 4.98 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .294
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .294
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-B8 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - B8 25

Reach Link Data = B8
Reach Length = 477.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0717 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.32 cfs)
Reach Channel = BNCH (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 732.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 730.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.98 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 6.51 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .385
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .385
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D1 Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D1 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D1 2

Reach Link Data = D1
Reach Length = 1085.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1466 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.89 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 5.80 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 4.75 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .321
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .321
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D1 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D1 10

Reach Link Data = D1
Reach Length = 1085.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1240 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 3.69 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 11.05 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 9.65 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .612
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .611
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D1 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D1 25

Reach Link Data = D1
Reach Length = 1085.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1160 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 4.83 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 14.52 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 12.77 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .800
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .800
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J3 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D2 2

Reach Link Data = D2
Reach Length = 691.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0653 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 7.90 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 24.51 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 23.26 cfs at 12.0500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 1.568
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 1.568
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D2 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J3 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D2 10

Reach Link Data = D2
Reach Length = 691.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0547 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 16.10 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 48.45 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 46.64 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 2.985
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 2.985
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J3 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D2 25

Reach Link Data = D2
Reach Length = 691.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0510 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 21.33 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 63.58 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 62.27 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 3.906
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 3.905
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D3 Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D3 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D3 2

Reach Link Data = D3
Reach Length = 486.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0788 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = .91 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 2.79 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 2.62 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .155
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .154
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D3 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D3 10
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D3 10

Reach Link Data = D3
 Reach Length = 486.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0667 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.78 cfs)
 Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 5.31 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 5.03 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .294
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .294
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D3 Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-D3 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D3 25

Reach Link Data = D3
Reach Length = 486.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0624 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.32 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 6.98 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 6.66 cfs at 11.9500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .385
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .385
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J4 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D4 2

Reach Link Data = D4
 Reach Length = 1897.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .1931 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 5.88 cfs)
 Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 18.12 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 13.78 cfs at 12.0500 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = 1.057
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = 1.057
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D4 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J4 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D4 10

Reach Link Data = D4
Reach Length = 1897.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1626 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 11.68 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 35.21 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 28.23 cfs at 12.0500 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 2.012
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 2.012
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... D4 Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J4 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - D4 25

Reach Link Data = D4
Reach Length = 1897.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1519 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 15.35 cfs)
Reach Channel = D (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 681.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 678.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 46.07 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 37.74 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 2.633
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 2.632
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... HR1 Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-HR1 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR1 2

Reach Link Data = HR1
Reach Length = 892.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1260 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 1.51 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR1 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 794.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 793.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 4.63 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 3.98 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .257
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .257
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-HR1 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR1 10

Reach Link Data = HR1
Reach Length = 892.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .1065 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.95 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR1 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 794.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 793.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 8.83 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 7.96 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .489
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .489
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - DA-HR1 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR1 25

Reach Link Data = HR1
Reach Length = 892.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0996 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 3.86 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR1 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 794.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 793.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 11.60 cfs at 11.9000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 10.47 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .639
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .639
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... HR2

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J1 2
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR2 2

Reach Link Data = HR2
 Reach Length = 658.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0630 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 2.53 cfs)
 Reach Channel = HR2 (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 759.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 758.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout = .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 7.75 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 7.49 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = .485
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = .485
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... HR2 Tag: 10

Event: 10 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 10

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J1 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR2 10

Reach Link Data = HR2
Reach Length = 658.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0528 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 5.10 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR2 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 759.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 758.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 15.28 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 14.99 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .922
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .922
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... HR2

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J1 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR2 25

Reach Link Data = HR2
Reach Length = 658.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0493 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 6.74 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR2 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 759.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 758.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 20.17 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 19.74 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 1.207
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 1.207
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

WARNING: For weighted average inflow, the approximate total
travel time through entire reach is shorter than
the inflow hydrograph time step. Consider reducing
calculation time step.

Wtd.Avg.Q = 6.74 cfs Approx.Total Tt = .0493 hrs

Name.... HR3

Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J2 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR3 2

Reach Link Data = HR3
Reach Length = 608.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0462 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 3.47 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR3 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 692.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 691.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 10.76 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 10.42 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = .683
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .683
- Retained Vol = .000

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

WARNING: For weighted average inflow, the approximate total
travel time through entire reach is shorter than
the inflow hydrograph time step. Consider reducing
calculation time step.

Wtd.Avg.Q = 3.47 cfs Approx.Total Tt = .0462 hrs

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
 Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J2 10
 Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR3 10

Reach Link Data = HR3
 Reach Length = 608.00 ft
 Approx. Total Tt = .0387 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 7.06 cfs)
 Reach Channel = HR3 (Chn-Trapz.)
 Overflow Elev. = 692.00 ft
 Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

 Starting WS Elev = 691.00 ft
 Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
 Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
 Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
 Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
 Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
 Peak Inflow = 21.03 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 Peak Outflow = 21.00 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
 =====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

 + Initial Vol = .000
 + HYG Vol IN = 1.299
 - Infiltration = .000
 - HYG Vol OUT = 1.299
 - Retained Vol = .000

 Unrouted Vol = .000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

WARNING: For weighted average inflow, the approximate total travel time through entire reach is shorter than the inflow hydrograph time step. Consider reducing calculation time step.

Wtd.Avg.Q = 7.06 cfs Approx.Total Tt = .0387 hrs

Name.... HR3

Tag: 25

Event: 25 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 25

MODIFIED PULS REACH ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - J2 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - HR3 25

Reach Link Data = HR3
Reach Length = 608.00 ft
Approx. Total Tt = .0361 hrs (based on Wtd.Q = 9.34 cfs)
Reach Channel = HR3 (Chn-Trapz.)
Overflow Elev. = 692.00 ft
Overflow Channel = NONE

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 691.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

Peak Inflow = 27.66 cfs at 11.9500 hrs
Peak Outflow = 27.72 cfs at 12.0000 hrs

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 1.700
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 1.699
- Retained Vol = .000
Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

WARNING: For weighted average inflow, the approximate total
travel time through entire reach is shorter than
the inflow hydrograph time step. Consider reducing
calculation time step.

Wtd.Avg.Q = 9.34 cfs Approx.Total Tt = .0361 hrs

REQUESTED POND WS ELEVATIONS:

Min. Elev.= 669.00 ft
 Increment = .05 ft
 Max. Elev.= 676.00 ft

OUTLET CONNECTIVITY

- > Forward Flow Only (UpStream to DnStream)
- <--- Reverse Flow Only (DnStream to UpStream)
- <---> Forward and Reverse Both Allowed

Structure	No.		Outfall	E1, ft	E2, ft
Stand Pipe	R0	--->	C0	673.400	676.000
Culvert-Circular	C0	--->	TW	669.000	676.000
Weir-XY Points	W0	--->	TW	674.700	676.000
TW SETUP, DS Channel					

Name.... RB+WEIR

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = R0
Structure Type = Stand Pipe

of Openings = 1
Invert Elev. = 673.40 ft
Diameter = 3.0000 ft
Orifice Area = 7.0686 sq.ft
Orifice Coeff. = .590
Weir Length = 9.42 ft
Weir Coeff. = 3.100
K, Reverse = 1.000
Mannings n = .0000
Kev,Charged Riser = .000
Weir Submergence = No

Name.... RB+WEIR

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

```

Structure ID      = C0
Structure Type    = Culvert-Circular
-----
No. Barrels      = 1
Barrel Diameter   = 2.5000 ft
Upstream Invert  = 669.00 ft
Dnstream Invert  = 668.00 ft
Horiz. Length    = 55.00 ft
Barrel Length    = 55.01 ft
Barrel Slope     = .01818 ft/ft

```

OUTLET CONTROL DATA...

```

Mannings n       = .0220
Ke                = .9000 (forward entrance loss)
Kb               = .026397 (per ft of full flow)
Kr               = .9000 (reverse entrance loss)
HW Convergence   = .001 +/- ft

```

INLET CONTROL DATA...

```

Equation form    = 1
Inlet Control K  = .0340
Inlet Control M  = 1.5000
Inlet Control c  = .05530
Inlet Control Y  = .5400
T1 ratio (HW/D) = 1.254
T2 ratio (HW/D) = 1.416
Slope Factor     = -.500

```

Use unsubmerged inlet control Form 1 equ. below T1 elev.

Use submerged inlet control Form 1 equ. above T2 elev.

In transition zone between unsubmerged and submerged inlet control, interpolate between flows at T1 & T2...

```

At T1 Elev = 672.13 ft ---> Flow = 27.16 cfs
At T2 Elev = 672.54 ft ---> Flow = 31.05 cfs

```

Name.... RB+WEIR

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = W0
 Structure Type = Weir-XY Points

 # of Openings = 1
 WEIR X-Y GROUND POINTS

X, ft	Elev, ft
.00	676.00
3.90	674.70
19.90	674.70
23.80	676.00

Lowest Elev. = 674.70 ft
 Weir Coeff. = 3.330000
 Weir TW effects (Use adjustment equation)

Structure ID = TW
 Structure Type = TW SETUP, DS Channel

FREE OUTFALL CONDITIONS SPECIFIED

CONVERGENCE TOLERANCES...
 Maximum Iterations= 40
 Min. TW tolerance = .01 ft
 Max. TW tolerance = .01 ft
 Min. HW tolerance = .01 ft
 Max. HW tolerance = .01 ft
 Min. Q tolerance = .00 cfs
 Max. Q tolerance = .00 cfs

Name.... SB2-R+W

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

REQUESTED POND WS ELEVATIONS:

Min. Elev.= 673.00 ft
 Increment = .05 ft
 Max. Elev.= 681.00 ft

OUTLET CONNECTIVITY

- > Forward Flow Only (UpStream to DnStream)
- <--- Reverse Flow Only (DnStream to UpStream)
- <---> Forward and Reverse Both Allowed

Structure	No.		Outfall	E1, ft	E2, ft
Stand Pipe	R0	--->	C0	678.000	681.000
Culvert-Circular	C0	--->	TW	673.000	681.000
Weir-XY Points	W0	--->	TW	679.000	681.000
TW SETUP, DS Channel					

Name.... SB2-R+W

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = R0
Structure Type = Stand Pipe

of Openings = 1
Invert Elev. = 678.00 ft
Diameter = 2.0000 ft
Orifice Area = 3.1416 sq.ft
Orifice Coeff. = .600
Weir Length = 6.28 ft
Weir Coeff. = 1.800
K, Reverse = 1.000
Mannings n = .0000
Kev, Charged Riser = .000
Weir Submergence = No

Name.... SB2-R+W

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

 OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID	=	C0
Structure Type	=	Culvert-Circular

No. Barrels	=	1
Barrel Diameter	=	1.2500 ft
Upstream Invert	=	673.00 ft
Dnstream Invert	=	672.00 ft
Horiz. Length	=	65.00 ft
Barrel Length	=	65.01 ft
Barrel Slope	=	.01538 ft/ft

OUTLET CONTROL DATA...

Mannings n	=	.0220
Ke	=	.9000 (forward entrance loss)
Kb	=	.066516 (per ft of full flow)
Kr	=	.9000 (reverse entrance loss)
HW Convergence	=	.001 +/- ft

INLET CONTROL DATA...

Equation form	=	1
Inlet Control K	=	.0340
Inlet Control M	=	1.5000
Inlet Control c	=	.05530
Inlet Control Y	=	.5400
T1 ratio (HW/D)	=	1.255
T2 ratio (HW/D)	=	1.417
Slope Factor	=	-.500

Use unsubmerged inlet control Form 1 equ. below T1 elev.

Use submerged inlet control Form 1 equ. above T2 elev.

In transition zone between unsubmerged and submerged inlet control, interpolate between flows at T1 & T2...

At T1 Elev =	674.57 ft	--->	Flow =	4.80 cfs
At T2 Elev =	674.77 ft	--->	Flow =	5.49 cfs

Name.... SB2-R+W

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

OUTLET STRUCTURE INPUT DATA

Structure ID = W0
Structure Type = Weir-XY Points

of Openings = 1
WEIR X-Y GROUND POINTS

X, ft	Elev, ft
.00	681.00
6.00	679.00
16.00	679.00
22.00	681.00

Lowest Elev. = 679.00 ft

Weir Coeff. = 1.600000

Weir TW effects (Use adjustment equation)

Structure ID = TW
Structure Type = TW SETUP, DS Channel

FREE OUTFALL CONDITIONS SPECIFIED

CONVERGENCE TOLERANCES...
Maximum Iterations= 40
Min. TW tolerance = .01 ft
Max. TW tolerance = .01 ft
Min. HW tolerance = .01 ft
Max. HW tolerance = .01 ft
Min. Q tolerance = .00 cfs
Max. Q tolerance = .00 cfs

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 IN 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 OUT 2

Pond Node Data = SB1
Pond Volume Data = SB1
Pond Outlet Data = RB+WEIR

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 669.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 28.09 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 1.26 cfs at 15.0500 hrs

Peak Elevation = 673.52 ft
Peak Storage = 1.413 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 2.031
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .672
- Retained Vol = 1.359

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 IN 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 OUT 10

Pond Node Data = SB1
Pond Volume Data = SB1
Pond Outlet Data = RB+WEIR

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 669.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 56.61 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 16.90 cfs at 12.3000 hrs

Peak Elevation = 674.09 ft
Peak Storage = 1.682 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 3.792
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 2.434
- Retained Vol = 1.359

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 IN 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB1 OUT 25

Pond Node Data = SB1
Pond Volume Data = SB1
Pond Outlet Data = RB+WEIR

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 669.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 74.90 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 36.70 cfs at 12.1500 hrs

Peak Elevation = 674.60 ft
Peak Storage = 1.933 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 4.933
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 3.575
- Retained Vol = 1.359

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Name.... SB2 OUT Tag: 2

Event: 2 yr

File.... P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\LNC&Dclose.ppw

Storm... TypeII 24hr Tag: 2

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 IN 2
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 OUT 2

Pond Node Data = SB2
Pond Volume Data = SB2
Pond Outlet Data = SB2-R+W

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 673.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 37.98 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = .00 cfs at .0500 hrs

Peak Elevation = 677.81 ft
Peak Storage = 2.591 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 2.591
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = .000
- Retained Vol = 2.591

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.002% of Inflow Volume)

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 IN 10
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 OUT 10

Pond Node Data = SB2
Pond Volume Data = SB2
Pond Outlet Data = SB2-R+W

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 673.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 75.75 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 3.71 cfs at 13.8500 hrs

Peak Elevation = 678.48 ft
Peak Storage = 3.105 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 4.819
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 2.083
- Retained Vol = 2.736

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

LEVEL POOL ROUTING SUMMARY

HYG Dir = P:\135836 - Allied Lake Norman C&DLF Closure\Calcs\Storm\PPack\
Inflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 IN 25
Outflow HYG file = NONE STORED - SB2 OUT 25

Pond Node Data = SB2
Pond Volume Data = SB2
Pond Outlet Data = SB2-R+W

No Infiltration

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Starting WS Elev = 673.00 ft
Starting Volume = .000 ac-ft
Starting Outflow = .00 cfs
Starting Infiltr. = .00 cfs
Starting Total Qout= .00 cfs
Time Increment = .0500 hrs

INFLOW/OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY

=====
Peak Inflow = 99.77 cfs at 12.0000 hrs
Peak Outflow = 9.45 cfs at 12.6500 hrs

Peak Elevation = 678.96 ft
Peak Storage = 3.487 ac-ft
=====

MASS BALANCE (ac-ft)

+ Initial Vol = .000
+ HYG Vol IN = 6.262
- Infiltration = .000
- HYG Vol OUT = 3.526
- Retained Vol = 2.736

Unrouted Vol = -.000 ac-ft (.000% of Inflow Volume)

Index of Starting Page Numbers for ID Names

7.06, 7.07, 7.08, 7.09, 7.10, 7.11, 7.12, 7.13, 7.14, 7.15, 7.16, 7.17, 7.18, 7.19, 7.20, 7.21, 7.22, 7.23, 7.24, 7.25, 7.26, 7.27, 7.28, 7.29, 7.30, 7.31, 7.32, 7.33, 7.34, 7.35, 7.36, 7.37, 7.38, 7.39	SB1-DIRECT 2... 5.61, 5.62, 5.63 SB2 OUT 2... 9.04, 9.05, 9.06 SB2-DIRECT 2... 5.64, 5.65, 5.66 SB2-R+W... 8.05
----- B ----- BNCH... 6.01	----- T ----- TypeII 24hr 2... 4.01, 4.03, 4.05
----- C ----- Charlotte-SCS... 3.01, 3.02	----- W ----- Watershed... 1.01, 2.01, 2.03, 2.08, 2.10, 2.15, 2.17, 2.22
----- D ----- D... 6.03, 7.40, 7.41, 7.42, 7.43, 7.44, 7.45, 7.46, 7.47, 7.48, 7.49, 7.50, 7.51 DA-B1A 2... 5.01, 5.02, 5.03 DA-B1B 2... 5.04, 5.05, 5.06 DA-B2A 2... 5.07, 5.08, 5.09 DA-B2B 2... 5.10, 5.11, 5.12 DA-B2C 2... 5.13, 5.14, 5.15 DA-B3A 2... 5.16, 5.17, 5.18 DA-B3B 2... 5.19, 5.20, 5.21 DA-B4 2... 5.22, 5.23, 5.24 DA-B5 2... 5.25, 5.26, 5.27 DA-B6A 2... 5.28, 5.29, 5.30 DA-B6B 2... 5.31, 5.32, 5.33 DA-B6C 2... 5.34, 5.35, 5.36 DA-B8 2... 5.37, 5.38, 5.39 DA-D1 2... 5.40, 5.41, 5.42 DA-D2 2... 5.43, 5.44, 5.45 DA-D3 2... 5.46, 5.47, 5.48 DA-D4 2... 5.49, 5.50, 5.51 DA-HR1 2... 5.52, 5.53, 5.54 DA-HR2 2... 5.55, 5.56, 5.57 DA-HR3 2... 5.58, 5.59, 5.60	
----- H ----- HR1... 6.05, 7.52, 7.53, 7.54 HR2... 6.07, 7.55, 7.56, 7.57 HR3... 6.09, 7.58, 7.59, 7.60	
----- R ----- RB+WEIR... 8.01	
----- S ----- SB1 OUT 2... 9.01, 9.02, 9.03	

Input Cells

Calculated Cells

V-Shape Channel Permissible Velocity Design Calculations (Unvegetated Condition)

Channel ID	Channel Requirements									Stability & Capacity							Temporary Channel Lining			Channel ID		
	Required Flow (Q ₁₀ , cfs)	Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Permissible Velocity (V _p , ft/s)	Left slope (Z _L , ft/ft)	Right slope (Z _R , ft/ft)	Normal Depth (d, ft)	Left Top Width (B _L , ft)	Right Top Width (B _R , ft)	Channel Top Width (B, ft)	Computed Flow Area (A, ft ²)	Wetted Perimeter (P, ft)	Hydraulic Radius (R, ft)	Retardance Factor (V _p *R)	Stability Manning's n	Comp. Velocity (V, ft/s)	"V" OK?	Comp. Flow (Q, cfs)	"Q" OK?	Shear Stress (τ, lb/ft ²)		N.A. Green® Matting (Velocity)	N.A. Green® Matting (Shear)
D1	11.05	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	1.35	2.70	2.70	5.40	3.65	6.04	0.60	3.02	0.040	3.26	OK	11.88	OK	0.57	S75BN	S75BN	D1
D2	48.45	0.015	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.20	4.40	4.40	8.80	9.68	9.84	0.98	5.90	0.035	5.16	OK	49.93	OK	0.92	S150BN	S75BN	D2
D3	5.31	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	1.06	2.12	2.12	4.24	2.25	4.74	0.47	2.37	0.046	2.41	OK	5.42	OK	0.44	S75BN	S75BN	D3
D4	35.21	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.00	4.00	4.00	8.00	8.94	8.94	0.89	4.47	0.038	4.46	OK	35.66	OK	0.84	S75BN	S75BN	D4
BENCH	6.81	0.020	5.0	6.0	1.0	0.88	5.28	0.88	6.16	2.71	6.60	0.41	2.05	0.046	2.53	OK	6.86	OK	0.51	S75BN	S75BN	BENCH

Input Cells Calculated Cells

V-Shape Channel Permissible Velocity Design Calculations (Vegetated Condition)

Channel ID	Channel Requirements			Channel Geometry & Hydraulic Properties										Stability & Capacity				Channel Lining		Channel ID	
	Required Flow (Q ₂₅ , cfs)	Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Permissible Velocity (V _p , ft/s)	Left slope (Z _L , ft/ft)	Right slope (Z _R , ft/ft)	Normal Depth (d, ft)	Left Top Width (B _L , ft)	Right Top Width (B _R , ft)	Channel Top Width (B, ft)	Computed Flow Area (A, ft ²)	Wetted Perimeter (P, ft)	Hydraulic Radius (R, ft)	Retardance Factor (V _p *R)	Capacity Manning's n	Comp. Velocity (V, ft/s)	"V" OK?	Comp. Flow (Q, cfs)	"Q" OK?	Shear Stress (τ, lb/ft ²)		Permanent Lining
D1	14.52	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	1.79	3.58	3.58	7.16	6.41	8.01	0.80	4.00	0.068	2.31	OK	14.83	OK	0.75	GRASS	D1
D2	63.58	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.91	5.82	5.82	11.64	16.94	13.01	1.30	6.51	0.056	3.92	OK	66.38	OK	1.22	GRASS	D2
D3	6.98	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	1.43	2.86	2.86	5.72	4.09	6.40	0.64	3.20	0.078	1.74	OK	7.10	OK	0.60	GRASS	D3
D4	32.30	0.015	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.62	5.24	5.24	10.48	13.73	11.72	1.17	5.86	0.060	3.38	OK	46.41	OK	1.10	GRASS	D4
BENCH	8.94	0.020	5.0	6.0	1.0	1.24	7.44	1.24	8.68	5.38	9.30	0.58	2.89	0.088	1.66	OK	8.95	OK	0.72	GRASS	BENCH

**Design Procedure-
Permissible Velocity**

The following is a step-by-step procedure for designing a runoff conveyance channel using Manning’s equation and the continuity equation:

Step 1. Determine the required flow capacity, Q , by estimating peak runoff rate for the design storm (*Appendix 8.03*).

Step 2. Determine the slope and select channel geometry and lining.

Step 3. Determine the permissible velocity for the lining selected, or the desired velocity, if paved. (see Table 8.05a, page 8.05.4)

Step 4. Make an initial estimate of channel size—divide the required Q by the permissible velocity to reach a “first try” estimate of channel flow area. Then select a geometry, depth, and top width to fit site conditions.

Step 5. Calculate the hydraulic radius, R , from channel geometry (Figure 8.05b, page 8.05.5).

Step 6. Determine roughness coefficient n .

Structural Linings—see Table 8.05b, page 8.05.6.

Grass Lining:

- a. Determine retardance class for vegetation from Table 8.05c, page 8.05.8. To meet stability requirement, use retardance for newly mowed condition (generally C or D). To determine channel capacity, use at least one retardance class higher.
- b. Determine n from Figure 8.05c, page 8.05.7.

Step 7. Calculate the actual channel velocity, V , using Manning’s equation (Figure 8.05a, pg. 8.05.3), and calculate channel capacity, Q , using the continuity equation.

Step 8. Check results against permissible velocity and required design capacity to determine if design is acceptable.

Step 9. If design is not acceptable, alter channel dimensions as appropriate. For trapezoidal channels, this adjustment is usually made by changing the bottom width.

**Table 8.05b
Manning’s n for Structural
Channel Linings**

Channel Lining	Recommended n values
Asphaltic concrete, machine placed	0.014
Asphalt, exposed prefabricated	0.015
Concrete	0.015
Metal, corrugated	0.024
Plastic	0.013
Shotcrete	0.017
Gabion	0.030
Earth	0.020

Source: American Society of Civil Engineers (modified)

Step 10. For grass-lined channels once the appropriate channel dimensions have been selected for low retardance conditions, repeat steps 6 through 8 using a higher retardance class, corresponding to tall grass. Adjust capacity of the channel by varying depth where site conditions permit.

NOTE 1: If design velocity is greater than 2.0 ft/sec., a temporary lining may be required to stabilize the channel until vegetation is established. The temporary liner may be designed for peak flow from the 2-year storm. If a channel requires a temporary lining, the designer should analyze shear stresses in the channel to select the liner that provides protection and promotes establishment of vegetation. For the design of temporary liners, use tractive force procedure.

NOTE 2: Design Tables—Vegetated Channels and Diversions at the end of this section may be used to design grass-lined channels with parabolic cross-sections.

Step 11. Check outlet for carrying capacity and stability. If discharge velocities exceed allowable velocities for the receiving stream, an outlet protection structure will be required (Table 8.05d, page 8.05.9).

Sample Problem 8.05a illustrates the design of a grass-lined channel.

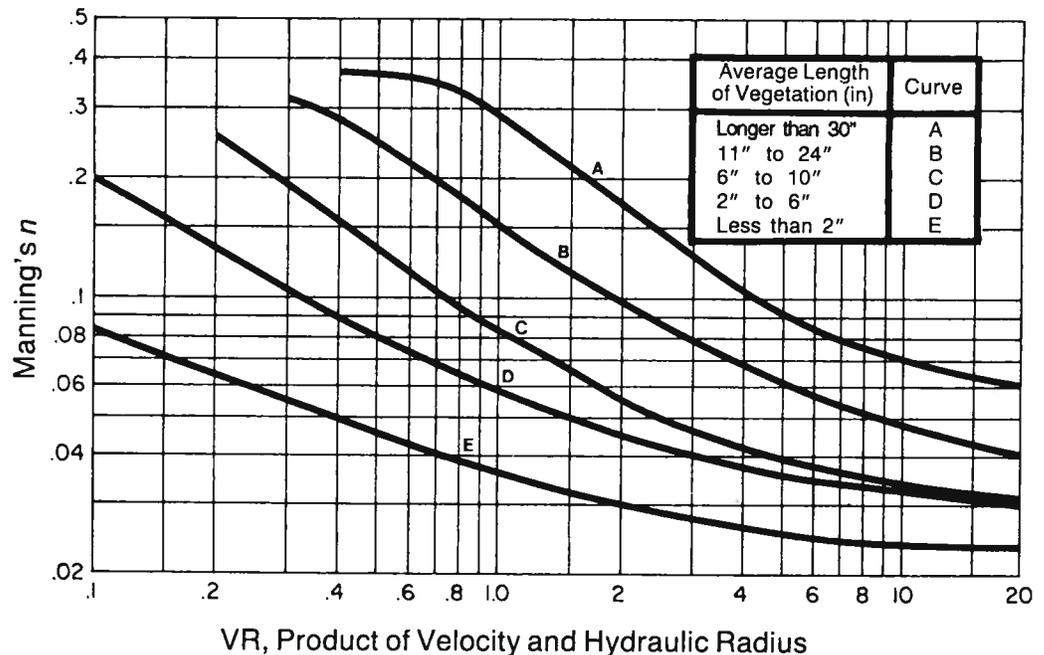


Figure 8.05c Manning's *n* related to velocity, hydraulic radius, and vegetal retardance.

Note: From Sample Problem 8.05a multiply $V_p \times \text{Hydraulic Radius}$ ($4.5 \times 0.54 = 2.43$), then enter the product of VR and extend a straight line up to Retardance class "D", next project a straight line to the left to determine a trial manning's *n*.

Table 8.05c
Retardance Classification for Vegetal Covers

Retardance	Cover	Condition
A	Reed canarygrass Weeping lovegrass	Excellent stand, tall (average 36") Excellent stand, tall (average 30")
B	Tall fescue Bermudagrass Grass-legume mixture (tall fescue, red fescue, sericea lespedeza) Grass mixture (timothy, smooth bromegrass or orchardgrass) Sericea lespedeza Reed canarygrass Alfalfa	Good stand, uncut, (average 18") Good stand, tall (average 12") Good stand, uncut Good stand, uncut (average 20") Good stand, not woody, tall (average 19") Good stand, cut, (average 12-15") Good stand, uncut (average 11")
C	Tall fescue Bermudagrass Bahagrass Grass-legume mixture-- summer (orchardgrass, redtop and annual lespedeza) Centipedegrass Kentucky bluegrass Redtop	Good stand (8-12") Good stand, cut (average 6") Good stand, uncut (6-8") Good stand, uncut (6-8") Very dense cover (average 6") Good stand, headed (6-12") Good stand, uncut (15-20")
D	Tall fescue Bermudagrass Bahagrass Grass-legume mixture-- fall-spring (orchardgrass, redtop, and annual lespedeza) Red fescue Centipedegrass Kentucky bluegrass	Good stand, cut (3-4") Good stand, cut (2.5") Good stand, cut (3-4") Good stand, uncut (4-5") Good stand, uncut (12-18") Good stand, cut (3-4") Good stand, cut (3-4")
E	Bermudagrass Bermudagrass	Good stand, cut (1.5") Burned stubble

Modified from: USDA-SCS, 1969. Engineering Field Manual.

**Table 8.05d
Maximum Permissible
Velocities for Unprotected
Soils in Existing Channels.**

Materials	Maximum Permissible Velocities (fps)
Fine Sand (noncolloidal)	2.5
Sand Loam (noncolloidal)	2.5
Silt Loam (noncolloidal)	3.0
Ordinary Firm Loam	3.5
Fine Gravel	5.0
Stiff Clay (very colloidal)	5.0
Graded, Loam to Cobbles (noncolloidal)	5.0
Graded, Silt to Cobbles (colloidal)	5.5
Alluvial Silts (noncolloidal)	3.5
Alluvial Silts (colloidal)	5.0
Coarse Gravel (noncolloidal)	6.0
Cobbles and Shingles	5.5

**Sample Problem 8.05a
Design of a
Grass-lined Channel.**

Given:

Design $Q_{10} = 16.6$ cfs
 Proposed channel grade = 2%
 Proposed vegetation: Tall fescue
 Soil: Creedmoor (easily erodible)
 Permissible velocity, $V_p = 4.5$ ft/s (Table 8.05a)
 Retardance class: "B" uncut, "D" cut (Table 8.05c).
 Trapezoidal channel dimensions:
 designing for low retardance condition (retardance class D)
 design to meet V_p .

Find:

Channel dimensions

Solution:

Make an initial estimate of channel size

$$A = Q/V, 16.6 \text{ cfs}/4.5 \text{ ft/sec} = 3.69 \text{ ft}^2$$

Try bottom width = 3.0 ft w/side slopes of 3:1

$$Z = 3$$

$$A = bd + Zd^2$$

$$P = b + 2d\sqrt{Z^2 + 1}$$

$$R = AP$$

An iterative solution using Figure 8.05a to relate flow depth to Manning's n proceeds as follows: Manning's equation is used to check velocities.

*From Fig. 8.05c, pg. 8.05.7, Retardance Class d ($VR=4.5 \times 0.54=2.43$)

d (ft)	A (ft ²)	R (ft)	*n	V _t (fps)	Q (cfs)	Comments
0.8	4.32	0.54	0.043	3.25	14.0	$V < V_p$ OK, $Q < Q_{10}$
(too small, try deeper channel)						
0.9	5.13	0.59	0.042	3.53	18.10	$V < V_p$, OK, $Q > Q_{10}$, OK

Now design for high retardance (class B):

For the ease of construction and maintenance assume and try $d = 1.5$ ft and trial velocity $V_t = 3.0$ ft/sec

d (ft)	A (ft ²)	R (ft)	V _t (fps)	n	V (fps)	Q (cfs)	Comments
1.5	11.25	0.90	3.0	0.08	2.5	28	reduce V_t
			2.0	0.11	1.8	20	reduce V_t
			1.6	0.12	1.6	18	
			**1.5	0.13	1.5	17	$Q > Q_{10}$ OK

** These assumptions = actual V (fps.) (chart continued on next page)



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

S75BN



The North American Green S75BN erosion control blanket is constructed of 100% biodegradable materials containing a 100% agricultural straw fiber matrix and having a functional longevity of approximately 12 months. (NOTE: functional longevity may vary depending upon climatic conditions, soil, geographic location, and elevation). The straw fiber shall be evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top with 100% biodegradable natural organic fiber netting woven into an approximate 0.50 inch x 1 inch (1.27 cm x 2.54 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together with biodegradable thread on 1.50 inch (3.81 cm) centers. The following list contains further physical properties of the S75BN erosion control blanket.

<u>Property</u>	<u>Test Method</u>	<u>Typical</u>
Thickness	ASTM D5199/ECTC	0.32 in (8.13 mm)
Resiliency	ECTC Guidelines	81.40%
Mass per Unit Area	ASTM D6475	7.55 oz/yd ² (256 g/m ²)
Water Absorption	ASTM D1117/ECTC	281%
Swell	ECTC Guidelines	15.70%
Stiffness/Flexibility	ASTM D1388/ECTC	6.92 oz-in (77,268 mg-cm)
Light Penetration	ECTC Guidelines	13.60%
Smolder Resistance	ECTC Guidelines	Yes**
MD Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	267.60 lbs/ft (3.90 kN/m)
MD Elongation	ASTM D5035	3.00%
TD Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	267.60 lbs/ft (3.90 kN/m)
TD Elongation	ASTM D5035	2.70%

**Material is smolder resistant according to specified test.

MD - Machine direction
TD - Transverse direction

Slope Design Data

Channel Design Data

Bench Scale Testing†

Cover Factors (C)		Channel Roughness Coefficients	
	Slope Gradient (S)	Flow Depth	Manning's 'n'
Slope Length (L)	≤ 3:1	≤ 0.50 ft (0.15 m)	0.055
≤ 20 ft (6 m)	0.029	0.50-2.00 ft	0.055-0.021
20 - 50	0.110	≥ 2.00 ft (0.60 m)	0.021
≥ 50 ft (15.2 m)	0.190	Max. Permissible Shear Stress 1.60 lbs/ft ² (76.0 Pa)	

Unvegetated Channel	2.0 lbs/ft ²
---------------------	-------------------------

Approximate Max Flow Velocity	5.00 ft/s (1.52 m/s)
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For most accurate design data consult ECMDS™
Manning's 'n' expressed in English units

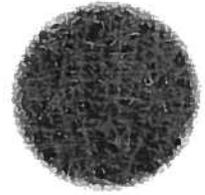
†Bench Scale Testing

Bench scale tests are index property tests. These tests are not indicative of field performance and therefore should not be used in design to establish performance levels for rolled erosion control products. Bench scale tests are performed according to methods developed by the Erosion Control Technology Council (ECTC).



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

SC150BN



The North American Green SC150BN erosion control blanket is constructed of 100% biodegradable materials with a 70% agricultural straw and 30% coconut fiber blend matrix and has a functional longevity of approximately 18 months. (NOTE: functional longevity may vary depending upon climatic conditions, soil, geographic location, and elevation). The straw and coconut fibers shall be evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top and bottom with 100% biodegradable natural organic fiber netting woven into an approximate 0.50 inch x 1 inch (1.27 x 2.54 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together with biodegradable thread on 1.50 inch (3.81 cm) centers. The following list contains further physical properties of the SC150BN erosion control blanket.

<u>Property</u>	<u>Test Method</u>	<u>Typical</u>
Thickness	ASTM D5199/ECTC	0.29 in (7.47 mm)
Resiliency	ECTC Guidelines	86 %
Mass per Unit Area	ASTM D6475	9.66 oz/yd ² (328 g/m ²)
Water Absorption	ASTM D1117/ECTC	158 %
Swell	ECTC Guidelines	46 %
Stiffness/Flexibility	ASTM D1388/ECTC	0.42 oz-in (4,737 mg-cm)
Light Penetration	ECTC Guidelines	11.70 %
Smolder Resistance	ECTC Guidelines	Yes**
MD Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	280.80 lbs/ft (4.10 kN/m)
MD Elongation	ASTM D5035	9.50%
TD Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	205.20 lbs/ft (2.99 kN/m)
TD Elongation	ASTM D5035	13.20 %

**Material is smolder resistant according to specified test

MD - Machine direction
TD - Transverse direction

Slope Design Data

Channel Design Data

Bench Scale Testing†

Cover Factors (C)				Channel Roughness Coefficients	
Slope Length (L)	Slope Gradient (S)			Flow Depth	Manning's 'n'
	≤ 3:1	3:1 - 2:1	≥ 2:1		
≤ 20 ft (6 m)	0.00009	0.029	0.063	≤ 0.50 ft (0.15 m)	0.050
20 - 50	0.005	0.055	0.092	0.50-2.00 ft	0.050-0.018
≥ 50 ft (15.2 m)	0.010	0.080	0.120	≥ 2.00 ft (0.60 m)	0.018
				Max. Permissible Shear Stress 2.10 lbs/ft ² (100.0 Pa)	

Unvegetated Channel	3.9 lbs/ft ²
---------------------	-------------------------

Approximate Max Flow Velocity
8.00 ft/s (2.44 m/s)

For most accurate design data consult ECMDS™
Manning's 'n' expressed in English units

†Bench Scale Testing

Bench scale tests are index property tests. These tests are not indicative of field performance and therefore should not be used in design to establish performance levels for rolled erosion control products. Bench scale tests are performed according to methods developed by the Erosion Control Technology Council (ECTC).

Downchute Pipe Sizing

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
 Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient 0.011
 Channel Slope 0.02000 ft/ft
 Diameter 2.00 ft
 Discharge 32.24 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth 1.42 ft
 Flow Area 2.39 ft²
 Wetted Perimeter 4.01 ft
 Top Width 1.82 ft
 Critical Depth 1.89 ft
 Percent Full 71.0 %
 Critical Slope 0.01258 ft/ft
 Velocity 13.52 ft/s
 Velocity Head 2.84 ft
 Specific Energy 4.26 ft
 Froude Number 2.08
 Maximum Discharge 40.67 ft³/s
 Discharge Full 37.81 ft³/s
 Slope Full 0.01454 ft/ft
 Flow Type SuperCritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth 0.00 ft
 Length 0.00 ft
 Number Of Steps 0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth 0.00 ft
 Profile Description
 Profile Headloss 0.00 ft
 Average End Depth Over Rise 0.00 %
 Normal Depth Over Rise 71.00 %
 Downstream Velocity Infinity ft/s



Downchute Pipe Sizing

GVF Output Data

Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.42	ft
Critical Depth	1.89	ft
Channel Slope	0.02000	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01258	ft/ft

Culvert Report

Bench Inlet

Invert Elev Dn (ft) = 679.90
Pipe Length (ft) = 10.00
Slope (%) = 1.00
Invert Elev Up (ft) = 680.00
Rise (in) = 18.0
Shape = Cir
Span (in) = 18.0
No. Barrels = 1
n-Value = 0.011
Inlet Edge = Projecting
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k = 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.5

Embankment

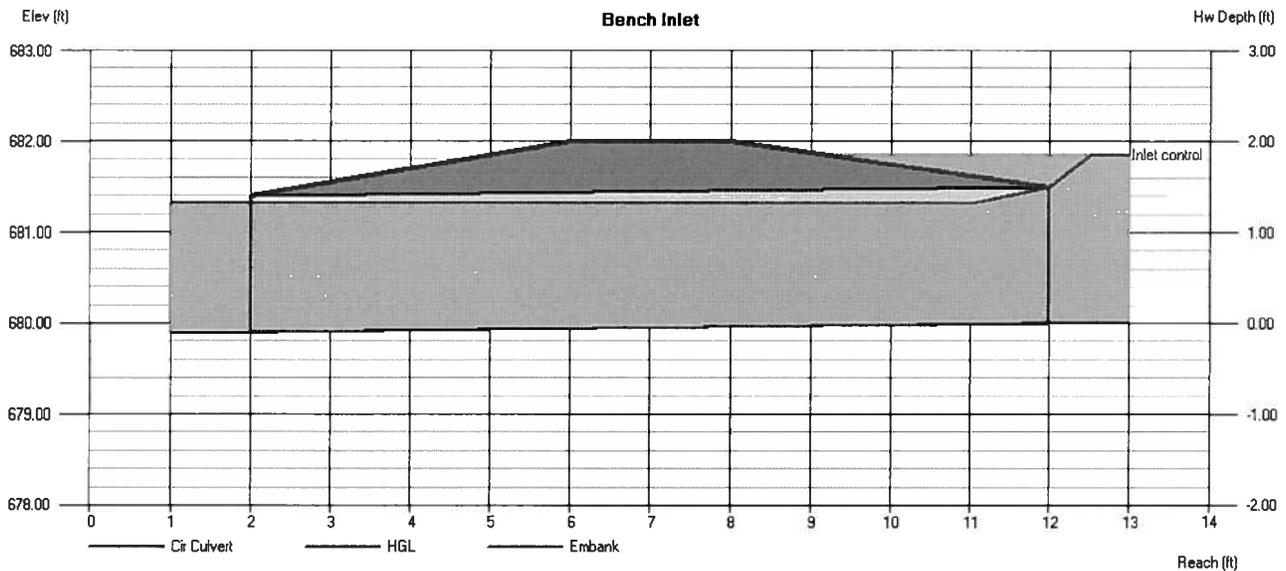
Top Elevation (ft) = 682.00
Top Width (ft) = 2.00
Crest Width (ft) = 0.00

Calculations

Qmin (cfs) = 8.94
Qmax (cfs) = 8.94
Tailwater Elev (ft) = 681.32

Highlighted

Qtotal (cfs) = 8.94
Qpipe (cfs) = 8.94
Qovertop (cfs) = 0.00
Veloc Dn (ft/s) = 5.17
Veloc Up (ft/s) = 5.41
HGL Dn (ft) = 681.32
HGL Up (ft) = 681.33
Hw Elev (ft) = 681.85
Hw/D (ft) = 1.24
Flow Regime = Inlet Control



Culvert Report

Culvert - C1

Invert Elev Dn (ft) = 689.13
 Pipe Length (ft) = 92.42
 Slope (%) = 1.21
 Invert Elev Up (ft) = 690.25
 Rise (in) = 24.0
 Shape = Cir
 Span (in) = 24.0
 No. Barrels = 1
 n-Value = 0.012
 Inlet Edge = Projecting
 Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k = 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.5

Calculations

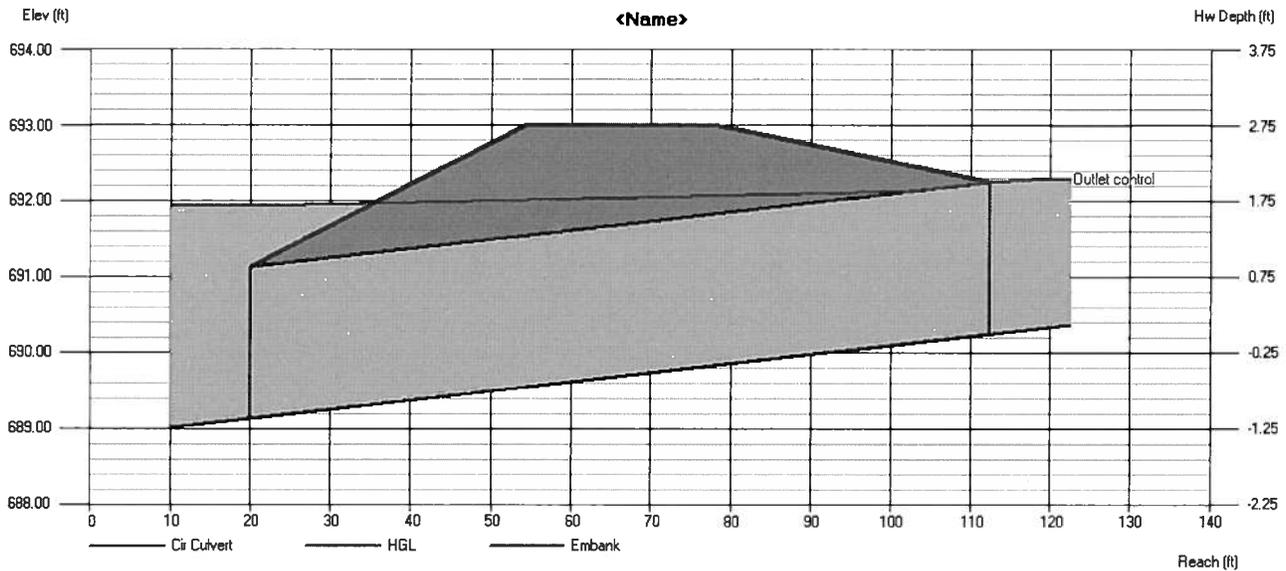
Qmin (cfs) = 12.77
 Qmax (cfs) = 12.77
 Tailwater Elev (ft) = 691.93

Highlighted

Qtotal (cfs) = 12.77
 Qpipe (cfs) = 12.77
 Qovertop (cfs) = 0.00
 Veloc Dn (ft/s) = 4.07
 Veloc Up (ft/s) = 4.14
 HGL Dn (ft) = 691.93
 HGL Up (ft) = 692.16
 Hw Elev (ft) = 692.29
 Hw/D (ft) = 1.02
 Flow Regime = Outlet Control

Embankment

Top Elevation (ft) = 693.00
 Top Width (ft) = 24.00
 Crest Width (ft) = 0.00



Culvert Report

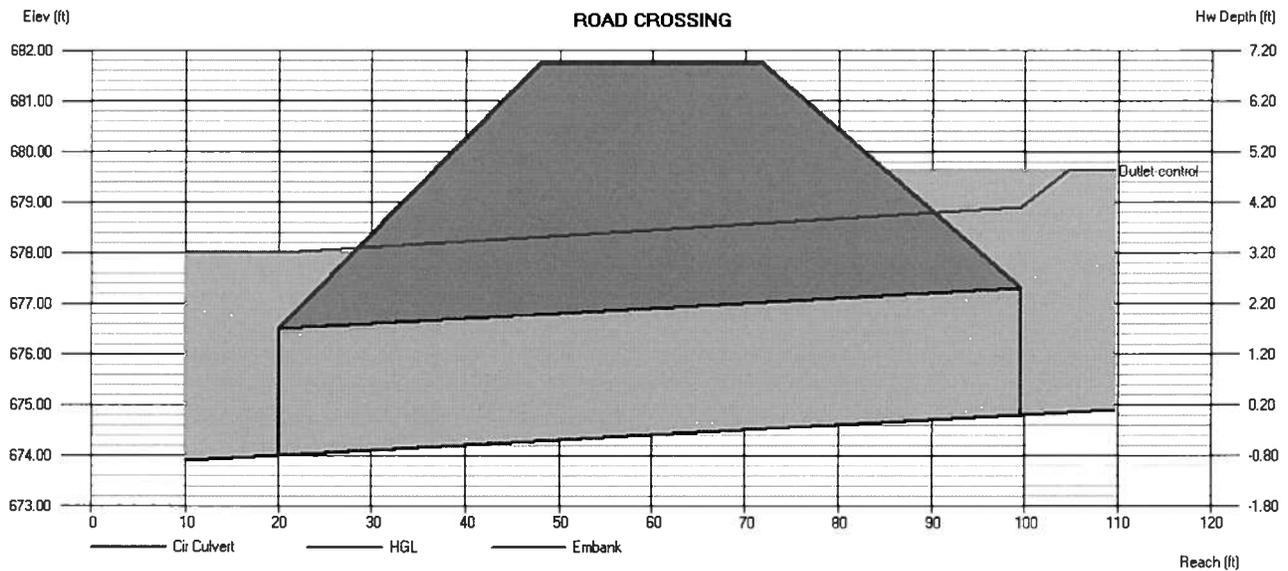
Culvert C2

Invert Elev Dn (ft) = 674.00
 Pipe Length (ft) = 79.61
 Slope (%) = 1.00
 Invert Elev Up (ft) = 674.80
 Rise (in) = 30.0
 Shape = Cir
 Span (in) = 30.0
 No. Barrels = 2
 n-Value = 0.012
 Inlet Edge = Projecting
 Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k = 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.5

Embankment
 Top Elevation (ft) = 681.75
 Top Width (ft) = 24.00
 Crest Width (ft) = 4.00

Calculations
 Qmin (cfs) = 94.52
 Qmax (cfs) = 94.52
 Tailwater Elev (ft) = 678

Highlighted
 Qtotal (cfs) = 94.52
 Qpipe (cfs) = 94.52
 Qovertop (cfs) = 0.00
 Veloc Dn (ft/s) = 9.63
 Veloc Up (ft/s) = 9.63
 HGL Dn (ft) = 678.00
 HGL Up (ft) = 678.90
 Hw Elev (ft) = 679.62
 Hw/D (ft) = 1.93
 Flow Regime = Outlet Control





Input Cells

Calculated Cells

Faircloth Skimmer[®] Sizing Calculation (3 Day Drawdown)

Basin ID	10yr. Basin Volume (ft ³)	Skimmer Size (in)	Full Capacity (ft ³)	No. of Full Capacity Skimmers Needed	Orifice Calculation for single skimmers			Sizing of Remaining Skimmer				
					Orifice Factor	Orifice Area	Orifice Radius (in)	Remaining	Skimmer Size (in)	Orifice Factor	Orifice Area (in ²)	Orifice Radius (in)
SB-2	136,299	6	155520	1	5442	25.05	2.8	Single	Single	Single	Single	Single

Determining the Skimmer Size and the Required Orifice for the *Faircloth Skimmer*[®] Surface Drain

November 2007

Important note: The orifice sizing chart in the Pennsylvania Erosion Control Manual and reproduced in the North Carolina Design Manual **DOES NOT APPLY** to our skimmers. It will give the wrong size orifice and not specify which size skimmer is required. Please use the information below to choose the size skimmer required for the basin volume provided and determine the orifice size required for the drawdown time, typically 4-7 days in Pennsylvania and 3 days in North Carolina.

The **size** of a Faircloth Skimmer[®], for example a 4" skimmer, refers to the maximum diameter of the skimmer inlet. The inlet on each of the 8 sizes offered can be reduced to adjust the flow rate by cutting a hole or **orifice** in a plug using an adjustable cutter (both supplied).

Determining the skimmer size needed and the orifice for that skimmer required to drain the sediment basin's volume in the required time involves two steps: **First**, determining the size skimmer required based on the volume to be drained and the number of days to drain it; and **Second**, calculate the orifice size to adjust the flow rate and "customize" the skimmer for the basin's volume. *The second step is not always necessary* if the flow rate for the skimmer with the inlet wide open equals or is close to the flow rate required for the basin volume and the drawdown time.

Both the skimmer size and the required orifice radius for the skimmer should be shown for each basin on the erosion and sediment control plan. Make it clear that the dimension is either the radius or the diameter. It is also helpful to give the basin volume in case there are questions. During the skimmer installation the required orifice can be cut in the plastic plug using the supplied adjustable cutter and installed in the skimmer using the instructions provided.

The plan review and enforcement authority may require the calculations showing that the skimmer used can drain the basin in the required time.

Determining the Skimmer Size

Step 1. Below are approximate **skimmer maximum flow capacities** based on typical draw down requirements, which can vary between States and jurisdictions and watersheds. If one 6" skimmer does not provide enough capacity, multiple skimmers can be used to drain the basin. For drawdown times not shown, multiply the 24-hour figure by the number of days required.

Example: A basin's volume is 29,600 cubic feet and it must be drained in 3 days. A 3" skimmer with the inlet wide open will work perfectly. (Actually, the chart below gives 29,322 cubic feet but this is well within the accuracy of the calculations and the basin's constructed volume.)

Example: A basin's volume is 39,000 cubic feet and it must be drained in 3 days. The 3" skimmer is too small; a 4" skimmer has enough capacity but it is too large, so the inlet will need

feet ÷ 4,803 = 8.12 square inches of orifice required. Calculate the orifice radius using Area = πr^2 and solving for r , $r = \sqrt{(8.12/3.14)}$ and $r = 1.61"$. As a practical matter 1.6" is about as close as the cutter can be adjusted and the orifice cut..

Factors (in cubic feet of flow per square inch of opening through a **round** orifice with the head for that skimmer and for the drawdown times shown) for determining the **orifice radius** for a basin's volume to be drained. This quick method works because the orifice is centered and has a constant head (given above in Step 1).

1½" skimmer:	960 to drain in 24 hours	3,840 to drain in 4 days
	1,920 to drain in 2 days	6,720 to drain in 7 days
	2,880 to drain in 3 days	
2" skimmer:	1,123 to drain in 24 hours	4,492 to drain in 4 days
	2,246 to drain in 2 days	7,861 to drain in 7 days
	3,369 to drain in 3 days	
2½" skimmer: Revised 11-6-07	1,270 to drain in 24 hours	5,080 to drain in 4 days
	2,540 to drain in 2 days	8,890 to drain in 7 days
	3,810 to drain in 3 days	
3" skimmer:	1,382 to drain in 24 hours	5,528 to drain in 4 days
	2,765 to drain in 2 days	9,677 to drain in 7 days
	4,146 to drain in 3 days	
4" skimmer: Revised 11-6-07	1,601 to drain in 24 hours	6,404 to drain in 4 days
	3,202 to drain in 2 days	11,207 to drain in 7 days
	4,803 to drain in 3 days	
5" skimmer:	1,642 to drain in 24 hours	6,568 to drain in 4 days
	3,283 to drain in 2 days	11,491 to drain in 7 days
	4,926 to drain in 3 days	
6" skimmer:	1,814 to drain in 24 hours	7,256 to drain in 4 days
	3,628 to drain in 2 days	12,701 to drain in 7 days
	5,442 to drain in 3 days	
8" skimmer:	1,987 to drain in 24 hours	7,948 to drain in 4 days
	3,974 to drain in 2 days	13,909 to drain in 7 days
	5,961 to drain in 3 days	

J. W. Faircloth & Son, Inc.
Post Office Box 757
412-A Buttonwood Drive
Hillsborough, North Carolina 27278
Telephone (919) 732-1244 FAX (919) 732-1266
FairclothSkimmer.com jwfaircloth@embarqmail.com

Orifice sizing Revised 2-2-01; 3-3-05; 2-1-07; 11-6-07

Input Cells

Calculated Cells

Anti-Flotation Block Sizing Calculation

Basin ID	Riser Diameter (ft)	Riser Bottom Elev. (ft)	Riser Crest (ft)	Riser Volume (ft ³)	Riser Displacement Weight (lbs)	Anti Flotation Block Dimensions (ft)			Block Volume (ft ³)	Block Displacement Weight (lbs)	Block Weight (lbs)	FS	Result
						Width 1	Width 2	Depth					
SB-2	2.0	673.0	678.0	15.7	980	3.0	3.0	2	18.00	1,123	2,700	1.3	OK



Riprap Apron Outlet Protection Design (for minimum tailwater)

Structure ID	10-Year Storm Max. Flow (Q_{10} , cfs)	Outlet Pipe Diameter (d_o , ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	d50 Riprap Size* (d_{50} , in)	Maximum Riprap Size (d_{max} , in)	Apron Thickness (t, in)	Minimum Apron Length* (L_a , ft)	Width at Outlet (W_U , ft)	Width at End (W_E , ft)
SB2OUT	4.00	1.25	7.25	4.0	6.0	9.0	10	4	11

SB2 - Outlet

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.011	
Channel Slope	0.01540	ft/ft
Diameter	1.25	ft
Discharge	5.59	ft ³ /s

Results

Normal Depth	0.69	ft
Flow Area	0.70	ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	2.09	ft
Top Width	1.24	ft
Critical Depth	0.96	ft
Percent Full	55.2	%
Critical Slope	0.00614	ft/ft
Velocity	8.04	ft/s
Velocity Head	1.00	ft
Specific Energy	1.69	ft
Froude Number	1.89	
Maximum Discharge	10.19	ft ³ /s
Discharge Full	9.47	ft ³ /s
Slope Full	0.00536	ft/ft
Flow Type	SuperCritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

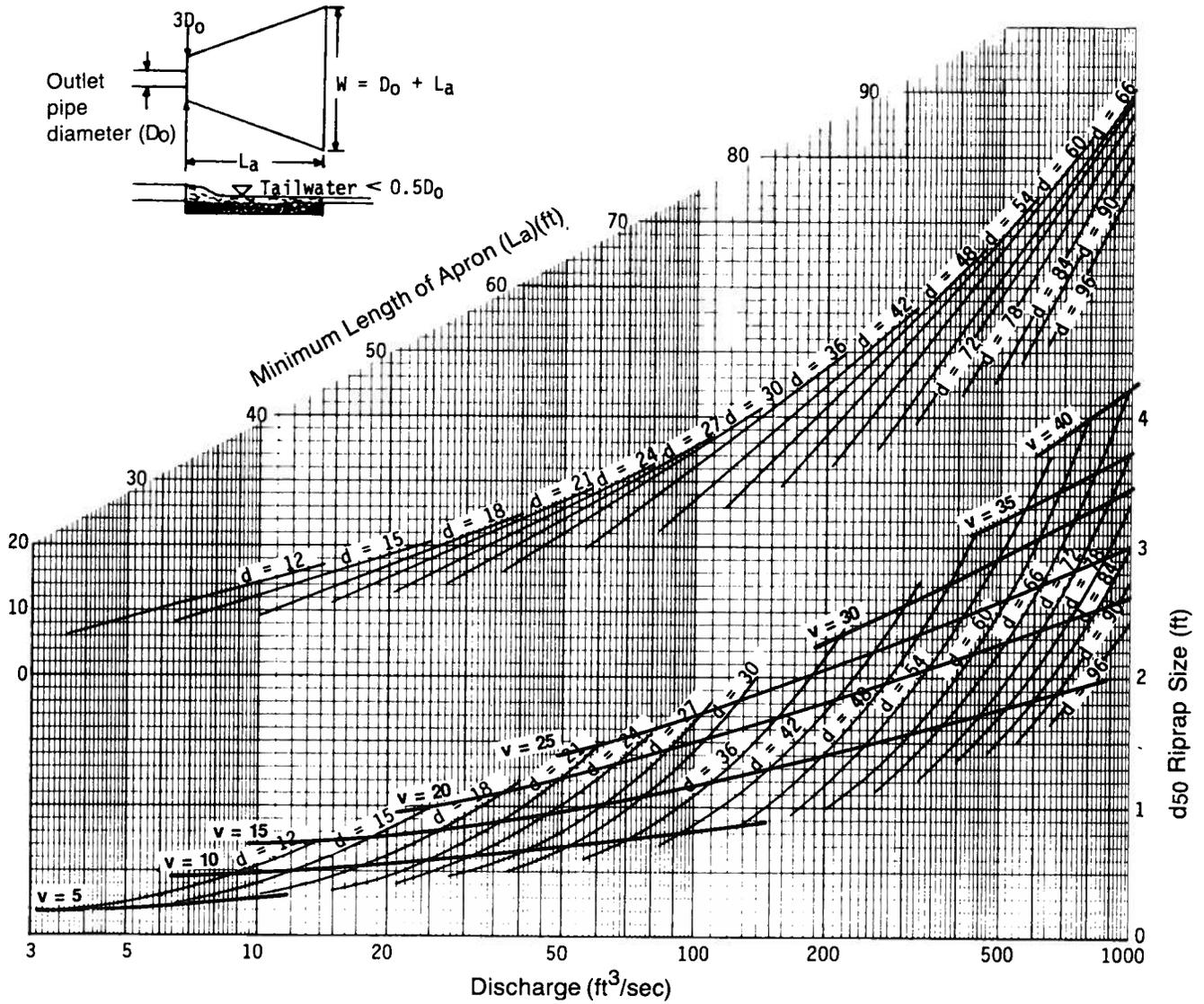
GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Average End Depth Over Rise	0.00	%
Normal Depth Over Rise	55.25	%
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s

SB2 - Outlet

GVF Output Data

Normal Depth	0.69	ft
Critical Depth	0.96	ft
Channel Slope	0.01540	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.00614	ft/ft



Curves may not be extrapolated.

Figure 8.06a Design of outlet protection protection from a round pipe flowing full, minimum tailwater condition ($T_w < 0.5$ diameter).

APPENDIX E: CLOSURE COST ESTIMATION SUMMARY

BROWN AND CALDWELL

E

Use of contents on this sheet is subject to the limitations specified at the end of this document.

CLOSURE CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE
BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.
Lake Norman Construction and Demolition Landfill
Stanley, North Carolina

Area Requiring Final Cover 31.77 acres 1,383,901 ft²
Total Property 117 acres

Cost Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Reference	2008 Cost Estimate
1.0 ENGINEERING, TESTING AND ADMINISTRATION					
1.1 Topographic survey	31.77	Acre	\$188	1	\$5,973
1.2 Boundary Survey for Affidavit	117	Acre	\$52	2	\$6,084
1.3 Closure Design	31.77	Acre	\$250	2	\$7,943
1.4 Development of Plans and Specifications	31.77	Acre	\$700	2	\$22,239
1.5 Construction Quality Assurance	31.77	Acre	\$3,575	2	\$113,578
1.6 Construction Administration	80	Hours	\$102	2	\$8,160
1.7 Admin. Cost for Certification of Final Cover and Affidavit to the Public	16	Hours	\$102	2	\$1,632
ENGINEERING, TESTING AND ADMINISTRATION TOTAL					\$165,608
2.0 CONSTRUCTION					
2.1 Final Cover System					
2.1.1 Mobilization	1	Each	\$3,630	3	\$3,630
2.1.2 Barrier Soil Cap Placement (18 inches)	76,883	y ³	\$5.39	3	\$414,402
2.1.3 Erosion Layer Placement (18 inches)	76,883	y ³	\$5.39	3	\$414,402
2.1.4 Passive Gas Vents	46	Each	\$2,175	2	\$100,050
2.2 Stormwater Management and Sediment & Erosion Control					
2.2.1 Seeding / Fertilizing / Mulching	31.77	Acre	\$1,500	4	\$47,655
2.2.2 Erosion Control Matting	10,434	LF	\$20	2	\$208,680
2.2.3 E & S and Stormwater Management Structures	1	LS	80,000	2	\$80,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$1,268,818
TOTAL CLOSURE COST					\$1,434,426

Reference:

- 1 - Bullseye Design Services, Inc. estimated 2008 costs.
- 2 - Brown and Caldwell estimated 2008 costs.
- 3 - Earnhardt Grading Contractor 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.
- 4 - Brown and Caldwell estimated costs and confirmed by Allied Waste site Environmental Manager.



POST-CLOSURE COST ESTIMATE
BFI - Lake Norman Landfill, Inc.
Lake Norman Construction and Demolition Landfill
Stanley, North Carolina

Area Closed 31.77 acres 1,383,901 ft²
Total Property 117 acres

Cost Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Reference	2008 Cost Estimate for 30 Year Period
<u>1.0 MONITORING / OPERATIONS</u>					
1.1 Site Inspections and Record Keeping (Annual)	1	LS	\$1,300	1	\$39,000
1.2 Site Monitoring					
1.2.1 Landfill Gas Quarterly Monitoring of 6 Probes	24	per year	\$69	2	\$49,680
1.2.2 Groundwater Semi-Annual Monitoring of 4 Wells	8	per year	\$438	3,4	\$105,120
1.2.3 Surface Water Semi-Annual Monitoring of 2 Locations	4	per year	\$293	3,4	\$35,160
1.3 Final Cover Maintenance					
1.3.1 Stormwater Management and E & S Control Systems	3	LS	\$1,600	1	\$4,800
1.3.2 Revegegtation	3	acre/year	\$1,300	5	\$117,000
1.3.3 Mowing	1	LS	\$1,590	5	\$47,700
1.4 Access, Security and Signage	1	LS	\$823	6	\$24,690
1.5 Corrective Measures (3 occurrences over 30 years)					
1.5.1 Monitoring Well Installation	1	LS	\$5,250	1	\$15,750
1.5.2 Engineering and Documentation of Repairs	1	LS	\$3,150	1	\$9,450
1.5.3 Groundwater Sampling	1	LS	\$1,050	1	\$3,150
1.5.4 Groundwater Assessment Report	1	LS	\$3,150	1	\$9,450
MONITORING / OPERATIONS TOTAL					\$460,950
<u>2.0 PROFESSIONAL FEES, MISCELLANEOUS</u>					
2.1 Professional Services	1	LS	\$575	1	\$17,250
2.2 Administration	1	LS	\$1,525	1	\$45,750
2.3 Labor for Miscellaneous Repairs	1	LS	\$1,225	1	\$36,750
PROFESSIONAL FEES, MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL					\$99,750
TOTAL 30 YEAR POST-CLOSURE COST					\$560,700

Reference:

- 1 - Brown and Caldwell estimated 2008 costs.
- 2 - SCS Field Services 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.
- 3 - Prism Labs 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.
- 4 - ASI Analytical Services 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.
- 5 - Coastal Landscaping 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.
- 6 - A-1 Fence Company 2007 costs adjusted for inflation.



309 East Morehead Street
Suite 160
Charlotte, NC 28202
Tel: (704) 358-7204
Fax: (704) 358-7205

May 30, 2008



Mr. Mike Gurley
Environmental Manager
BFI CMS Landfill
5101 Morehead Road
Concord, North Carolina 28027

135430

Subject: Update of Financial Assurance
Lake Norman Landfill

Dear Mr. Gurley:

Please find enclosed the final Financial Assurance update documents for the Lake Norman Landfill.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on this project. If you have any questions, please contact us at 704-373-7117.

Very truly yours,

BROWN AND CALDWELL

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Scott Baranowski".

Scott Baranowski

SDB:dm
Enclosures

BASIS FOR LAKE NORMAN LANDFILL
ALLIED WASTE INDUSTRIES, INC.
BASIS FOR FINANCIAL ASSURANCE UPDATE

1. **Final Cover System:** The total landfill area requiring final cover is 18.4 acres.
2. The inflation Factor is 1.029 based information posted on the NCDENR website. The inflation factor was used for some of the estimates as indicated in the attachment.
3. Tables contain notes that provide the source of cost estimates and unit costs. The topographic survey cost is based on an estimate from Bullseye Design Services, Inc., and earthwork construction unit costs are based on the Earnhardt Grading estimate. Quarterly monitoring of gas probes are based on an estimate from SCS Field Services, sampling costs are based on an estimate from Prism Labs, analytical and reporting estimates are based on estimates from ASI Analytical Services, Inc., mowing is based on an estimate from Coastal Landscaping, and access, security, and signs estimate is based on an estimate from A-1 Fence company and Brown and Caldwell assumed costs. The other estimates are from engineering design costs based on previous project history and estimates developed by Brown and Caldwell, 2008.

Summary of Financial Assurance Cost 2008	
Closure	\$439,096
Post Closure	\$560,529
Total	\$999,625



BROWN AND CALDWELL

**Table 1
CLOSURE
Financial Assurance Cost Estimate
Allied Waste Industries, Inc.
Lake Norman Landfill
Stanley, NC**

Area Requiring Final cover 18.4 acres 801,504 sq ft Total Footprint 31.3 Acres

Cost Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost Estimate (3rd Party Estimates)	Inflation Factor	2008 Total Cost
1.0 ENGINEERING						
1.1 Topographic survey	18.4	AC	\$188	\$3,459	---	\$3,459
1.2 Boundary Survey for Affidavit	31.3	AC	\$52	\$1,628	---	\$1,628
1.3 Site Evaluation	18.4	AC	\$102	\$1,877	---	\$1,877
1.4 Development of Plans	90	Hours	\$102	\$9,180	---	\$9,180
1.5 Construction Administration	40	Hours	\$82	\$3,280	---	\$3,280
1.6 Admin. Cost for Certification of Final Cover and Affidavit to the Public	16	Hours	\$102	\$1,632	---	\$1,632
1.7 Project Management, Construction Observation and Testing	18.4	AC	\$3,575	\$65,780	---	\$65,780
ENGINEERING TOTAL				\$86,836		\$86,836

2.0 CONSTRUCTION						
2.1 Final Cover System						
2.1.1 Soil Placement and Processing						
2.1.1a Mobilization	1	EACH	\$3,630	\$3,630	1.029	\$3,735
2.1.1b Barrier soil cap (18 inches)	44,528	y ³	\$5.24	\$233,327	1.029	\$240,093
2.1.1c Erosion Layer Placement (6 inches)	14,843	y ³	\$5.24	\$77,776	1.029	\$80,031
2.2 Sediment / Erosion Control Structures						
2.2.2 Seeding / Fertilizing / Mulching	18.4	AC	\$1,500	\$27,600	1.029	\$28,400
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$342,332	1.029	\$352,260

TOTAL CLOSURE COST				\$429,168	1.029	\$438,095.53
---------------------------	--	--	--	------------------	--------------	---------------------

¹ Estimate Bullseye Design Services, Inc. 1/2008
² Brown and Caldwell Assumed Costs 2008
³ Eamhardt Grading Estimate for Lake Norman 2007
⁴ Brown and Caldwell Assumed Costs and confirmed by Allied Waste site Environmental Manager



Table 2
POST-CLOSURE CARE
Financial Assurance Cost Estimates
Allied Waste Industries, Inc.
Late Norman Landfill
Stanley, NC

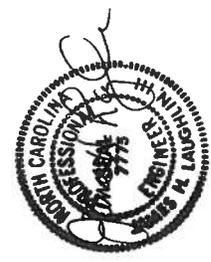
Post Closure Care Period
 Connective Action (over 30-year period) $\frac{30 \text{ years}}{3}$

Cost Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Annual Cost Estimate (and Party Estimate)	Total Cost for 30 Yr. PC Period	Inflation Factor	2008 Total Cost
1.0 MONITORING/OPERATIONS							
1.1 Bits Inspection and Record Keeping (Annual)							
Yearly inspections & Reporting	1	Lump Sum	\$1,300	\$1,300	\$39,000	---	\$39,000
1.2 Site Monitoring (Sampling, Analytical, Reporting)							
1.2.1 Landfill Gas Quarterly Monitoring of 6 probes	24	Sample/yr	\$67	\$1,608	\$48,240	1.029	\$49,639
1.2.2 Ground Water Semi Annual Collection & Analysis of 4 Wells	8	Sample/yr	\$425	\$3,400	\$102,000	1.029	\$104,968
1.2.3 Surface Water Semi Annual Collection & Analysis of 2 Points	4	Sample/yr	\$295	\$1,140	\$34,200	1.029	\$35,192
1.4 Cover Maintenance, Etc.							
1.4.1 Sediment Basin/Silt Fence Maintenance (Total of 3 occurrences over 30-year period)	1	Lump Sum	\$1,800	\$1,800	\$4,800	---	\$4,800
1.4.2 Revegetation	3	Acres/yr	\$1,300	\$3,900	\$117,000	---	\$117,000
1.4.3 Mowing	1	Lump Sum	\$1,546	\$1,546	\$46,360	1.029	\$47,894
1.4.5 Access, Security, & Signs	1	Lump Sum	\$600	\$600	\$84,000	1.029	\$84,886
1.5 Corrective Action Per Occurrence (Total of 3 occurrences over 30-year period)							
1.5.1 Monitoring Well Installation	1	Lump Sum	\$5,250	\$5,250	\$15,750	---	\$15,750
1.5.2 Engineering and Documentation of Repairs	1	Lump Sum	\$3,150	\$3,150	\$9,450	---	\$9,450
1.5.3 Groundwater Sampling	1	Lump Sum	\$1,050	\$1,050	\$3,150	---	\$3,150
1.5.4 Groundwater Assessment Report/Statistical Analysis	1	Lump Sum	\$3,150	\$3,150	\$9,450	---	\$9,450
MONITORING/OPERATIONS SUBTOTAL				\$27,863	\$403,980	1.029	\$409,779

Cost Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Annual Cost Estimate (and Party Estimate)	Total Cost for 30 Yr. PC Period	Inflation Factor	2008 Total Cost
2.0 PROFESSIONAL FEES, MISC.							
2.1 Professional Licensed Engineer Services	1	Lump Sum	\$675	\$675	\$17,250	---	\$17,250
2.2 Administration	1	Lump Sum	\$1,526	\$1,526	\$46,790	---	\$46,790
2.3 Labor Miscellaneous Repairs	1	Lump Sum	\$1,226	\$1,226	\$36,750	---	\$36,750
PROFESSIONAL FEES, MISC. SUBTOTAL				\$3,427	\$99,790	---	\$99,790
SUBTOTALS				\$31,291	\$503,770	1.029	\$509,570

30 YEAR POST CLOSURE CARE COST

Notes:
 1 Brown and Caldwell Assumed Costs 2008
 2 Estimate from BCS Field Services 2007
 3 Estimate from Priem Labs 2007
 4 Estimate from ASI Analytical Services Inc. 2007
 5 Estimate from Coastal Landscaping 2007
 6 Estimate from A-1 Fence Company 11/2007 based on Brown and Caldwell estimate that 10% of fence will need repair each year. Total fence is 500 LF based on information provided by Allied Waste site Environmental Manager.



APPENDIX F: POST-CLOSURE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

BROWN AND CALDWELL

F

Use of contents on this sheet is subject to the limitations specified at the end of this document.

APPENDIX F

POST-CLOSURE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

1. Site Security *(Inspect Monthly)*

Action	Action Completed	Comments
Condition of fences, gates, locks, etc.		
Evidence of vandalism (wells, vents, etc.)		
Evidence of penetrations (poles, posts, stakes)		
Evidence of human encroachment		
General site condition		

2. Final Cover System *(Inspect Quarterly and After Large Storm Events)*

Action	Action Completed	Comments
Final cover settlement		
Erosion damage		
Side slope downchute in operable condition		
Grass condition		
Removal of woody vegetation		
Evidence of wildlife intrusion		

3. Landfill Gas Venting System *(Inspect Quarterly)*

Action	Action Completed	Comments
Evidence of damage to wells or vents		
Differential settlement or cover subsidence		
Evidence of wildlife intrusion		
Gas Vents: unusual conditions or excessive methane		

4. Site Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control Systems *(Inspect Monthly and After Large Storm Events)*

Action	Action Completed	Comments
Culvert outfalls		
Channels / Terraces		
Sediment basins		