

Gary W. Ahlberg, P.E.
 Engineering & Consulting Services

Post Office Box 58
 Wilmington, North Carolina 28402
 Phone: 910.362.9800 FAX: 910.362.0407

April 16, 2004

Ms. Ellen Lorscheider, Hydrogeologist
 NC DWM - SWS Permitting Branch
 1646 Mail Service Center
 Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1646

RE: Addendum No. 1 to Site Application
 Westside C&D Landfill Site
 Wilson County, North Carolina

Dear Ms. Lorscheider:

In behalf of Wilson County, we have reviewed your comments regarding the Westside Site Application and offer the following information to clarify the issues noted in your March 18, 2004 letter to Mr. Steve Clayton and further support the Site Suitability decision. As most of the issues focus on hydrogeology and monitoring, Babb & Associates, P.A. has prepared the attached document for incorporation in this Addendum.

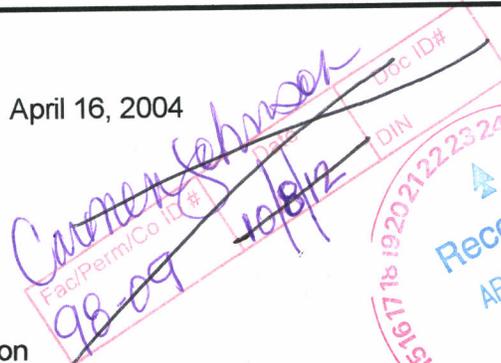
Seasonal High Water Table

Please refer to the attached document prepared by Babb & Associates, P.A. that further supports the findings of the hydrogeologic investigations. The Site Application includes the hydrogeologic data and characterization performed in August 2003 for the Permit to Construct investigation. No additional subsurface investigations are proposed for the Construction Plan Application.

Groundwater Separation

Section 5.3 presents the proposed Facility Plan, which describes the conceptual design for the landfill and presents the engineering features to be evaluated in the final design process. In the construction plan design process, the existing topographic conditions and conceptual base grades illustrated in the Facility Plan will be evaluated according to Section 5.3.3 of the Site report. According to the seasonal high water table defined by November 19, 2002 water level readings and mapped potentiometric conditions, the base grade elevations will be calculated to establish a 4.5 ft design separation above the groundwater.

As detailed in the settlement report by GNRA, a typical settlement of 0.5 feet across the footprint was calculated under a typical load condition. This calculation assumes equal loading of the waste mass at an equivalent fill height of 30 feet across the entire footprint. The fill height over more than



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60% of the footprint is less than 30 feet. Considering the peak height is only 20 feet higher, the selection of 30 feet as a typical load condition is greater than the average load. Based on the thickness of the foundation unit, the depth to the unit midpoint, and broad region subject to loading, it is reasonable to expect the stresses to be distributed equally across the footprint. Following the August 2003 geotechnical investigation, GNRA reviewed the additional data to check the results of the settlement analysis. In conclusion, GNRA noted that this calculation was conservatively based on Boring P-106, which exhibited the most compressible subsurface conditions of any of the site borings. Final review of the August 2003 data indicated that typical settlement of 0.5 feet under the worst case analysis was a valid conclusion for base grade design of the landfill.

Please call me to confirm receipt of this correspondence and discuss any additional questions you may have concerning site suitability.

Sincerely,



Gary W. Ahlberg, P.E.

cc: G. Steven Clayton, Wilson County
Gary D. Babb, P.G.
Pieter Sheer, P.E.
Jim Barber