

Scanned by <i>BW</i>	Date <i>6/26/07</i>	Doc ID # <i>RCO-2565</i>
-------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------------

David Garrett & Associates

Engineering and Geology



June 15, 2007

Mr. Ed Mussler
Permitting Branch Head
Solid Waste Section
NCDENR – Division of Waste Management
401 Oberlin Road, Suite 150
Raleigh, NC 27605

**RE: Rock Blasting Report
BFI Lake Norman C&D Landfill – Phase 2B
NCDENR Solid Waste Permit #55-04 (Lincoln County)**

Dear Mr. Mussler:

This letter presents a report of observations made during the blasting of an estimated 5,300 cubic yards of rock exposed within the center of the proposed Phase 2B at the referenced landfill site. The blasting was conducted on June 7, 2007, attended by Mr. Brian Wootten of the Solid Waste Section (SWS) and myself. A map depicting relevant site features and monitoring locations is attached as **Figure 1**. Excavation activities at the site exposed a “pinnacle” of variably weathered grano-diorite that extended approximately 15 feet above the approved subgrade elevations, which required removal to facilitate cell drainage and orderly site operations. Light blasting was proposed for removing the rock in a blasting plan dated May 30, 2007, which was reviewed and approved by the SWS (B. Wootten) on that same date.

During our review of subsurface conditions (1998 S&ME report on file with the SWS), we determined that a test boring installed by others within approximately 100 feet of the exposure had revealed no rock within approximately 30 feet of the surface; this confirms that the rock body was relatively small and easily missed during the investigation. The 15-foot high exposure of rock-like materials appeared to be a “cap” or “pinnacle” of nested boulders of variable size, embedded in a matrix of soil and/or partially weathered rock. The rock exposure contained abundant soil seams that would have resulted in a low recovery and/or low rock quality determination (RQD) value, likely qualifying it as “partially weathered rock,” but larger particles contained in the exposure proved to be isolated occurrences of more competent rock.

5105 Harbour Towne Drive • Raleigh • North Carolina • 27604
919-418-4375 (Mobile) • 919-231-1818 (Office fax) • E-mail: david@davidgarrettpe.com

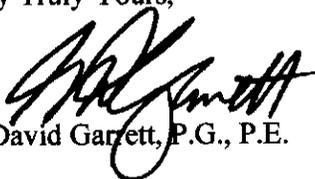
The rock was exposed during general grading of Phase 2B by Earnhardt Grading, Inc., (attempts were made at ripping with a D-8 dozer, or equivalent) and an exploratory drilling program conducted on a 50-foot grid pattern by Carolina Drilling, Inc. The top surface was surveyed by a licensed surveyor to provide an estimate the volume of rock above the proposed subgrade elevations. The Solid Waste Section was contacted to initiate the approval for removing the rock by blasting. **Figure 2** presents a map supplied by the surveyor depicting the top of rock contours and surveys of the post-excavation rock surface and final grades (with 4 feet of separation) on 25-foot centers. BFI decided to leave the rock approximately one foot above the approved subgrade and fill over the rock with compacted fill to provide 4 feet of vertical separation.

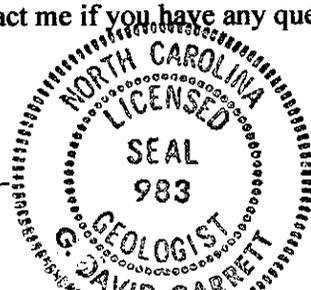
The blasting was conducted by Austin Powder Company, of Denton, North Carolina, in accordance with SWS guidelines for rock blasting at landfills. Prior to blasting, a series of shot holes was drilled on a 6-foot grid pattern, into which the charges were loaded. None of the shot holes encountered water. The shots consisted of ammonium nitrate-fuel oil delivered in bulk. Charges were limited to 30 pounds per shot. Delays were used to control and direct the blast energy up and out, so as to limit subgrade damage. Some rock-fly was observed during the blasting, but no ground vibration was detected at the observation site.

The shot was monitored by Sauls Seismic, Inc., using seismographs at two locations selected to monitor the nearest ground water monitoring well and the nearest practical location along the adjacent cell (see Figure 1). Seismograph reports (attached) indicate that peak particle velocities did not reach 1 inch per second at any of the monitoring locations during blasting. A visual inspection of the blast site immediately following the shot revealed no obvious veins, dikes, fissures or distinct linear features that extended into the subgrade. Based on the blast monitoring records, these observations and past experience, it is my opinion that the controlled blasting activities have not adversely affected the subgrade beneath any existing or future phases, nor has the blasting jeopardized the ground water monitoring systems.

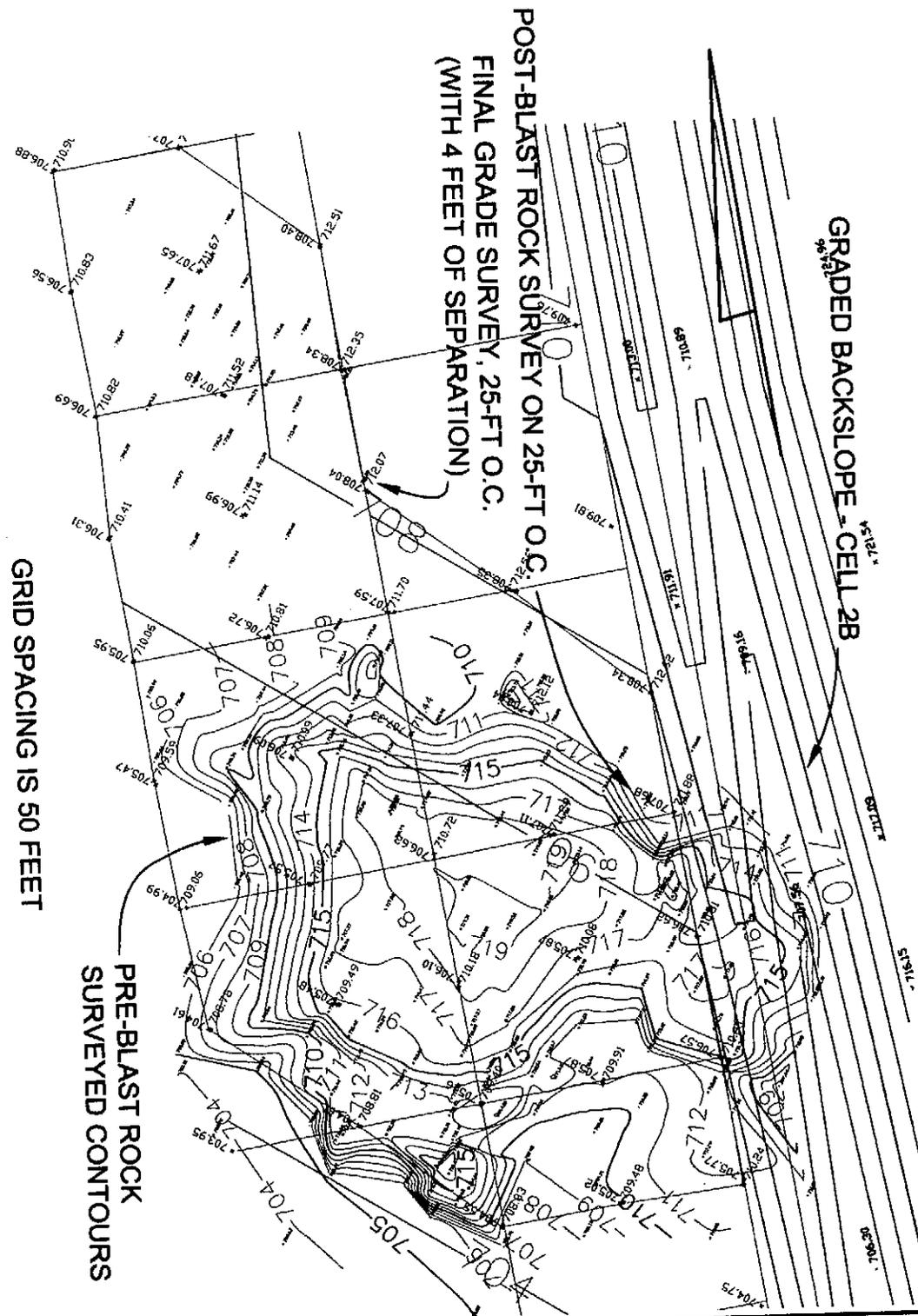
Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or require further assistance.

Very Truly Yours,


G. David Garrett, P.G., P.E.



cc: Mike Gurley, Environmental Manager, BFI/Allied Waste Industries
Brian Wootten, Hydrogeologist, NCDENR Solid Waste Section



David Garrett & Associates

Engineering and Geology

5105 Harbour Towne Drive, Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

Email: david@davidgarrettpe.com

919-231-1818 (Office and Fax)

919-418-4375 (mobile)

BFI/ALLIED WASTE INDUSTRIES
LAKE NORMAN C&D LANDFILL
ROCK DELINATION/REMOVAL
FIGURE 2

FILE NAME SITEMAPS.DWG

SCALE AS_SHOWN

DATE 06/15/2007

SAULS SEISMIC, INC. - Report

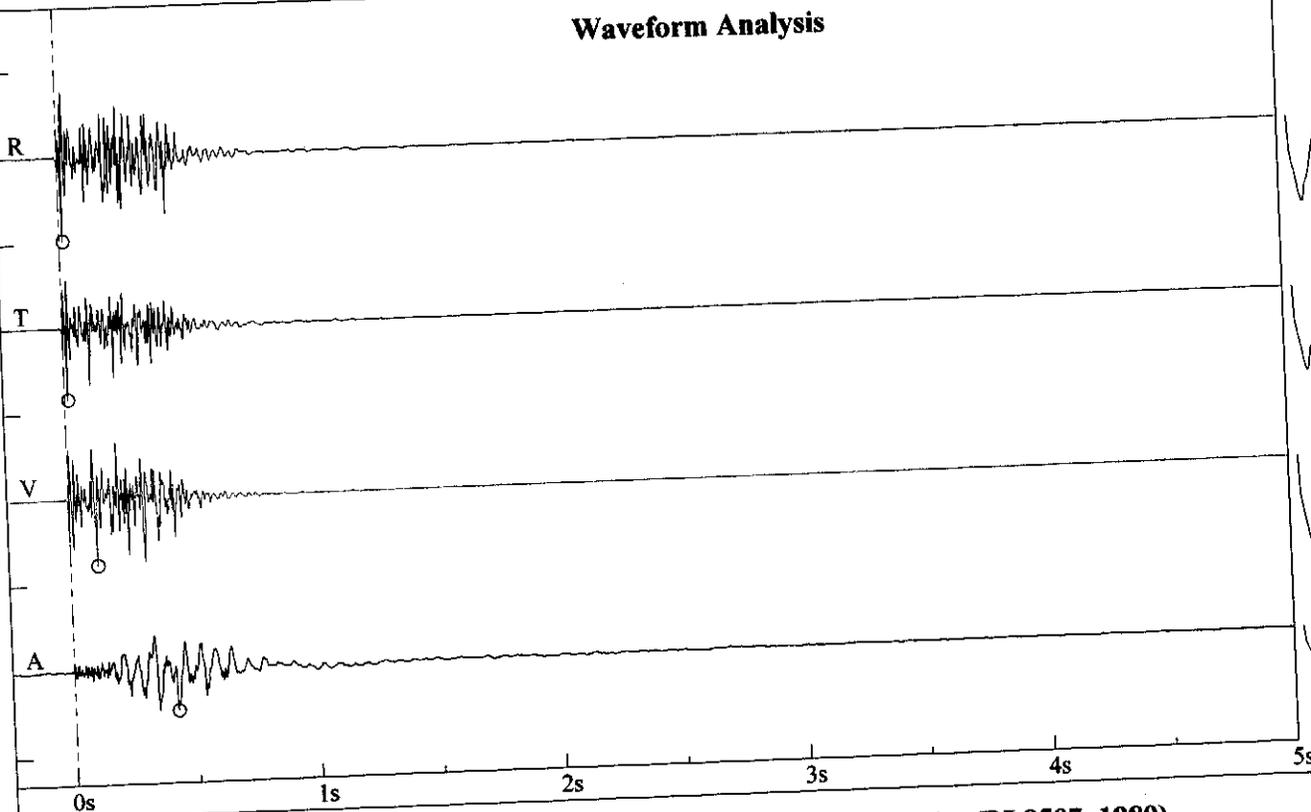
Telephone: 540-974-1029

Company: CAROLINA: BFI LANDFILL
Location: BERM N352615 W810050
Operator: JOHN MIKESH
Notes: SHOT LOC: N352615 W 810047

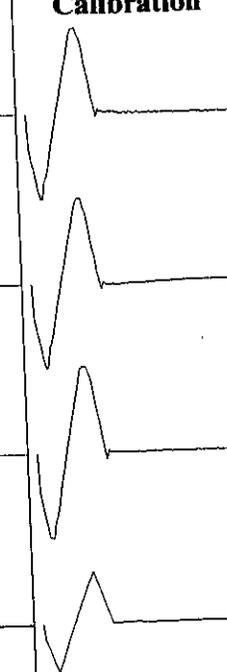
04-JUN-07 at 14:11:14 Event # 1
Graph: 4020
Last Calibration: 14JUL06
Record Duration: 5 sec
Sample Rate: 1024/sec

Amplitudes / Frequencies	Trigger >>> Peak	Scales / Triggers	Charge / Distance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Radial: 0.620 in/s @ 73.1 Hz ○ Transverse: 0.533 in/s @ 85.3 Hz ○ Vertical: 0.495 in/s @ 42.6 Hz ○ Air: 118 dBL @ 18.9Hz / .00221 psi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 14.6 ms 14.6 ms 112.3 ms 421.9 ms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Scale: .00461 psi/div. Seismic Scale: 0.64 in/s/div. Air Trigger (dBL): N Seismic Trigger: 0.05 in/s 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wgt. Per Delay: 30.0 lb Distance: 150.0 ft Scaled Distance: 27.39

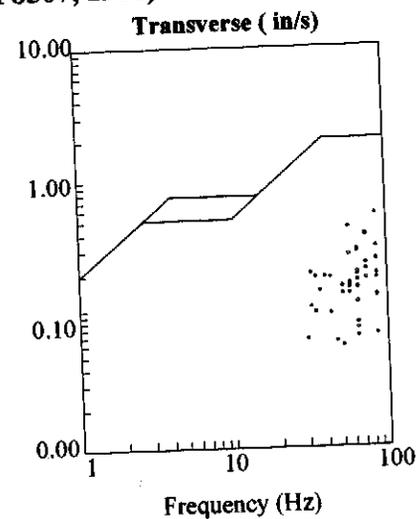
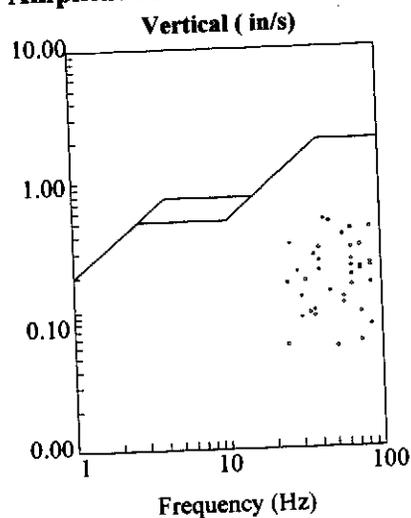
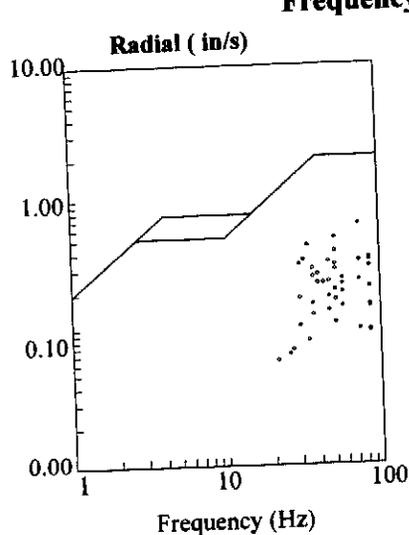
Waveform Analysis



Calibration



Frequency vs. Amplitude Plot - USBM Limits (RI 8507, 1980)



VIBRATIONS ANALYSIS REPORT

File name

NOMIS SEISMOGRAPHS
Tel: 205.592.2466

Unit #: NSS4001-2329

Date : JUN 04, 2007 14:11

Customer : BFI

Location : N352618.4 W810042.8

Company : CAROLINA DRILLING
Operator : JOHN MIKESH

Event # 044

Record time: 5.0 sec
Sampling rate: 1024 E/s
Number of points: 5120

Distance (Ft): 394.2

Charge per delay (lbs): 30.0

Scaled Distance : 71.97

VIBRATIONS

Amplification: 1 Trigger (T): 0.02 in/s Vector Sum (in/s): N

Channel	Radial	Transverse	Vertical
Velocity (in/s)	0.21	0.13	0.21
Frequency (Hz)	35.6	32.0	48.6
Acceleration (g)	0.145	0.017	0.142
Displacement (in)	0.0009	0.0008	0.0007
V/Max/Trigger (ms) *	593.8	491.2	405.3

ACOUSTIC

Amplification: 1 Trigger (dB) : N

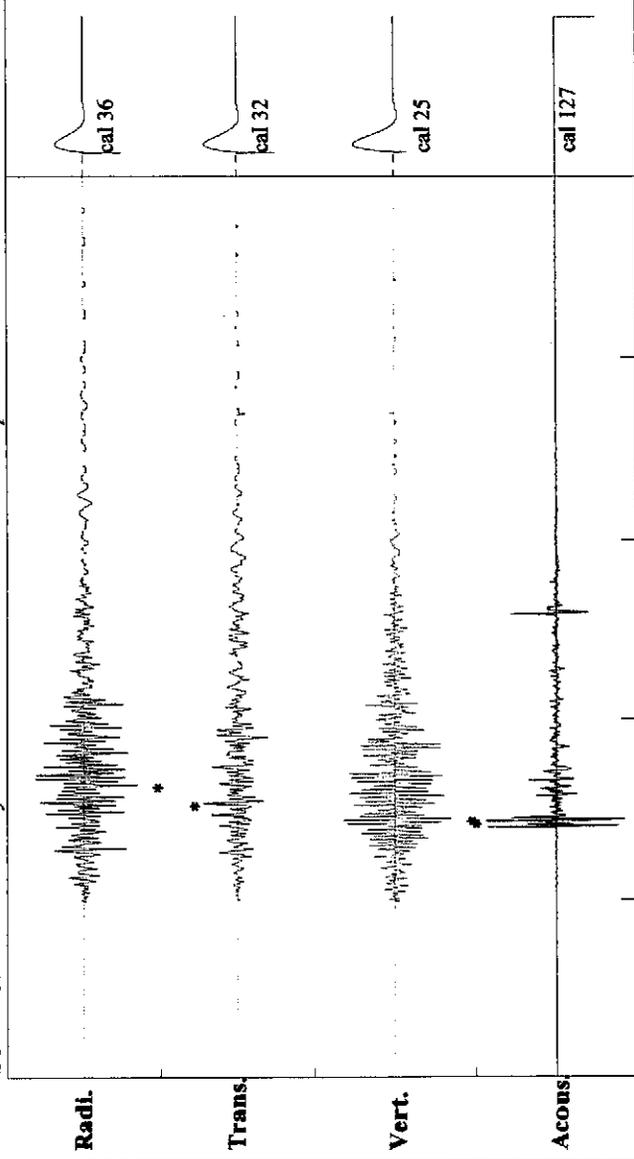
Parameters	Values	SMax/Trigger(*) :
Acoustic in psi	0.0257	390.6 ms
Acoustic in dBF	139.0	34.8 Hz

Comments :

» SHOT LOC: N352615.3 W810047.8

AMPLITUDE GRAPHS & FREQUENCY vs VELOCITY GRAPHIC

SCALES: Velocity: 0.3 in/s / division Acoustic: 0.03 psi / division



10

1

0.1

0.03

Velocity (in/s)

USBM OSMRE Limit

* Radial
□ Trans.
○ Vert.

10 100

Frequencies (Hz)

0 seconds

5.0 seconds